is kind of work.

have you call in and let

PERTON

NE 203.

TINGS

ht Iron Pipe

SGOODS

His Hands When He Returns. thing we carry in stock PAIN'S INSULT MUST BE ATTENDED TO hitchall Street.

> weland Will Want Satisfaction for the Shooting of Bane.

> ANCE SHOULD BE CALLED DOWN

, the Netherlands and Denmark luding Our Products.

washington, March 13.-(Special.)-When Mr. Cleveland returns from his duck shootis he will probably find the whole of gurope on his hands, to take the place of congress, which he dropped just before his scation. He will find that he state department are such as to furnish occupation and food for thought for cally country now that this government has time to come. Austria is about the the harmony of our relations with ria is threatened.

Everything was all right with England up rday, but now the shooting of the urser of the English vessel at New Orleans as created a complication with St. James, The English are phlegmatic and better in-fermed as to our institutions than the Italus are and for that reason may be more vative in their actions than the Italan government was at the time of the Vafa riots in New Orleans when several hallans were killed. It was then held by the nt and the secretary of state and afterney general that in the absence of scall from the government, United States mops could not interfere and that the gueral government could give no guarantee of indemnity to foreigners for injuries sus-

remembered that the Italian

ment demanded this guarantee and

tic relations between the two coun

this case and whatever demands are

ted to the Louisiana authorities,

ratic entanglement resulting in the recall of the Italian minister and the breaking of

tries, Exactly the same question is present

nade by the British minister can only be

No doubt the British minister under-

ands the relations between the states of

union and the central government, bu

it the same time it may be deemed desira

he by the British government to make

ent shall assume the same respon bility for the protection of foreigners in

country that we insist upon from

the tring upon an American merchant

there by the Spanish gun boat off the

Aperican captain proves to be true, present

cast at the time of Mr. Cleveland's de-

ally not know of either of these events

will his arrival here. It is understood

at while Spain receded, in part at least,

four, the fact of her feeling compelled to

be United States, Moreover, there is a

boubles from the rebellion in Cuba largely

& American influence, and it is regarded

llanca was an act of wanton aggression.

sposed to explain by some excuses than

It is expected also that the question of

diation upon France and Germany for

acriminations against American products

Ill be just ripe for President Cleveland's

Bustis has not communicated to the state

department the reply of the French govern-

ment to his latest protest, but it is ex-

peoted that a communication from him

will be received within two or three days.

ideration on his arrival. A great deal de-

not satisfactory, something will have to

done. Whatever action is taken with

tion to the discriminations with France

des those things, there are abo

dent's return, either to get places for

ment Before the Supreme Court

agion, D. C., March 13.-The argu

oncluded today in a speech of three delivered by Hon, Joseph H. Choate

pterest in the argument has grown

wherest in the argument has grown day by day, as manifested by the extent and eagerness of the throngs that have nibered, and it reached a climax treasy with the close of the argument. Long before the hour of opening the court, the cordon leading to the chamber were filled with crowds anxious to gain admittance, but not half of them reached the desired feal. When Mr. Chante begun, at 12

When Mr. Choate began, at 13

ock, the continuation of his remarks in yesterday afternoon, he spoke in the sence of an audience that would have

a compliment to any orator in the lad. Besides the counsel engaged in the las and the members of congress who had strictly been in attendance upon the arment, there were present ex-Speaker beautiful and the latest the latest the latest the latest latest

Senator Mitchell of Oregon, Senator m of Illinois, Senor Gana, Chilean ster, and Anabel Cruse, his secretary

ment proceeded upon the anomalous that Mr. Carter, a democrat, advocat-ie right of the federal government to tate bonds, while Mr. Choate, a repub-

Mr. Choate spoke three hours, scores

Dectators standing during the whole and when he concluded the cases were altied to the consideration of the court, as stated that the argument of counsel the principles

be printed and furnished to the

on file, and then the next case,

legation, and a large number of ladies.

me tax cases, which ha

ed States since last Thursday

Concluded by Joseph H. Choate.

of the United States since last Thursday.

d New York, in support of the contention that the provisions of the law were uncon-

My hungry congressmen waiting for the

many, the Netherlands and Denmark.

INCOME TAX CASES.

turally have to be taken as to Ger

upon the nature of that reply. If it

eration on his return. Minister

apologize or make reparation for.

tion in that country to attribute the

her discriminations against American

reign complication which did not

for his vacation, and he will prob-

Woolen Mills

roads, Quarries, new and sec-

ITUTE

and CIGARETTE HABITS. lence strictly confidential.

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ne country.

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VOL XXII.

about which nobody seemed to care a cent, was called by Chief Justice Fuller, while the court was emptied of spectators. A decision in the case will doubtless b rendered before the court adjourns for the Mr. Cleveland Will Find All Europe on

TOOK THEM BY SURPRISE.

Governor Carr Sends Nominations to the North Carolina Senate. Raleigh, N. C., March 13.—(Special.)—This afternoon the governor sent the following message to the senate: "I have the honor to transmit for your approval and consideration the appointment of Thomas D.

Jones, of Buncombe, as judge of the criminal court circuit, composed of Buncombe,
Madison, Haywood and Henderson counties,
created by act ratified March 12th; and
Oliver P. Meares, of New Hanover, as judge of the circuit criminal court, com posed of Craven, New Hanover, Mecklen-burg, Vance, Warren, Robeson, Edgecomb and Halifax countles, created by act rati-fied March 12th."

This message was a bombshell among the fusionists. Governor Carr bases his action upon the onstitutional provision that, while the gislature may create criminal courts, he alone can nominate or appoint judges thereof. The senate took up the m in executive session. Only seventeen out of fifty senators, were present. The point of no quorum was made, and the matter was postponed until tonight. Only one democrat was present. He voted to confirm, while the sixteen fusionists opposed. The senate confirmed the nomination of Benjamin R. Lacy as labor commissioner. Attempt was made by the fusionists, strange to say, to abolish or grab this

Today's work for democracy was the greatest during the entire session. The fusionists were completely rattled. Speak-er Walser said he was astonished that the legislature's right to elect Edward and Cook, as judges of the above courts, had not been looked into before anything was

THE "DOUGLASS" LEGISLATURE.

The Name Given to the Last Session of the North Carolina Legislature. Raleigh, N. C., March 13.-The fusion legislature came to an end tonight at 11 o'clock. Very little business has been transacted since last night's high handed proceedings, as many members left for their homes this morning, and a quorum could not be obtained.

Several important bills which the fusion-ists intended passing, falled on this ac-count. Notably among those which could not be passed for the lack of a quorum were the bills providing for the putting of the pentientiary, the North Carolina railroad and the Atlantic and North Caro-lina railroad under the control of republican and populist directors.

The election of a populist state librarian

in place of the dem

ed for the same reason.

The session has been a stormy one and will be memorable for many reasons. It is already known all over the state as the 'Douglass legislature," and there is gen real rejoicing here that it has adjourned.

The Daily Caucasian, Senator Butlers
paper, suspends publication tomorrow. It
was started to report the proceedings of
the legislature but has failed to pay.

THE BONDS READY.

pared to Deliver Them. cout of Cuba will, if the statement of the J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. and Augus Belmont & Co., syndicate managers, that they are now prepared to exchange their full paid allotment certificates for the definitive United States 4 per cent bonds of 1925, upon presentation of the former at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. The coupon bonds of \$1,000 can be delivered at once if desired. Holders desiring registered or coupon bonds of smaller denominations must deposit their allotment certificates so did not increase her good will toward with the firm to be forwarded to Washington. They must also furnish particulars as to the denominations required, and in the case of registered names, in which the same are to be issued. Bonds in coupon settrely possible that the firing on the or registered form will be delivered at any subtreasury in the United States without

MANY JOBS IN IT.

The Indications Are That Tennessee Was to Be Robbed.

Nashville, Tenn., March 13.-(Special.)-The penitentiary committee heard only three witnesses today. The most interest ing testimony was by Representative King, my testimony was by representative king, who said he was satisfied that the specifica-tions were loaded, as they called for quar-tered oak walks in front of cells, affording a chance to make \$40,000. They also called for copper knees under the roofing, when ordinary wire could be used and fully \$20,000 saved by the contractors. He also told of information he had received at Knoxville to the effect that John Houk was to have been paid \$7,500 for delaying Commissione ing, who is his father-in-law, and causing him to miss the train the day before the bids were to have been opened, the pr sumption being that the parties alleged to have agreed to pay Rouk would have had some advantage through Young's absence. Commissioner McDowell later stated to the committee that the bids were not open the day originally set, because of Judge Young's absence, he having tele-graphed that he had missed the train. The bids were opened the next day when Judge Young was present. The committee will Judge Young tomorrow. The commit

The South Atlantic Fleet. Washington, March 13.—Secretary Herbert received a telegram this morning from Admiral Meade, reporting that the south Atlantic fleet had sailed for La Guayra, Venezuela. The itinerary of the fleet called for Curacca, Dutch West Indies, seventy-five miles from the coast of Venezuela, as the next stopping place, but, in wiew of the threatening situation in Venezuela and Colombia, it was deemed best to proceedirectly to South America. No addition ion as to conditions in these two countries has been received by the state or navy departments.

Professor of Chemistry. Columbia, S. C., March 13.—(Special.)—I is semi-officially announced that Silas J Duffle, of this city, has been elected to the chair of chemistry in the University of at Sewanee, Tenn., and will assume the duties of the position on April

The Regular Dividend. Boston, March 13.-The American Bell Telephone Company today declared its regular dividend of \$3 per share quarterly,

payable April 15th. No extra dividend. The Seventy-Fifth Ballot. the senatorial contest were taken today in the legislature. This brings it up to the seventy-fifth ballot. There was no change.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 13.—(Special.) G. E. McKenney & Co., trunk dealers and manufacturers, today assigned, naming A. C. Huise as assignee. The liabilities are

ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 14, 1895.

They Are on Duty, but Make No Arrests

POLICE TAKE IT EASY

NEW ORLEANS HAS A QUIETER DAY

The Exchanges Denounce the Shoot ing Which Occurred on Tuesday.

SCREWMEN DEFEND THEIR ACTIONS

They State That the Mob Was Compose of Sympathizers - The Cause of the Trouble Reviewed.

New Orleans, March 13,-The levee today presented somewhat of a holiday appear everything was quiet, and one would not be reminded of the turbulent events of the past few days were it not for the large number of police who have paraded the river front. These were seen in all sorts of occupa-

tions. Some were whitling sticks of wood with their knives others reading the newspapers and several were taking a quiet doze in obscure corners Apparently they were tired of levee duty and longed for the time when they will be able to return to their old districts, although where they are now nothing more is required of them than to show their brass buttons and blue suits. A striking feature on the levee today was the almost entire absence of negroes, and except for those who are members of the Screwmen's Union, not one could be seen. It was said in a jesting way by several screwmen that "a nigger wouldn't and it would seem such an opinion was not an erroneous one, as not a single negre appeared this morning at any of the vessels to begin work. The militia companies were not placed on duty on the levee this morning as it was at first proposed. They are all on duty, however, at their respective armories ready to respond to any calls at a moment's notice. Every one is anxious to know how the trouble will terminate. Many would have the militia called out so that the work on the levee may be resumed with negroes, while just as many wish matters to continue as now

work, The Governor Won't Talk. The governor is not disposed to discuss the policy that would be followed by the government in quieting the violent mobs, which have so thoroughly terrorized ored laborers on the levee. He does not think this the proper time for him to talk on the subject, although he said that it was always a pleasure for him to give representatives of the press all the news that he could,

until the white screwmen are given the

Relative to the rumor current that federal interference would be called for by the governor to assist in quieting the belligerent law breakers, he stated most emphatically that he had never for a mo ment considered such a proposition and that under no circumstances would he call upon the national guard, as the state was sufficient and able to protect the property

and lives of citizens, The governor could not be got to anything in a detailed way of the situation except that peace and the normal condiions of business interests would be restored at any cost or hazard,

An Address to the Citzens. At a meeting of the council of commercial bodies last night the following address was

"To the People of New Orleans-Acts of lawless violence that have been witnessed on the levee front during the past forty-eight hours, right on the heels of events overing many months, which have seriously injured the fair name of this city throughout the world, call for expressions on the part of the merchants of New Orleans. We have patiently stood interference from or-ganized labor which has cost us and the city and state many hundred thousands of dollars. With our pusiness drifting from us because of want of confidence elsewhere born of labor troubles and interruptions, we have quietly stood by, hoping against hope that we could, by moral sussion and fair offers, bring about a peaceful and amicable

"Every effort in this direction has failed. and we find that, mistaking our forbearance for fear, an armed mob has taken posses-sion of our wharves and landings deter-mined to uphold a minority who insist that the merchants of New Orleans shall entrus; the conduct of their business to them. It the conduct of their business to them. It is not a question of wages or compensation, but simply and solely one of whether the merchants of New Orleans shall conduct their own business in their own way, or whether they shall be dictated to by a andful of employes. We say handful ness methods are 2,000 of about 50,000 me adults of this city, 2,000 insist that the means of subsistence of 48,000 and their families shall be stopped unless they are allowed to dictate. "It is useless to enter into details. The

woman and child to need recital. The time has come when forbearance has ceased to be a virtue. We cannot longer treat men who, with arms in their hands, are shooting down an inoffensive people, because they will not think and act with them. For these reasons we say to these people that, cost what it may, we are determined that the commerce of this city must and shall be protected; that every man who desires to perform honest labor must and shall be permitted to do so, regardless of race, color previous condition; no man shall be terfered with in the pursuance of his daily avocation, and that we insist on the right of every employer to hire whom he right of every employer to hire w

may choose and have his work performed in such manner as he may direct. "We do not deny the right of workingmen to combine together for mutual protection or to stop work if they so choose, but we deny their right to prevent others from working, and we warn these men, who have taken the law in their own hands, that the conditions they have brought about must cease. We are willing to meet them amicably if they will return to peaceful nethods and accept work, according to all

A Talk with a Screwman. Mr. Edward McCubbin has been appointed by the white screwmen as their agent to make contracts with ship owners or agents for the loading of vessels at 35 cents a bale. He is a practical screwman and very readconsented to talk.

"Let me say first, before going into the inevitable that our proposition affords no ground whatever for opposition."

screwmen unreservedly condemn and sincerely regret the occurrences on the levee front yesterday. We recognize that such outbreaks are hurtful to our interest and we have sough by every means in our power to restrain our men from offering violence to the labor employed on the ships. We believe that the men who were guilty of shooting down laborers yesterday ought to be brought to fustice and ought to be punished, and we shall morally and otherwise support public order in all these troubles. But it is unjust to lay the blame or

the responsibility on the screwmen. We have a large number of sympathizers whose passions have been inflamed by the impor-tation of labor from other cities and the outbreaks of yesterday and the day be-fore are attributable to the feeling that has thus been engendered. But the screwmen, as a body and as an organization, or a large preponderance of screwmen as individuals, strongly reprobate the violence on the levee front and desire to see order

"The screwmen have offered to load ships at this port for 35 cents. The public is aware of that fact. When the cotton ex-change and commercial bodies appealed to us to do something toward effecting a set-tlement of the strike we conferred with the stevedores, in some cases men whom we when the steven our own ranks, and who are now in an independent position, with a view to perfecting some plan whereby all further trouble would be prevented. We were told by one of the stevedores that if we should send our committee to hi house he would dictate the terms unde which we should go back to work. So con temptuous a reply to our offer in the inter-est of peace we resented, and then we de-termined that we would enter the field against the stevedores as rivals for the business of loading vessels at this port, and we made our offer direct to the steamship agents. It has been repeatedly charged in the public prints, by commercial bodies and by ship agents, that the heavy charges at this port were driving commerce away, and that the screwmen were largely responsible for these excessive charges. Being convinced to the contrary, our proposition was made to the ship own ers in contemplation of doing away with the middle man, the stevedore, to a certain extent, knowing, as we did, that the sala-ries of stevedores helped to make the charges excessive. Since that proposition was made we have loaded ships and made some contracts, but we have found a very Fighting the Stevedores.

"And what is the reason for that?"
"Simply that the stevedores pay a rebate to ship agents which the agents would not enjoy if they were to accept our proposition." "It is currently reported on the street

that ship agents have been willing to give that snip agents have been willing to give work to the white screwmen, but the white screwmen declined to consent to the employment of stevedores."

"The proposition was made to us to take subcontracts from the stevedores. That we have emphatically declined to accede to, for the reason that we should be the losers and the stevedores and

losers and the stevedores the gainers, and the object we had in reducing our charges, that is, of reducing the port charges, would be defeated. Under such a plan the steve-dores would still continue to charge as much or pretty nearly as much as they are now charging for the performance of duties that are a tax on the commerce of the

"The stevedores have simply been in business to profit by the labor of the screwmen. Their work is confined chiefly to getting key berths for their ships. Key berths mean berths next the wharf, which have the effect of reducing the expenses of the stevedores somewhat in loading vessels. It happens frequently that a stevedore is not seen one entire hour about a ship that he is loading. His presence is unnecessary." "Would you be willing to make contracts

with the ship agents for loading at 35 cents and consent to a stevedore overseeing the "We should prefer not to have stevedore

oversee our work, but we are distinctly willing to have the ship agents appoint a representative to oversee-not to interfere with-our work.

Want to Dictate to the Agents. "The agents may send any expert they they pay such expert service out of their pockets. And when we say that we pro test against stevedores. I do not mean to convey the impression that such object is vital. We should be willing to wa it if we get direct contracts with the ship agents or ship owners or ship masters. So far as our work is concerned, we are pre pared to give solvent bond for its faithful and satisfactory performance, and we ar willing to make yearly contracts. No labor ers can perform the work of loading cotto in a manner superior to that of the men in the white secrewmen's association. Sin proposition we have loaded, or are Lawrence, the Marimar, the Akabar, the Geroni, the Ilos and the Heinrich. The contracts for some of these ships we made with the masters through Knoop, Frerichs & Co. Here is a certificate from the captain of the ship Marimar, testifying to the

'This is to certify that the Screwmen's Benevolent Association has stowed 1,86 bales of cotton on board the Marimar to my entire satisfaction.'
"We have similar certificates from other

"Have you made direct propositions to "Yes, sir; we cabled last night to the leading ship owners in Shields, Liverpool and London, making explicit offers to do the work of cotton loading at 35 cents on steamship, and offering to make regular contracts, with bond for satisfactory work We are hopeful of getting replies shortly to our telegrams." "Why have you made so large a cut in

your rates?" "Because we did not want to have to make a second cut. When we made the cut we realized that we were going into a bit-ter fight, because of the stevedores' opposition, and we determined to make our rate so low that it could not be met."

"And is there a profit in it?"
"At 35 cents, doing the work ourselves
we can pay our men between \$5 and \$6 day, have a surplus for the replacing o broken tools, take care of our sick, ou widows and orphans and besides declar

'In round figures a thousand."

"And are they sufficient to do the work?"
"Yes, by proper distribution of the men,
which is not done now under the stevedores. It frequently happens that there are me getting in each other's way now on some ships and not enough to do the work on others. We should avoid all such hindrances to rapid work. And besides that, we should to rapid work. And besides that, we should be willing to work days in seasons when there is a rush without any exera charge to the ship agents, our contracts standing, at 35 cents. It is not our purpose in this to shut out negro labor. There are a considerable number of skilled negro screwmen, and in carrying out our contracts we should employ them. But we will not undertake to employ men incompetent to do the work. We believe that when these facts are properly placed before the ship owners and submitted to the public, the conclusion will be

FEARS FOR A CRUISBR. A CHANCE FOR WAR

Uncle Sam Has Three Foreign Countries Madrid. March 13.-Anxiety for the safety

GRESHAM AND UHL ARE KEPT BUSY

Spain's Minister Volunteers an Explanation or Reparation.

to Settle With.

THE KILLING OF THE ITALIANS IS BAD

Their Country Has Not Recovered from the Feeling Over the Mafia Riot-England Has a Crow to Pick with Ua.

Washington, March 13.-The United States government finds itself today with the romise of three international complica tions on its hands, all of which have developed within the past twenty-four hours. No action of a positive character has yet een taken with reference to the reported firing on the American steamship Alliance by a Spanish war vessel. The Spanish minister, Senor Muruaga, called upon Acting Secretary of State Uhl this morning and informally gave assurance of prompt explanation and reparation if wrong had been done. The protest and complaint written by Captain Grossman, of the Allianca, to Secretary of State Gresham, which was published in newspapers this morning, arrived in Washington by mail today and reached Acting Secretary Uhl at the state department this afternoon. After a consul tation with Secretary Gresham, Mr. Uhl, as acting secretary, sent a telegram to Captain Grossman in New York, asking for further particulars. It is expected that Captain Grossman will send by mail full de-tails. Until then nothing can be done, and the merits of the case are involved in the question as to whether the warship had the that she was conveying aid to the insurgents, and the further question whether granting the right of the Spaniard to orde her to heave to, Captain Grossman was justified in imperiling his ship by not obeying.

The killing of Italians of Walsenberg Col., is regarded as a most unfortunate sequel to the Mafia riots in 1892, which for a time caused the withdrawai of the Italian minister from the United States and a leave of absence to our minister at Rome, and was only adjusted by the voluntary payment of a large amount of damages by the United States.

Sir Julian Pauncefote Communicates

Washington, March 13.-The international the shooting of Purset Bane, of the British steamer Engineer, has resulted in the exchange of messages between Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, and the state department, and of telegrams between the state department and the governor of Louisiana. Yesterday afternoon the ambassador made complaint to Acting Secretary Uhl, of the state department, that a British subject had been shot by rloters at New Orleans, and Mr. Uhl sent the following self-explanatory dispatch to Governor

"Department of State, Washington March 12, 1895 .- His Excellency, the Governor of Louisiana, Baton Rouge, La.: The British ambassador represents to this department that, according to advices from the British consul at New Orleans, there were continued disturbances along the purser of the British ship Enginee was shot in the head. The agent and captain were asking for protection. The crew state that they are in danger of their lives. A meeting of consuls will be held there at 12 o'clock today. The ambassador desires to know the present situation and what measures have been and are being taken for the protection of life and prop-EDWARD F. UH

"Acting Secretary of Sta Governor Foster's Answer. This morning Mr. Uhl received the folowing answer from Governor Foster, which was probably written after midnight "New Orleans, La., March 13, 1895 .- The

Hon. Edward F. Uhl, Acting Secretary of State, Washington, D. C.: Your dispatch repeated from Baton Rouge reached me here tonight. Rioting occurred along the wharves here this morning. On my arrival this evening I find everything on the surface quiet. Vigorous steps are being taken by the municipal and state authorities to vent a recurrence of violence and to afford full protection to life, property and commerce. I am satisfied that the crew of vessels are in no danger. The purser of the steamship Engineer was shot while on the wharf during the riot, and I am not atisfied that his identity was known. The grand jury are now investigating the whole matter.

MURPHY J. FOSTER,

Protection Asked for Italians. The Marquis Imperali, first secretary o the Italian embassy, called on Acting retary Uhl at the state department this morning and presented a dispatch saying that four Italians had been killed by a mob at Walsenburg yesterday. The marquis did not file a formal complaint, but merely asked the federal government to take steps to secure the safety of other Italians. Mr. Uhl promised to do so, and sent a tele-gram to the governor of Colorado asking what measures had been taken to insur-compliance with the request of the Italian government After the telegram was sent news of the killing of another Italian at Walsenburg was received by Mr. Uhl. To these causes of international trouble, the serious wounded of the British Purse Bane at New Orleans and the still interruption of British commerce with that port add a third difficulty of no slight di-mensions. All of them will demand the president's attention on his return.

Commerce Is Paralyzed. tween the department of justice and the United States district attorney at New Orleans are made public They are as fol-

"New Orleans, March 12.—To Attorney General, Washington, D. C.: The loading and unloading of foreign vessels in our port is suspended all along the river front, owing to mob violence against labor er on same. Some laborers have been killed and many wounded, and the purser of the British steamer Engineer also seriously wounded. Interstate and international commerce is virtually paralyzed Some of the vessels in port carry the United States mail. The police were powerless. State

Continued on Second Column, Second Page. | for several years.

A Spanish Ship Probably Lost with

of the cruiser Reina Regente has grown rapidly today, and this evening it is feared generally that she went down with her 420 souls in the storm which swept the south coast on Sunday night and Monday morning. Dispatches from Gibraltar say tha pieces of a boat and several semaphore flags belonging to the cruiser came ashore at Ceusta and Tarifa this afternoon. The cruiser Isla de Luzon has left Algeiras to

search for the missing vessel. A dispatch from Tanglers says that the Reina Regente left that port in bad weath er. The Reina Regente was a steel decl protected cruiser of 4,900 tons displacemen and 12,000 horse power. She was launched in 1887, and was a sister ship of the Alfonso XIII, and the Lepanto. Her speed was 201/2 knots per hour.

Defective Flue Is Supposed to Have Caused the Fire.

Parsons, W. Va., March 13.-A fatal fire, in which three persons lost their lives and ville, six miles north of here, at 1 o'clock this morning. The dead are:

'SQUIRE CORLEY. EUGENE SISSON

HOMER COLLETT. The following were severely and probably fatally burned: J. K. Williams, James Junkins, Jacob Confer and William Wilson. The burned building was II. D. Junkins's hotel. The fire started in the local and is supposed to have originated from a defective flue. The flames spread so rapidly that the guests had scarcely any time to escape. The watchman was awakened by the smoke and fire, and made haste as best he could to give the alarm. Fifteen of the guests managed to reach the windows and then jumped to the ground, receiving but slight injuries. The three men burned to death probably never awoke, or if they did were immediately suffocated. The fire were immediately suffocated. The fire caused most intense excitement and the sad affair has cast a gloom over the community, as those burned to death and those badly injured were all well-known citizens. The loss will reach \$3,000; no insurance.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

The Western Newspaper Union and Kansas City, Mo., March 13 .- A fire which destroyed over \$300,000 worth of property in an hour broke out this afternoon in the four-story building at 410 West Fifth street, occupied by the English Supply Company, dealers in engines, supplies and wrought

The wind was blowing a gale and the flames were carried to the top of the five-story brick building north of the English building, occupied by the Western News-paper Union and the Great Western type paper Union and the Great Western type foundy building. Both buildings were prac-tically destroyed. In the foundry was a great quantity of type and type material, besides cylinder presses. The Western Newspaper Company printed "patented in-sides" for 200 western weekly newspapers and employed a big force, The loss in this building alone will exceed \$75,000. The Eng-lish building was owned by the Kersey ish building was owned by the Kersey Coates estate and the destruction of the building and contents involves a loss of \$250,000. It is estimated that a little more than half of the loss in covered by insur

THE BOOKKEEPER LEFT.

and \$25,000 of the Soap Botlers' Mor

ey Has Gone with Him. Chicago, March 13.—For more than seventeen years Charles A. Sturges was head bookkeeper and cashler for Proctor & Gambookkeeper and cashler for Proctor & Gambookkeeper and cashler for Proctor & Manual March 18, 21 Michigan ble, soap manufacturers, at No. 31 Michigan avenue. Today he is a defaulter and fugi-tive from justice. The exact amount of his defalcation will not be given out by the firm whose money he took, but it is said the figures will not fall short of \$25,000. His peculations, which extend over a period of seven years, were discovered three weeks ago and on February 28th he made a full confession to Samuel Faulkner, manager of the Chicago branch of Proctor & Gamble's

THE BOYS AT THE INSTITUTE. They Are Being Treated for Hydro-

New York, March 13.-John Davis, twelve New York, March 13.—John Davis, twelve years old, Willie Davis, six years old, and Willie Anderson, six years old, the three boys who started from their homes, Macclenny, Baker county, Florida, yesterday morning to New York to be treated for a dog bite, reached Pasteur institute at 4:25 o'clock in charge of Mr. Appel S. York, who accompanied them on their long journiey The train on which the boys came was an hour late and did not reach Jersey City until 3:30 o'clock. At the ferry they City until 3:30 o'clock. At the ferry they were met by an attendant sent by Dr. Gibier from the institute. As far as could

Gibler from the institute. As far as could be told from general appearances the boys are in good condition

This afternoon Dr. Labadie, Dr. Gibler's assistant, said the report that Johnny Davis showed symptoms of the rables must have been exaggerated, as no symptoms of hydro phobia are ever manifested sooner than fifteen days after the bite is received.

The boys were inoculated this evening.
All stood the ordeal well.

MAD DOGS ARE AT LARGE.

Baker County, Florida, Overrun with Them-A Little Boy Badly Bitten. Jacksonville, Fla, March 13.—Near Mac-elenny, Fla, today Colquitt Stone, a little boy, was badly bitten by a rabid dog, Macclenny is in Baker county, in which an epidemic of rables is prevailing. There are said to be fifty rable dogs now running at large and there is great alarm among the people, Only last week Johnnie and Willie Davis and Willie Anderson, little boys, were bitten by one of these dogs. These three boys are now in New York receivare borne by The New York Recorder

A Colored Hotel Servant Has His

Throat Cut with a Hatchet. Alken, S. C., March 13.—Bland Watson, a colored man who was in the employ of the Steadman house, was found murdered in his bed this morning. His head and

throat were fearfully cut with a hatchet Watson slept in the basement and his body was discovered by the cook. A bloody apron in the possession of Jane Wilson has led to the arrest of herself and Tom Prince, her husband, on suspicion ner's jury will not render a ver-

Charged with Embessiement. Charged with Embesslement.

Hartford, Conn., March 13.—Louis A.

Tracy, secretary and teller of the Security
Company, was arrested this morning, charged with having embezzied \$3,700 for the
company. He was locked up and will be put
to plead in the police court tomorrow. It
is claimed that by bogus checks and memoranda he has embezzied nearly \$10,000.

Tracy has been secretary of the company
for several years.

THROUGH THE HEART

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Burwell Symmers, of Columbia, Shoots Himself, but No One Knows Why.

THE DEAD MAN WAS A BOOKKEEPER

His Accounts Are Straight and He Was a Faithful Employe.

NO REASON GIVEN FOR A SUICIDE

The Affair Is Enveloped in Mystery-The Young Man Stood Well, and Always Appeared Cheerful!

Columbia, S. C., March 13 .- (Special.)-One of the most lamentable tragedies in the history of this city occurred at 3:10 o'clock this afternoon. The doors of the Carolina National bank, located on Main street, in the very heart of the city, and of which W. A. Clark is president, had been closed for the day. The officers were finishing up their work preparatory to leaving when a shot was heard in the rear, where there is a bedroom occupied at night by J. C.

The officers thought that some telegrath nessengers were shooting firecrackers in the back lot and paid no attention to the shot. A minute later Joe B. Bell, a clerk, went to Templeton's room and glancing in saw young Burwell Symmers, bookkeeper of the bank, lying across the bed. Bell ran forward and gave the alarm.

Symmers was stone dead, lying on his back, his feet on the floor and his clothes unbuttoned. Near his right hand lay the pistol, with one of the five chambers empty. A bullet hole was in the boy's body to the left of the diaphragm. Examination showed that the bullet had penetrated the lower lobe of the heart and driving its way straight through, had lodged immediately under the skin of the back. Dr. Talley was promptly summoned, but, of course, could

At 4 o'clock Coroner Roach impaneled a jury, which very soon reached the ver-dict that "Alfred Burwell Symmers came to his death by a wound from a pistol in his own hands, but whether fired accidentally or intentionally we do not say." Young Symmers was twenty-four years old last August and had been with the Carolina bank for five or six years. His father was the late George Symmers, a native of Scotland and a leading merchant here in his lifetime. His mother, Mrs. Jessie Symmers; his sister, Mrs. B. T. Williamson, now on her bridal tour in Florida; two brothers in New York, one a professor in Manchester Medical college, England, and a fourth who lives here, survive

Many people believe that the self-inflicted wound was accidental. Symmers was an admirable bookkeeper, his books are absolutely straight and his haoits were most exemplary. "I can conceive of no motive for suicide," said Colonel Wille Jones, the cashier of the bank. One hour before his death he wrote a note to a friend requesting him to obtain an article which he would need in the future, which would indicate that at that time he had no thought of self-destruction. It is supposed that he went into Templeton's room, noticed the pistol, picked it up out of curiosity and that

it was accidentally discharged. Symmers was of a retiring disposition of high strung, sensitive temperament and friends were few but to them and to his family he was genial and affectionate. Two weeks ago he suffered a severe attack of grip and it is surmised that if the shooting was intentional, it may be attributable to physical and mental depression, which me of his friends had observed resulting from it. But at breakfast this morning. and throughout the day, he was in a cheer ful frame of mind; in fact, he had at no time appeared despondent. The Symmers family stands very high in Columbia and the keenest sympathy is felt for its mem-

It seems that every afternoon he has been going out on his wheel for a jaunt in the country. He always took the pistol with him, and always "broke" it, to see if it was loaded. He had already rolled his wheel out and had put his trousers clamps on. It is probable that when he went to break the pistol he caught the double

Heavy Fog and the Engineers

Could Not See 10 Feet Ahead. Charleston, S. C., March 13.—There was a collision between passenger train No. collision between passenger train No. 52 and freight train No. 86 at Monck's Corners this morning. The freight had arrived at the station and was running into the siding when the passenger train dashed into it. There was a very heavy fog at the time, and the trainmen could not see ten yards in advance of their engines. Both of the engines were pretty badly broken up, but none of the other cars were in-jured. The only person hurt was Express Messenger Adams, who had his head pain-fully bruised. Both engines lost their piots and the stack was knocked from one of them. The track was cleared by 2 'clock p. m. and trains were going through,

FLORIDA'S EXHIBIT GROWS. President Plant Orders His Building

Increased in Size.
Tampa, Fla., March 13.—(Special.)—Colonel D. H. Elliott, of the Plant system, was in own today, and, when seen by The Contitution correspondent, said: "The deman stitution correspondent, said: "The demand already made on us for exhibit space at the Atlanta exposition will necessitate the building of an addition. Besides, President Plant has already ordered the exhibit etters from agents of our road manifest lng much interest and showing a healthy rivalry as to who will make the best ex-hibit." Colonel Elliott goes to Barhfbit." Colonel Elliott goes to Bar-tow Saturday to meet the peo-ple of Polk county, who have already appropriated \$1,000 for a county exhibit, and tood to be Dr. Inman, of Winter Haven,

THERE WILL BE NO STRIKE. There Will Be an Adjustment of the

Difference Today. New Orleans, La., March 13.—Wise counsel has at length prevailed, and there will be no strike of the street car employes of this city. This statement is given out tonight by the leaders of the employes. Tomorrow, it is understood, there will be a final effort to adjust the differences existing between the company and the men. Just how this will be done is not yet decided. MURDERERS TRACKED BY A DOG

More Italians.

His Scent Appeared to Be Unerring-The Miners Are Well Armed and Are Greatly Excited.

Denver, Col., March 13 .- Mob. rule has reigned among the miners in the coal camps of Huerfano county since Sunday night and seven of their victims—all but one Italians—have been riddled with bul-lets from the mob's Winchesters. Four of the Italians were killed from ambush yes-terday while being taken as prisoners in a wagon to jail at Walsenburg, after a cor-oner's commitment for complicity in the murder of Abner I. Hiven a temperance murder of Abner J. Hixon, a temperance saloon keeper at Rouse. An American boy who was driving the wagon was uninter tionally killed by the fusillade of bullets.

miners and citizens af Walsenburg gathered outside the jail where two of the Italians were confined, got inside by a pretense and killed both the prisoners. It is reported that the same mob, thristing for more bloodshed, later took out of jall a German charged with rape and killed him During the excitement two other prisoners

The names of the dead so far as known e as follows: JOSEPH WELSBY, boy driver of the

prisoners' wagon.

LORENZO DANINO, killed in jail. He beat Hixon to death.

PETE JACOBINI, killed in jail.

he road are unknown.

Five other suspects had been released from custody before the mob rose. All of them lived at Rouse, where the Italians far outnumbered the Americans.

Governor McIntyre telegraphed the state department at Washington that he had in-structed the sheriff of Huerfano county to give him particulars and protect the Italian miners from further mob violence He stated in his dispatch that from the in-formation he believed the Italian miners were American citizens, but he was not certain. He further stated that militia nearest the scene could be forwarded at

ight he received a meager report from Sheriff O'Malley, who said two were killed on the road, the others escaping. He has instructed the sheriff to call for assistance, if necessary, in doing his duty, A repor from Walsenburg tonight states that thre of the Italians who were being brought here from Rouse escaped, their names being given as Antonio Bobetto, Stanislo Vit-tano and Franciesco Rosetti. It is also stated there were eleven Italians in the

Today's attack upon the fail was the resul of the extreme excitement provoked by the vengeance of Hixon's friends. Three other Italians, who were in custody as possible accessories to the murder of Hixon, were overlooked by the mob.

The massacre of the five men from am-bush was evidently well planned with the exception of the killing of the driver. Four of those killed had been held for trial by coroner's jury. It is openly asserted Welsby's death was accidental.

In order to be certain that the fifth Italian held for Hixon's murder should not escape, the mob today did not stop to identhe two prisoners found in the jail ed both with rifle balls.

notive for the murder of Hixon is the ubject of much speculation. The deceased was thirty-six years old and a native of Arkansas and was not of an aggressive or quarrelsome disposition. It is thought he was attacked last Sunday while on the road from Walsenburg to Rouse, a coal camp six miles distant, and knocked from his horse by a blow on the head. Workmen going to the Rouse mine discovered Hixon with his skull fractured. The injured man was unconscious and died two hors later. There was absolutely no clue to the perpetrators of the crime, but T. J. Brower, pit poss at the coal mine, solved this difficulty, Hastening to his home he secured a trained bloodhound and put him on the scent. The dog struck a trail that led the pursuers to the rear of a saloon half a mile away. The intelligent brute rushed to an old table standing in the rear room, An examination of the table revealed fresh blood stains, no and Jobatto Antoni were found in the room, were immed ately arrested. The dog continued to a neighbor-ing cabin where Pete Possetta and Frank Aurico were found. The quartet of Italians knowledge of the murder and upon close questioning the names of five others impli-cated were divulged, Danino was charged with being the chief conspirator. Horsemen scoured the surrounding coun-

Horsemen scoured the surrounding country, and by 4 o'clock in the afternoon all the suspected Italians were under arrest and lodged in jail, where they remained until called to attend the inquest.

After the attack on the wagon party, all was comparatively quiet until soon after midnight. About that time seven or eight men, wearing masks, knocked at the door of the jail where Lorenzo Daniono, who was charged by the other Italians with having struck the blow that killed Hixon on Sunday, and the Italian wounded in the wagon attack were confined.

In answer to a question the men said O'Malley, the sheriff, wanted to enter. As soon as the door was opened the guard found guns in their faces. Part of the masked men then went to the cell where the two Italians were confined and fired eight or ten shots. Each prisoner received four or five bullets. One died instantly, but

four or five bullets. One died instantly, but the other lived a short time in great agony.

They Were in Mourning. Petersburg, Va., March 13 .- J. M. Newcomb, who was a leading grocer here, and who was supposed to have been drowned by falling from the steamer Alabama, of the Bay line of steamers, last September, while on its trip from Baltimore to Nor-folk, is still alive, a letter to that effect having been received here tonight by Mrs. Newcomb, his wife. The missing man is at his brother's, E. B. Newcomb, who re-sides at Greensboro, N. C. His family were all in mourning for him, supposing him to be dead.

Appetite

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you will find the loss of flesh will stop. Then you will commence to put on fat. Why is this? It is because the Guaiacol destroys the poisonous Bacteria present in the blood and the stomach; in other words, gives Nature a chance.

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T. A. SLOCUM CO., NEW YORK.

POLICE TAKE IT BASY

Continued from Fifth Column, First Page.

troops have taken no part up to this time to quell the riot No arrests have been made Will wire further particulars.

"F. B. EARHART,

"United States Attorney."

To this the attorney general replied:
"Washington, March 12.—Earhart, United
States Attorney, New Orleans: Do not understand why the state authorities are not national commerce would resume its opera-tions. Application to state authorities ought to be made and be denied or be un-successful before the United States takes OLNEY. "Attorney General."

THE SPANISH MINISTER TALKS. He Says the Statement Published in

the Papers Are Misleading. Washington, March 13.—The Spanish minister, Senor Muruaga, cabled the governor general of Cuba today for information regarding the firing upon the American steamer Allianca by a Spanish gunboat, on the Standard At a late the morning of the 8th instant. At a late hour this afternoon no answer had been re ceived. Senor Muruaga assumes that the captain of the gunboat has not as yet had an opportunity of making his report to headquarters. an opportunity of making his report to headquarters. When it is received its sub-stance will be at once telegraphed to the legation here.

Senor Muruaga feels that the statements below that use it is the time statements by the statement of the American newspapers to-day are somewhat misleading and he be-lieves that when the other side of the story is printed it will put the matter in a different light. He ridicules the sugges ion that the action of the Spanish captain n firing upon the Allianca was an riendly nature and the Spanish captain. ne says, must have felt justified in pursuing the course he did, as will do shown later.
"The Allianca," continued Senor Murua

ga, "was running through the windward passage between the keys, taking the hort cut to the Atlantic. Captain Gross man says he was fully six miles from shore. Maritine law in such cases does not compute distances at sea from the mainland, but from capes and promontories. This was the contention of the United States in the dispute with Great Britain in Behring sea, and it was allowed. It will be seen, I think that under these circumstances Contention of the United States in the dispute with Great Britain in Behring sea, and it was allowed. It will be seen, I think that under these circumstances Contentions of the United States of the States o hink, that under these circumstances Cap tain Grossman was not six miles fro Cuban shores. Cuba is full of exciteme vatching for vessels carrying arms and re-nforcements to the insurgents. In these circumstances closer attention is paid to unknown vessels nearing our shores than would be ordinarily the case. So far as know, this is all there is to say about it."

The Governor's Proclamation.

New Orleans, La., March 13 .- Governo 'oster's proclamation was issued about 4 clock this afternoon. It commands all isorderly and riotous bodies to disperse, njoins all law-abiding citizens to abstain from frequenting places where disturbances of the peace are likely to occur, and from all acts caculated to excite the public ind. He declares that, as chief executive roper officers of the law, the participants the recent riots are brought to justice and punished to the full extent of the and that, if it takes the whole powe law and disperse and suppress all riotous and disorderly assemblages, and protect all persons in the full enjoyment of their stitutional and legal rights-their lives

THE ISLAND IS WORRYING THEM. The Royal Commission Decides That

Further Powers Are Needed. Madrid, March 13.—The Imparcial's corespondent in Havana sends this dispatch 'On March 10th a force of 150 soldiers met

"The royal commission, after a conference with Captain General Calleja, has decided that further powers are needed for the protection of lives and property on the island; also, that the captain general be empowered to grant amnesty to all insur gents who surrender themselves to the au gents who surrender themselves thousand thorities. Many friends of the insurgent cause were arrested Monday in Havana, a large quantity of small arms

are growing, and the end of the revolt is thought to be at hand. Costa Rica and San Domingo have again assured Spain of their neutrality.

Dispersed the Insurgents.

Havana, Cuba, March 13.—The military commander of the province of Santiago de Cuba reports that Colonel Santocildes, while proceeding on March 10th with a hundred men en route for Bayamo, received information that there were 400 armed rebels in the vicinity. Colonel Santocildes attacked the band of rebels at Guantanamo, within sight of Bayamo. The firing lasted two hours, the rebels being dispersed with a loss of fifty killed and wounded. The government side had six men

THE HOME GOVERNMENT REFUSES.

Will Not Extend Assistance to Com-

mercial Houses. London, March 13 .- A parliamentary paper has been issued giving the correspon dence between the authorities of Newfoundland and the British government in regard to the financial crisis in Newfoundland. The paper contains a request from Sir J. T. N. O'Brien, governor of Newfoundland, for aid in procuring a loan of \$1,000,000, together with a warship and the appointment of a royal commission for the province. Lord Ripon's reply to these requests says the home government will do nothing in the matter until the commission has made further inquiries. Other requests are made by the Newfoundland govern

ment as follows:
That the home government sanction the issue of treasury notes; that they pass a bill guaranteeing a certain value to all bank notes; that they give assurance that the London government will not meddle with the constitution, and that they guar-

ante £20,000 yearly for a quarter of a century as interest on the colony's bonds.

The home government, in reply, refuses to give the assurance asked, and declines to assume the guarantee, on the ground that self-governing colonies should not look to the imperial government for aid in financia affairs. However, Lord Ripon writes, the government would dispatch a commissioner government would dispatch a commissioner to Newfoundland to relieve actual public distress, from the treasury funds, but they

HOUSES BLOWN DOWN A Storm Shakes Up the People of an Alabama Town.

Eufaula, Ala., March 13 .- (Special.)-A de structive wind and rain storm raged near Louisville, Ala., this morning, sweeping fences, trees, residences and outhouses in its course. Mr. Phil McRae's house was blown down. His smokehouse was destr ed, and most of its contents were injured.

Mr. W. A. Hagle's storehouse was brown
to pieces, his goods scattered in every direction, and many valuable papers and
some cash were lost. His millhouse was also unroofed and considerably damaged.
The houses of Mr. Robinet and Mr. Warren Baker were also partly blown down and were badly injured. The extent of the dam age cannot be ascertained, but it must be great. One person—a colored man—was se-

Dawson, Ga., March 13.—(Special.)—A heavy rain last night washed the lands

STEAMER AND SHIP COLLIDE. A Large Hole Is Knocked in the Steamer's Side.

Mobile, Ala., March 13.—(Special.)—The forwegian steamship Fulton, Captain acobson, from Bocas del Toro, was in collision with the British ship Austria this afternoon, just off the mouth of Mobile river. At the time the Fulton was coming up the channel and the Austria was going down. The former was under good headway, and when fifty yards from the Austria, swerved from her course and crashed into the Fulton's port, damaging the sailing ship to the eitent of several thousand dollars. A large hole was broken in the iron port of the Fulton. The steamron port of the Funton. The scame ened to one side and began to set-vly, the water pouring in over the Just as Captain Jacobson was to lower the boats, the vessel righted and was finally Lot under contro The Fulton had a cargo of bananas. Cap tain Jacobson reports no new development at Boeas.

A SAD ACCIDENT.

A Boy Unintentionally Shoots and

Kills a Worthy Negro. Marion, Ala., March 13.—(Special.)—A dis-tressing accident occurred near here a few days ago. Ingraham, the fourteen-year-old son of Mr. R. M. Foster, was out hunting when he came upon John Underwood, a worthy negro, and three of his sons. They were trying to run a rabbit out of his burrow, which had two openings. Young Foster joined in the sport, and guarded one opening with his gun while Under wood took his position at the other. The rabbit ran out at the negro's opening, and the white boy turned quickly at the shouts of the negroes. Just as his gun got in range of the negro man it discharged, the load striking him in the back of the head and tearing his head to pieces. The boy is almost frantic with distress over the sad accident. Underwood's sons make sad accident. Underwood's sons make statements as above, and attach no blame whatever to young Foster.

Colony of Pullman Unemployed

Will Establish One in Alabama. Montgomery, Ala., March 13,-(Special.)-Mr. P. Syd Jones, division passenger agen Louisville and Nashville railroad has returned from New Orleans, where he peen in consultation with representa tives of ex-Pullman Car Company employes, who were seeking for a suitable location of a colony of some 150 families. Mr. Jones brought them to Alabama and showed them several favorable locations along the line, one of which they selected. snowed them several havorable locations along the line, one of which they selected. Exactly what place they selected has not been disclosed, but it is said to be on the line of the Louisville and Nashville, at or about the junction of Conecuh and Escambia counties. It is stated the colonists will be considered and the colonists will be considered as the colonists will be considered as the colonists. incorporate a nice little town at once.

NEGROES WILL RUN A TICKET.

They Announce Their Purpose to Put

Up Candidates at Selma. Selma, Ala., March 13.—(Special.)—The seliticians of the city were thrown into a great deal of excitement today by the announcement that Pompey Stone, a negro grocery store keeper, would run against Marcus J. Meyer, the democratic nominee in the approaching election. Stone told The Constitution's correspondent that if the reinated him, which they will on he would make the race. The republicans will also put up a negro candidate for councilman in each ward.

One Who Was Not in It. Auburn, Ala., March 13 .- (Special.)-The preliminary investigation of the charge against Mr. Dave Flanagan, of this place, for participating in the shooting a few nights ago with the cadets of the college, was heard yesterday before Judge Robinson 10 of the college, was heard yesterday before Judge Robinson 10 of the college, son in Opelika. No evidence was produced going to connect him in any way the riot. It was clearly shown tha accused was 600 yards away at the company with the two marshals of the town and three other witnesses. He was discharged by the judge without argument

from either side. A Bridge Washed Away.

Elba, Ala., March 13.—(Special.)—The ridge across Pea river, at this place, was carried away yesterday morning. The sudden rise in the river and the pressure of collected on the upper side of the taining several persons en foute to court at Elba was on the bridge at the time of the catastrophe. The conveyance and its occupants were thrown into the stream but all parties contrived to reach the abu ment in time to save their lives. Steps will be taken immediately to rebuild the bridge,

Will Try to Win Again.

Montgomery, Ala., March 13.—(Special.)— The meeting of the Montgomery True Blues last night, to consider the question of en-tering the proposed Memph's prize drill, was attended by only some thirty members owing to the exceedingly disagreeabl weather. The universal sentiment favored entering the contest, but final action in the matter was postponed until a full meeting can be had later in the week.

Killed His Consin. Selma, Ala., March 13.—(Special.)—News reached the city today of a killing at Dixle a few miles up the Southern rail-way. The particulars are very meager. It seems that a man named Davis was advan ing on a son of Frank Martin, whose given name could not be learned. The young man picked up a shotgun and blew Davis's brains out. Davis died instantly. There is nothing known about the origin of the

difficulty, The men were cousins. Appointed Commissioner. Birmingham, Ala., March 13.-(Special.)-Ignatius Green, of Tuskaloosa county, yesterday afternoon received his appoint as a United States commissioner for the northern district of Alabama. His appointment was made by Judge Pardee, of the circuit, and Judge Bruce, of the district

This morning Mr. Green qualified in Cler N. W. Trimble's office. He is well known in Birmingham. He is a republican.

Huntsville Items. Huntsville, Ala., March 13.—(Special.)—Dr. Hawthorne, of Atlanta, delivered his new lecture on "Courage and Its Counterfeits," to an immense audience at the First Bap-tist church Monday night. More than 1,000 persons heard his dedication sermon at

persons heard his dedication sermon at the First Baptist church Sunday and were delighted with it. At a late hour Monday night the adjusters and builders agreed upon the amount of loss sustained in the Huntsville Female college fire of January 8, 1895. The policies were paid in full by drafts on the various companies, aggregating \$20,000. The furniture, library and chemical apparatus were insured for \$9,500, which was paid a few

Governor Oates in Washington.

Washington, March 13.—Governor Oates, of Alabama, is in Washington en route to New York on business for his state. of Alabama, is in Washington en route to New York on business for his state. Governor Oates has been authorized by the Alabama legislature to make an exchange of state bonds with a view of securing a lower rate of interest. He has no definite plan regarding the matter, but will simply make an outlook of the situation there. Alabama bonds, he says, were at a premium. Governor Oates gave an interesting history of the financial affairs of his state and said it had a record to be proud of.

CAME TO GEORGIA.

Mr. D. P. Robins, Aged 65, and Mrs. J K. Farmer, Aged 28, Married Here.

JUSTICE LANDRUM'S SLEEP DISTURBED

Bigham Refused To-Mr. Robins Is a Man of Determination. Shortly after 11 o'clock last night Justice S. H. Landrum was surprised to hear loud knocking on his front door. He jumped

He Married the Couple After Rev. M.

from his bed and went to the door to see what was wanted. "Let us in, judge," exclaimed a feminine

"How's that?" asked the justice. "I want to get married," supplemented

nasculine voice. "You can't get married here," replied the judge, "so you'd better go somewhere else." But the exigencies of the case were pre sented to him in tones of supplication by the bridegroom, and finally Justice Lan drum said, "Wait a minute," and left the door. A few minutes later he reappeared bilnking his eyes in the blinding light o a lamp which he carried in one hand. He led the marriage party into his parlor and

there performed the ceremony.

The contracting parties were D. P. Rob ins, aged sixty-five, a wealthy mill owner of Walhalla, S. C., and Mrs. Julia K. Farmer, of the same place, though formerly of Georgia.

The two came to Atlanta last night a 9.30 o'clock, in company with a brother of Mrs. Farmer, and went to the Commercial hotel, on Loyd street, where they regis-tered. Mr. Robins announced his inten-tions. He stated to those who greeted him that he had come to the Gate City for the purpose of marrying Mrs. Julia K. Farmer. Some one suggested that a license could be secured in the morning.
"No," answered Mr. Robins, in a jolly

"I came to Atlanta to get married, and I'm going to get married to-

Accompanied by a friend, Mr. Robins got into a hack and drove to the residence of ordinary Calhoun, who was quietly sleep-ing, little suspecting that his dreams were to be so soon disturbed. Always willing to assist in a wedding, Judge Calhoun hastily donned his clothes and went to the courthouse, where he gave the password to Night Watchman Johnson and entered

his office.

Doomed to Disappointment.

Doomed to Disappointment. As soon as he secured the license Mr. Robins returned to the Commercial hotel, where his soon-to-be bride was awaiting his coming. A gentleman and lady at the hotel consented to go with them to the parsonage of Rev. R. J. Bigham, pastor of Trinity church.

Bigham was soon in conversation with the groom and learned that Mrs. Farmer had been divorced from her first hysband. He told Mr. Robins that he could not perform the ceremony. This was unexpected and the groom was placed in a quandry. He was determined to carry out he first programme. It was suggested out his first programme. It was suggested by one of the party that all go to the residence of Justice of the Peace Landrum. This was done, with the result already told Why They Come Back.

According to the explanation of Mr. Rob-ins, after he and Mrs. Robins returned to the hotel, where an informal reception was held, they came to Atlanta to get married because Mrs. Parmer was divocced. The laws of South Capplina prohibit the marrying of a divorced man or woman.

Determined that nothing should stand in
the way, Mr. Robins and Mrs. Farmer came

to the Gate City.
"My wife died in October, 1893," said Mr. Robins last night, "and I ujst begin to feel miserably lonesome, so I've married again." The happy couple will probably remain in the city a few days and then go west

WANTS TO WIN HIS WAY.

Jananese Student Leaves the Naval Academy to Fight for His Country. Washington, March 12.—Secretary Herbert today issued an order for the release from the naval academy of Takasaki, a Japauese cadet, who desires to engage in the war with china and incidentally get the benefit of the rapid promotion now taking place navy. If Takasaki rei to the United States within a reasonable time he will probably be allowed to resume his present status at the academy and con-tinue his studies there.

Asks for a Receiver.

Chicago, Ill., March 13 .- A bill has been filed in the superior court asking for the appointment of a receiver for the State IIu-tual Life Insurance Company. The cumpany is one whose officers—ex-Governor Beveridge, president, and S. M. Biddison, secretary—were held by the postal authori-ties several months ago on the charge of conducting a lottery, or rather using the mails for lottery purposes. The complainant in the bill is Nils Anderson, who holds a number of the "annuity contracts" which are issued by the company. Anderson al-leges that the scheme of the company is illegal. He also charges that the company is insolvent, and asks that a receiver be

titled to receive them, Killed by a Falling Tree. Birmingham, Ala., March 13.—(Special.)—A horrible accident occurred at Irondale

esterday afternoon. As a result little Marvin Wood, the nine-rear-old son of Mr. B. F. Wood, lost his Marvin Wood and Solly Quinn, a boy

about his own age, were gathering wood for the house of Martin's father in the forest a short distance from Martin' The boys decided to cut down a pine tree about seven inches in diameter, long and straight. It was a dead pine with not a

When it fell the Wood boy was crushed. The Entrance to Savannah Harbor. Washington, March 12.—Captain Meliss, of the lighthouse board, has issued an amended order as to Venus point range light, entrance to Savannah, Ga., harbor.

It reads:

"Notice is hereby given that 'Notice to Mariners, No. 37,' relating to Venus Point range lights, entrance to Savannah, Ga., harbor, is hereby rescinded on account of error. The minimum mean low water channel depth across Tybee knoll is seventeen and two-tenth feet, instead of thirteen feet, as given in 'Notice to Mariners, No. 37.'"

Until further notice the Venus point range light will be continued. But notice will be given when the new channel is

will be given when the new channel properly marked.

They Were Liberated. Minneapolis, Minn., March 13.—Both George Grindall and Maggie Wachter, the witnesses for Harry Hayward, who were arrested on the charge of perjury, have been liberated because the grand jury has decided not to indict them. It was believed that conviction was impossible on the exidence submitted. the evidence submitted.

Bank Officers Indicted. Bank Officers Indicted.

Chicago, March 12.—The federal grand jury indicted yesterday on charges of embezzlement, Henry Wells, E. Hill, John Austin and E. T. Paul, the first three officers and the last one director of the defunct Evanston National bank. Paul is the only one in this vicinity at the present time. The aggregate amount alleged to have been embezzled is 34,500. HE DESERVES A LONG TERM.

Russell Convicted of Distributing Indecent Pictures and Literature. Jacksonville, Fla., March 13.—Edwin B. Russell, who claims to be a regular corre-spondent of The New York Home Journal, spondent of The New York Home Journal, was convicted at Orlando today of distributing vile literature and lewd pictures. He was said to be guilty of an unmentionable offense, but as there was no law in Florida covering the crime he was tried on the above named charges. Russell claims to be from New York and says has traveled considerably. He claims an intimate acquaintance with Bishop Potter, Elbridge Gerry and J. Pierpont Morgan, of New York; William C. Doane, of Albany, N. Y., and Bishop Starkey, of Newark, N. J. He wanted a continuance in order that these men might be summoned to testify in his behalf. Russell also claimed an acquaintance with Gladstone, the archbishop of Canterbury and several Italian pishop of Canterbury and several Italian cardinals, and said he had been presented

o Queen Victoria.
The evidence against Russell was co clusive, but it cannot be published. He wilkely be given a long term in the penite tiary. He has been spending the winter Orlando and cut quite a swath in society.

KILLED IN HIS ROOM. An Assassination Committed at Aiken

Alken, S. C., March 13 .- (Special.)-Washthis morning. The woman in the case supposed to be the wife of Tom Prince who is in jail charged with the murder. The general belief is that he is guilty, but he has cleverly covered his tracks, and may escape justice unless further and may escape justice evidence can be secured.

WRIPPED AND ORDERED TO GET. Another Follower of Fred Donglass

Gets Into a Serious Scrape. Jackson, Miss., March 13.—(Special.)—A respectable white girl, whose name cannot be ascertained, received a love letter from a negro preacher, known as General Johnson, in Pankin, county, were down as general Johnson, in Pankin, county, were as described as the second of the second son, in Rankin county, several days ago men gave Johnson a terrible thrashin. He begged not to be hung. Some of the negroes favored this, but yielded to the party contented itself with using a strap on Johnson's bare back. Johnson was or dered to leave the country, never to re

But a Woman's Screams Frightened Them Away.

Huntington, Ind., March 13.—This morning the outer door of the time-lock safe in Wasmuth & Son's bank, at Roanoke, Ind., was blown off with dynamite. The explosion awakened Charles Regedang. He went out into the street, and was ass ed by three masked men. His wife lower and her screams aroused town. The robbers were chased in a buggy to Sheldon, eleven miles distant. Here the safe blowers deserted the rig, which was stolen from a Roanoke livery barn, and escaped in a dense wood. Officers are on the track, and expect to run the mer down today. The cracksmen secured no

W. H. Taylor Arrested in Vera Cruz, Mexico, by Pinkerton Men. Tampa, Fla., March 13 .- W. H. Taylor, defaulting treasurer of South Dakota has been arrested at Vera Cruz. Mexico by Pinkerton men. W. A. Pinkerton, who this case under special super vision. The line of steamers between Ha

THEY FORGED APPIDAVITS

Columbia, S. C., March 13.—(Special.)—Governor Evans today removed Sam Nir and Tom Saxon, colored, notaries public of this city, and will have them prosecuted on the charge of forging the names of ne-

W. B. R. Whittier, of the Whittier cotton mills, Whittier, Mass., arrived here today. He is looking for a site in the south for a \$100,000 cotton mill, and ex-pressed himself as delighted with Columbia. Governor Evans declares that Judge Simonton's adverse decision will not affect the enforcement of the dispensary law, and intimates that the state may not ap-

Georgia, Is in Texas.

Paris Tex., March 13.—(Special.)—Deputy
United States Marshal Browne arrived
here tonight with Huse Nelson, whom he
arrested in Point Raino county, Texas, yesterday. Nelson went there last August from Murray county, Georgia. He is want-ed by the federal authorities in the north-ern district of Georgia to answer the charge of conspiracy to injure a witness. Nelson protests his innocence. He will be taken to Georgia at once. He has a wife and four children, who are in destitute cir-cumstances. When arrested he was in a well.

JOHN L'S TRUNKS STILL HELD. Sullivan Has Not the Money to Re-

They Settle Their Differences.

ties. The suit for damages and all charges and counter charges are ended. Brand returned to the university this morning to finish his course of study and will graduate there this year.

in the gold reserve

Is Not All. It is stated that several of the men demui

and No Clues Found.

Alken, S. C., March 13.—(Special.)—Washington Bland, a mulatto man in the employ of Mrs. C. L. Stedman, was murdered last night in his room in the basement of the Stedman house, one of Alken's boarding houses. The assassin entered through an open window and chopped the

BLEW THE SAFE OPEN.

DAKOTA'S TREASURER.

vana and Vera Cruz make semi-weekly trips, and it is expected Taylor will come through from Havana to Tampa by torow evening's steamer.

Colored Notaries Removed-A Man-

groes to registration affidavits.

FOUND IN A WELL.

Huse Nelson, Said to Be Wanted in yesterday. Nelson went there last Augus

An Esenped Convict Caught. An Escaped Convict Caught.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 13.—(Special.)

Albert Hixon, an escaped Georgia convict serving a twenty-year sentence, was captured last night by Conductor Lisie, of the Southern railway, and Deputy Sheriff Adams, and today was returned to the coal mines at Cole City.

lease Them from the Sheriff. Jacksonville, Fla., March 13.—(Special.)— John L. Sullivan's two trunks, filled with his clothes, still adorn the office of Sheriff Bowden, as attached property for a debt due Miss Viola Armstrong, one of the Sullivan theatrical troup. The sheriff said today that no effort to redeem the goods or settle the claim had yet been made, though some one daily asks about the baggage, either by mail or by wire. R. H. Liget, attorney for Miss Armstrong, says that no proposition to settle the claim and release the baggageh as been made since Sullivan left Jacksonville. About one hundred and thirty dollars is the amount due.

Lawrenceville Ga., March 13.—(Special.)— All the differences and law suits heretofore existing between C. E. Brand and James A. Bagwell, of Auburn, Ga., have been settled and adjusted to the satisfaction of the friends of both parties. Bagwell and Brand, through outside parties, were in-come to terms of settlement, and on yesterday the whole matter was finally

Transferring the Yellow Metal.

New York, March 12.—The National City bank, one of the legal depositories under the Belmont-Morgan bond syndicate contract, today transferred \$2.200,000 to the subtreasury. This gold is already counted to the gold reserve.

SEVEN CONDUCTORS LET OUT.

They Kicked on Their Runs but That

Ala., March 13.-(Special. -A wholesale dismissal of conductors on the Mobile and Ohio road has created a sensation among railroad men in this section. Today President Clarke notified seven passenger conductors that their services were no longer needed. No special cause is assigned other than that the men failed to obey the rules laid down by the company. red to their runs being increased from Okoona, Miss., to Jackson, Tenn., the former rule being to relieve crews at Okolona that left Mobile on their eastward trips. This taken in connection with other irregularities, is said to have brought about the dismissals. The men discharged are considerably worked up and there is talk of calling on the Order of Railway Conductor for assistance. If it is done a walkout may e ordered if the trouble is not patched up The Mobile and Ohio is said to have had Pinkerton detectives in their employ for several weeks past watching the mo

A SILVER LEAGUE

bama to Be Organized.

Captain Joe Johnston Presides-Ala-

Birmingham, Ala, March 13.-(Special.)-More than twenty well-known gentlemen met in the Potter building here last night for the pucose of organizing a democratic free silver league. Captain Joseph F. Johnston, who opposed Governor Oates for the democratic gubernatorial nomination last year, presided over the meeting. A committee of several prominent citizens was appointed on permanent organization and platform, and was instructed to issu an address inviting democrats to join in the movement. Several prominent speakers, including Senator Morgan, will be in vited to address the league in the near future.

DESERTING THEIR POSTS. Wigh Chinese Officials Terrifled by

the Fall of Wei-Hai-Wei. Paris, March 13.—The European edition of The Herald will print tomorrow this lispatch, dated at Shanghai yesterday: "The high Chinese officials have been "The high Chinese officials have been terrified by the fall of Wei-Hai-Wei and New Chwing. Seeing nothing to stop an immediate advance upon Peking, they are hurrying thence by the wholesale, deserting their posts in the wildest panic.

"The Japanese squadron of sixteen war-

ships and cruisers has been sighted off north Formosa, hovering along the coast between Kilung and Tamsul, which evi-dently are destined to be first attacked. dently are destined to be first attacked. The garrisons number 30,000, and the Japanese probably will adopt their previous tactics of a combined land and sea attack. They probably will disembark marines be tween Tamsul and Kilung."

Rome, March 13.-The four Chinese peace envoys, who are now visiting Europe, ar-rived here today and were received by Baron Blanc, minister of foreign affairs. They will have an audience with King Humbert on Saturday Vienna, March 13.-The Politische espondent says that China has appealed

are likely to hold pourparlers on the sub-FAIR WEATHER AND FINE RACING.

to all the European powers and the United States to co-operate in the negotiations of peace. The writer adds that the cabinets

The Talent Played Their diency for the Favorites-A Large Crowd. New Orleans, March 13.-The track drying out rapidly under the influences the warm sun, and, if the present weather continues, the course will be in excellent condition for the close of the meeting. The attendance today was the largest of the week, and the talent played their money hard on the favorites, three of whom were first past the post. Virgin was the favorite in the first race, and won easily. Uncle Lew was the favorite in the two-year-old race, and failed to show Sarcasm, in the third race, was a seven-to-five favorite, and inished tenth in the string. Imp. Wolsey was a favorite all six to five, and won in a walk by six lengths. Tramp was an even-money favorite at the post, being backed down from even to five at the opening, and won the

race from the start.

First race, six furlongs, Virgin won,
Princess Rose second, Guilty third. Time,
1:20. Second race, four furlongs, Minnie Clyde won, Leaseman second, Sister Rosalind third. Time, :52½.

third. Time, 32½.

Third race, six furlongs, Blue and White won, Hopeful second, Diamond Dick third. Time, 1:21.

Fourth race, seven furlongs, Imp. Wolsey won, Brakeman second, Miss Galop third. Time, 1:32½.

Fifth race, six furlongs, Tramp won, Monoa second, Moloch third, Time, 1:18½.

Pigeon Shooting.

Pigeon Shooting.

Thomasville, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—
The shooting contest, for the Landsome cup offered by Manager Davis of the Piney Woods hotel, took place today. There were ten entries and they constituted the best shots in as many states. Live birds were used and each man shot twenty birds. used and each man shot twenty birds. Charles Chapin, of New Jersey, and Charles Thompson, of St. Paul, killed all of their birds and had to shoot off the tie. I hapin won by one bird. An immense crowd wit-

nessed the contest. AFRAID OF HYDROPHOBIA.

The Timid People of Jacksonville

Jacksonville, Fla., March 12.—(Special.)— The fact that Baker county immediately adjoins Duval has given rise to some apprehension in the minds of the timid that the epidemic of hydrophobia, now fatally raging in the former county, may easily be carried over the line and prove a serious menace to this section. When Mayor Fletcher was asked tonight what action he had taken in reference to the matter, he said: "I shall do nothing and see no necessity of taking any immediate action. The doc ordinance sites. prehension in the minds of the timid that The dog ordinance gives me authority to have any stray dogs that may be seen around the streets killed. The taxation clause of that ordinance does not go into effect until June, but the balance of it is effective now, and I shall not hesitate to enforce it if it is necessary."

A Bad Condition. We have before called attention

to a great calamity threatening the people of the South. In no section of the country is there greater need for Liver Medicines than in the sotuh, and this has encouraged unscrupulous persons to take advant age of people's misery and offer them all sorts of stuff as a cure-all for liver troubles. The big profit to the druggist is the road by which they reach the public. Druggists of high honor will not be party to an outrage. Beware of any who tell you that any Liver Medicine is just the same as Simmons Liver Regulator, put up by J. H. Zeilin & Co. You know it by the Red Z on the package.

A Peculiar Case

Periodic Attacks of Neuralgia the Eves. "C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: I write to say that I have been a suffered

four years with neuralgia in the eyes. The pais were very severe at night, causing me to ad-winter and summer alike. Sometimes a man would lapse between spells, then I would be Troubled Every Week, especially if I was up at night. I am a man

regular habits, 42 years of age, and employed for the past seven years by Heath, Springs & Ca well-known merchants and bankers of this pla Hood's Sarsarilla Cures and Camden. I bought a supply of Hood's assparilla, used four bottles and believe I m

cured." W. J. Long, Lancaster, South C.

YOU NEED

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by reste



Strictures, Hydrocele Varicocel Psorinsis,

Causing pain in back, scalding urise to quent mixturition, brick dust and oth

All irregular and painful menstrates

Dr. Hathaway&@ 221/2 South Broad Street Atlanta, Garage Hours-9 to 12, 2 to 6, 7 to 8; Supara Hours—9 to 26,
10 to 1.

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symptom blanks. No. 1 for men, No. 2 for
women, No. 3 for skin diseases. Surfour page reference book sent free by me
tioning this paper.

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Price, style and finish. Cabinet mantel, similar to this cut French beveled plate, 89.50. RHODES.

SNOOK AND HAVERTY 6 Peachtree St. meh 10-1mo-su-tu-th

—Mr. William C. Carl, the famous or ganist of the First Presbyterian church of New York, gave the second of his recital yesterday afterneon at the Second Baytin church. The programme was a masteria church. The programme was a masterione. He plays with a touch that is sympathetic and vitad, while his phrasing are superb. Not only did he master the mot formidable of technical difficulties, but the deep thought and emotion were interpreted thoroughly and exquisitely. It was a paramarkable and noteworthy recital. The programme was a t

NO SUCH OFF Hardeman Says That

MASSENBURG MA a Jury of Bibb Indi ng, the Ex-Jailer, for P Prisoners to Esca

Was Legally Abolis

in, of Bibb superior decision today which i concern to the people eneral interest to the office of county treasure hed, and the clerk of abolished, and the clerk of county commissioners was needed by the planuary, of this year, ex-Ta B. Massenburg sprung a sepablic by announcing himse for county treasurer on the clifford Anderson and Wash two of the ablest lawyers in Massenburg was elected to but the county commission accept the bond of Mr. Massenbur books of the ex-of the salest lawyers in Massenburg was elected to but the county commission accept the bond of Mr. Massenburg the ex-of t

accapt the bond of Mr. Mas liver the books of the ex-o te him, on the ground that recognize there was any Bib county as county treas enburg then sought commissioners and force bond and give him the erson and Dessau & him before Judge H leman, Davis & Turn

the commissioners.

Judge Hardeman rendere
and highly entertaining dec
he quoted liberally from
jurists in substantiation of seld that the act abolishing constitutional, and he reframus. He said that "It is meetion, "is the action," mee of county treasurer, freehourg's attorneys a

"First, that its form, I section 4, paragraph 5, that it contain constitutional office, and ad by legislative enactme that the constitution of tion 1, code 5140, so deci In quite a number of state, the office of cou-other similar offices has special act of the Judge Hardeman's interest. In his di list of counties in county offices have onsolidated with other it is understood that appeal to the supreme

Jailer Birdson The special grand jury today by returning Jailer Nat Birdson ictment charges the day of February, u ly permitted and a scape from the Bil at large, when Aile of death for the tenes of death for the it.

Dow. The witnesses jury were Sheriff Sam W.

Joe' Resenbaum, R. A.

Jarrett, Dr. J.B. Roberts,

Milard Johnson. Rosent
escaped from jail at the
Alisa did, but they were
lated Johnson is the particular of the tool
presences escaped, and disoners to escape. It has the indictment sin one with the escape of the nothing about per Rosenbaum, Crooms,

all window, but there are stances to show that described in the penalty term in the penalty term in the per ope to four years. What is confidently Birdsong will be cleared Another India The grand jury today a bill against P. J. Stubbs windling. Stubbs is a ce at the Macon postoffice. With having deeded a pi the Bibb Real Estate Company on which there

company on which the at the time of transfer.

d, but has been releas McKinley in Governor McKinley, of on this morning at il o' ta, via the Central road panied to Macon by Ma The train stopped at Vin Macon, and it was boarde opeer, of the United Stand Mr. Marion Erwin, extrict attorney, and they with Governor McKinle stay here was very brief apidly on to its journ ville.

Newsy

Mrs. M. J. Hatcher gather party this afternood Hamilton Yancey, of Rother party this afternood Hamilton Yancey, of Rother Party this American Hamilton Hamil

Washington.
Andrew Hollis killed mbling quarrel some of the and fied to Florida by Mr.
Forsyth. At one time and of time offered for t



Peculiar Case

Attacks of Neuralgia N the Eyes. say that I have been a sufferer to the neuralgia in the eyes. The pain evere at night, causing me to sufferer

ought a supply of Hood's Supply of Hood'

G. Lancaster, South Care

YOU NEED

Specialties: Syphilis, Nervous Debility, Strictures, Hydrocele Varicocel Psoriasis, Moles, Eczema, Pimples,

Piles, Cutarrh and Diseases of Women.

ninal weakness, losses ney, lost manhood and of early vice in young

ck, scalding urine, fre-brick dust and other

haway&Co ent given by sending for No. 1 for men, No. 2 for for skin diseases. Sixty-nce book sent free by men.

e Your

s taken for all aterior and Ex-

prices. th Forsyth St. LEDGE & BRO.



FORNIPURE CO. ree St. Imo-su-tu-th

NO SUCH OFFICE.

Hardeman Says That the Position Was Legally Abolished.

MASSENBURG MAY APPEAL

Grand Jury of Bibb Indicts Nat Bird-seps, the Ex-Jailer, for Permitting Prisoners to Escape.

on, Ga., March 13.-(Special.)-Judge jeman, of Bibb superior court, render-decision today which is not only of concern to the people of this county, t of general interest to the entire state, ial act of the legislature in 1877, office of county treasurer of Bibb was solished, and the clerk of the board of somy commissioners was made ex-officio conty treasurer. From that time until many that shall be solded by the people, but in many, of this year, ex-Tax Collector C. I Massenburg sprung a sensation on the poblic by announcing himself a candidate with the solded by announcing himself a candidate of county treasurer on the idea that the does had never been legally abolished. By was so advised by his attorneys, Judge offord Anderson and Washington Dessau. se was so advised by his attorneys, Judge offerd Anderson and Washington Dessau mo of the ablest lawyers in the state. Mr. insenburg was elected to that position, at the county commissioners refused to seep the bond of Mr. Massenburg or depet the bonds of the ex-officio treasurer him, on the ground that they did not receptive there was any such office in 300 county as county treasurer, the same large been abolished by special act of the resistature.

lassenburg then sought to mandamus Masenburg then sought to mandamus to commissioners and force them to accept to bond and give him the books. Judge lasterson and Dessau & Hodges argued for him before Judge Hardeman, and gardeman, Davis & Turner represented

gardeman, Davis & Turner represented the commissioners. Judge Hardeman rendered an elaborate and highly entertaining decision, in which is quoted liberally from distinguished prists in substantiation of his opinion. He had that the act abolishing the office was emistiutional, and he refused the manamus. He said that "it is a most solemn satter to declare an act of the legislature monstitutional." He stated that the petimostitutional." He stated that the petimostitutional." ion for mandamus depended upon one mestion, "is the act of 1877, abolishing the pestion, "is the act of 1877, abolishing the doc of county treasurer, constitutional?" fissenburg's attorneys attacked the act, at said it is unconstitutional on two

gounds:
"First, that its form, its title, is obnoxing to the constitution of 1868, article 3, setton 4, paragraph 5, code of 1873, 5066, in that it contains matter differing from the tite, and that the act itself contains more constantled.

an one subject matter.

Second, that the office of treasurer is a amtitutional office, and cannot be abolish-gly legislative enactment," and they claim that the constitution of 1868, article 9, secon 1, code 5140, so declares it.

an 1, code 5140, so declares it.
In quite a number of counties in the
state office of county treasurer and
other similar offices have been abolished
to special act of the legislature. Hence, my Judge Hardeman's decision is of gen-eal interest. In his decision, he gave a is interest. In his decision, he gave a ling list of counties in Georgia where va-mus county offices have been abolished and emsolidated with other offices. It is understood that Massenburg will to the supreme court.

Jailer Birdsong Indicted.

The special grand jury surprised the pubtoday by returning a true bill against slailer, Nat Birdsong for felony. The mictiment charges that Birdsong, on the liday of February, unlawfully and volundry permitted and suffered Tom Allen supe from the Bibb county jail and pailarge, when Allen was under sentered death for the murder of Charley Dee, The witnesses before the grand in wee Sheriff Sam Westcott, "Diamond of Resenbaum, R. A. Crooms, R. P. Jaret, Dr. J.B. Roberts, Mittie Jenkins and Mind Johnson. Rosenbaum and Crooms suped from jail at the same time that alle did, but they were recaptured. Milland Johnson is the party who, it is align, purchased the tools with which the praners escaped, and Dr. Roberts is carged with having handed the tools to be pisoners in their cells. The finding of the rue bill against Birdsong creates a mill-sized sensation. His friends do not be that he has been guilty of anything the servers of the creates and the considered that he has been guilty of anything the considered that he has been guilty of anything the The special grand jury surprised the pubthe rue bill against Birdsong creates a smal-sized sensation. His friends do not blive that he has been guilty of anything the than carelessness in permitting the promers to escape. It will be observed to the indictment simply charges Birds was with the escape of Tom Allen, and we nothing about permitting the escape of Rosenbaum, Crooms, Paul and Johnson. The persons have maintained that Allen, beause of his large size, could not have used through the opening made in the used through the opening made in the west through the opening made in the window, but there are various circumstances to show that Allen effected his tape through the window with the other takers. The penalty for felony is a maje in the penitentiary from the tofur years. When the case comes trial it is confidently believed that Naterson will be cleared of all criminality.

Another Indictment. The grand jury today also rendered a true ill against P. J. Stubbs for cheating and windling. Stubbs is a colored letter carrier it the Macon postoffice. He is charged with having deeded a piece of property to the Bibb Real Estate and Improvement

ompany on which there was a mortgage the time of transfer. Stubbs was arrest-d but has been released on bond. Governor McKinley, of Ohio, reached Macon this morning at il o'clock, from Atlanta, via the Central road. He was accommed to Macon by Major J. F. Hanson. The train stopped at Vineville, a suburb of Macon, and it was boarded by Judge Emory Sper, of the United States district court, and Mr. Marion Erwin, ex-United States district atorney, and they rode to the city with Governor McKinley. The governor's May here was very brief, and his car rolled applily on to its journey's end—Thomas-rille.

Mrs. M. J. Hatcher gave a delightful eucire party this afternoon in honor of Mrs. Hamilton Yancey, of Rome.

The Macon Dental Association is dissolved, and seem the services as the merits of his work entitle him to, or he thinks proper in keeping with the financial condition of the country.

Last evening Mr. Meyer Steinberg, of Macon, were united in marriage. The cereasy was performed by Rabbi A. Yaffi, of Cambus, at the residence of the bride's Aunts, in this city. After the ceremony asym was served. Mr. and Mrs. Steinberg and New York.

Descond annual banquet of the Kappa Alba alumni chapter of Macon was held at the residence of Dr. William Charleston at the residence of Dr. William Charleston at the residence of Dr. William Charleston on First street. Several very elonest at the residence of Dr. William Charleston on First street.

The Knights of Pythias of Macon expect resume work about April 1st on the minimum castle. The foundation has been it, and the corner stone was laid about to years ago

they and the corner stone was laid about the years ago.

A change of schedule will go into effect a the Southern railway next Sunday. It is affect to the Southern railway next Sunday. It is affect one or two trains between Atmata and Macon.

The Commercial bank of Cedartown has been to the contract of the petition in the United States court the petition in the United States court thing for a rehearing in a suit against the Central railroad in which the value of the Central railroad in which the value of the Central railroad in which the value of the States of the Central railroad in which the value of the states of the contral railroad in which the value of the states of the contral railroad in which the value of the states of the contral railroad in the states of the states

Harris:
1 may be remarked in passing that Hon.
O. Bacon, as United States senator, and
D. C. Eartlett, as congressmon from
start district, have each commenced
taw 341.66 per month from the treasury
Washington. Washington, and the Henry Bell in a safety Hollis killed Henry Bell in a sabling quarrel some time ago near Forsia and fied to Florida. He has been captain Florida by Mr. Arnold, and carried Forsyth. At one time there was a respect of \$150 offered for the arrest of Hollis,

but it is understood that a part of the reward has been withdrawn.

Mr. John Binschadler died last night at the residence of Mrs. Machold. The body was taken tonight to Hawkinsville for burial. The deceased was about twenty year old, and formerly clerked in Mrs. Machold's store. He was well liked by all who knew

store. He was well liked by all who knew him.

General Passenger Agent MacDonald, of the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad, will go to St. Augustin tomorrow to attend a meeting of the passenger rate committee of the southern association.

It is said that James Landsberg, who was recently pardoned by the governor, may move to Kansas to live. When he goes west he will become a drummer.

Dr. Perselen, of Jones county, who died a few days ago, was the partner in law of Mr. Gus Stewart, of Macon.

Broadus Willingham sold his house on College street to Edward Wolff for 338 bales of cotton, and he then sold the cotton to his brother, C. B. Williagham for \$3.75.

The jury in the case of Barry against the East Tennessee road for \$15,000 damages, made a mistrial after being out nearly thirty hours. The jury stood 7 to 5 in favor of the road.

Schener Brothers' Stock of Goods Sold-Witnesses Put in Jail. Cartersville, Ga., March 13.—(Special.)— The stock of goods of Schener Bros., the firm that failed here more than a month ago, was sold in bulk yesterday by Receiver John J. Calhoun, at the courthouse, to the highest bidder. Bidders were here from At-anta, Chattanooga, Madison, Acworth and other points, and the bidding was spirited. The Stock was finally bought by Mrs. Fannie Schener for \$5,303. The stock will be sold at the old stand of the firm, where the business will be run in the name of Schener Bros., Agents. The stock was recently appraised by the receiver at a little over \$8,000. The stock was finally bought by Mrs. Fan-

\$9,000.

The city court is being held, and is proving rather a lively session by the expeditious conviction of criminals and the strictness of the new judge, Colonei John W. Akin. Akin.
Judge Akin has sent several witnesses to jail for tardiness in appearing when their cases were called.
Farmers in this section have resolved to use less commercial fertilizers than heretofore, but appearing

Farmers in this section have resolved to use less commercial fertilizers than here-tofore, but appearances are that the cotton acreage will be reduced but little. This is because wheat was badly damaged by the freeze, and oats almost entirely destroyed. The lands that were put in these crops will be planted in cotton. All efforts to organize for reduction of cotton acreage have proved futile.

Ex-Judge J. O. Fain Passes Away Suddenly at His Office.

Calhoun, Ga., March 13.-(Special.)-One of the saddest scenes ever witnessed in a courthouse occurred here today, when Hon J. O. Fain, one among the most prominent attorneys and ex-judges of the superior court of the Cherokee circuit, died suddenly in his office on the first floor of the building. Court was in session up stairs when the announcement of his death was made. The shock was so sudden that it created consternation and dismay. The grief of the family and of the old friends of Judge Fain was tragic in the extreme. The dark-winged angel came with the summons and the noble spirit left the body sitting in the accustomed chair at his desk at 2:30 o'clock.

The cause of the sudden death is at-tributable to congestion of the lungs and heart failure. Judge Fain was a member of the Confederate Veterans' Association and will probably be buried by the old veterans resident in this county, all of whom loved and will remember him as one of the bravest and truest soldiers of the confederacy. Judge Milner adjourned court today out of respect to the deceased. The ocal bar will pass appropriate resolutions to be spread upon the minutes of the court

He Has Been Taken to Dawson for a

Preliminary Trial. Fort Gaines, Ga., March 13 .- (Special.)-Under a warrant issued by Judge J. M. Griggs, of the Pataula circuit, Coroner Royal this morning arrested Sheriff Mc-Allister for killing Judson Hvatt. He will take McAllister to Dawson tomorrow, when the commitment trial will be held before Judge Griggs. Ex-Judge James H. Guerry is to assist in the prosecution.

McKINLEY AT ALBANY.

He Is Invited to Speak at the Chau-

tauqua and May Accept. Albany, Ga., March 13 .- (Special.)-Governor McKinley and party, en route to Thomasville, arrived here at 3:20 o'clock this evening. While waiting for the depart-ure of his train Governor McKinley held an informal reception in the waiting room at the union depot, where he was met by Mayor Wright and a number of leading citizens.

Mayor Wright, Superintendent of Instruc ion McIntosh, Captain R. Hobbs and other officials of the Georgia chautaugua, made an earnest appeal for one day of the gov ernor's presence during the approaching session of the chautauqua, and he gave them assurances which lead them to believe that the invitation will be accepted. In the event that he accepts the invitation of the chautauqua, his address will be without reference to politics.

A STRANGE CASE.

A Mother Who Attempted Suicide in a Terrible Way.

Franklin, Ga., March 12.-(Special.)-The ecent terrible attempt at suicide of Mrs been caused by temporary aberration of mind. Mention has been made of the case, but it is such a strange one that the full story will be interesting. The Franklin News tells the full story:

story will be interesting. The Franklin News tells the full story:

"Mr. Cavender went over to Mr. Wilson's, a distance of about two hundred yards, and left his wife and three little children, the eldest a little girl about five years old that has been very badly ueformed from its infancy, at home. In a short while he was summoned home by his little girl. When he arrived in the dining room he found his wife lying prostrate upon the floor weltering in her blood, and in her motherly embrace, upon her breast, her infant was soundly sleeping. Under her lay an ax red with blood, with which nearly all the flesh on her forehead had been cut from the skull, which was exposed and badly fractured. In an arm's reach was a caseknife stained with blood and on her throat was several marks as if an attempt had been made to cut her throat.

"Dr. O. C. Brittain was at once sent for and wnen he arrived she was consclous, but was not complaining at all about her wounds. 'It is the worst case of the kind I ever saw,' said the doctor, 'and why it did not produce instant death is miraculous.' She rested very well during the night and was perfectly rational, but talked but little about the matter. When she was asked who did it she said she did it herself. She said she remembered very well going to the wood pile and getting the ax and going into the dining room with it, but nothing more about the matter. But she was conscious when her husband and Mr. Wilson found her and said she was glad to see them, for she wanted some assistance.

"She assigned no reason for committing "She assigned no reason for committing the rash act."

Governor McKinley in Thomasville. Savannah, Ga., March 13.—Governor Mc-Kinley, wife and daughter, arrived at Thomasville today and are the guests of Mark A. Hanna. Joseph Medill and H. H. Kohlsaat are also at Thomasville. The paression is that Governor McKinley's visit has some political significance.

Out in the Cold.

Political candidates may be unexpectedly left out in the cold when the returns corne in, but people who elect to use Hosteties Stomach Bitters for dyspepsia, liver, kidney or bladder inactivity, constipation, malerial complaints or nervousness are never left in the cold or elsewhere. Well may physicians lend their unqualified sanction to this time-honored and unfailing medicine.

HAPPY CONVICT.

THE SHAREST PROPERTY.

Money Is Being Raised to Pay Clarence Barr's Fine.

HE IS SERVING A TERM FOR FORGERY

President Murphy Is Getting Up the Subscription-Young Barr Will Hasten to His Sweetheart.

Clarence E. Barr, the romantic young forger, who was convicted of forging a check for \$1,260 on the Savannah Mer-chants' National bank, and a check for \$300 on the Bank of Waycross, and was sentenced to one year's work in the chaingang, will be a free man again after Friday. He has been in the chaingang two weeks and his face is hardened and sun-

burnt.

Barr's sentence was \$200 and costs, or one year's hard labor in the chaingang. A movement was made by President Murphy, of the Bank of Waycross, to raise the money to pay the fine. The money will be forthcoming next Saturday and Barr will be freed from servitude. Whence comes the money to pay the fine is not comes the money to pay the fine is not generally known, but President Murphy is said to have contributed largely to the fund. Friends of Barr in Massachusetts, who were asked for assistance, declined to who were asked for assistance, decinied to help him, pleading poverty. Barr is step-ping lightly and he handles the shovel with a tenderness that betrays his feelings. Barr will return to Jacksonville, he says, and, after disposing of his graphophone for eash, will settle his poard bill at the Carleton hotel. He will then speed home renew his suit for the heart and hand of Miss Annie Parson, to wed whom he committed the forgeries which got him into

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATORS. The Committee Visits the Mills and Factories of Charlotte.

Charlotte, N. C., March 13 .- The committee on mercantile affairs, of the Massachu setts legislature, was in this city today.
The committee consisted of Senator F. W.
Darling, chairman; Senator Isaac P. Hutchinson, Representatives Charles G. Bancroft, George M. Eddy, E. M. Moriarty, Frank Chandler, W. J. Donnovan, R. T. Tramoh and Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms William Whiting.

Representative R. T. Tearmoh is a colored Representative R. T. Tearmon is a con-man. He was taken possession of by prom-inent colored people and besides visiting factories he visited churches, schools and other institutions for colored people. other institutions for colored people.

Much legislation is proposed before the
Massachusetts legislature which manufacturers charge is inimical to manufactures
in New England. It is also claimed that conditions and laws are so favorable at the south to manufacturers that unless the

laws of the New England states foster manufactures more, all the mills will move to the south, where natural advantages and laws are more favorable. This committee has been sent south to examine into the conditions and laws. The examination so far has developed the fact that what the manufacturers have said about the advantages of the south is rather short of the truth than otherwise. It was found that the mill owners of the south are working hard and living more economically. The labor is the best in the United States and is contented. Cotton is cheaper than in New England; the climate is milder; living is better and cheaper, and there are other and less important ad-

there are other and less important advantages.

The committee visited in Charlotte today eight cotton mills, two cotton seed oil mills, one trousers factory, and some other smaller enterprises. The members of the committee express themselves as not only committee express themselves as not only being well impressed with what they saw south, but they are most favorably impressed. The committee leaves tonight for Raleigh, N. C., where they will spend Thursday. Friday they will be in Richmond, Saturday and Sunday in Washington, and then home.

The committee was looked after here by Postmester, T. B. Robertson, Masses, H. A.

The committee was looked after here by Postmaster T. R. Robertson, Messrs. H. A. Murrill, W. B. Ryder, Kenneth Finch, D. A. Tompkins, S. W. Cramer and others. The committee seemed to regard Mr. Fred Oliver's oil mill as a sort of industrial revelation. He makes cotton oil, sulphuric acid, barrels, cotton batting, acid phosphate, ammoniated fertilizers and olive oil out of cotton seed; he feeds cattle to make beef, runs a farm, runs a sulphur mine, and so forth. The committee seemed to most unique manufacturing interests in

THEY ARE GETTING LIVELY. ne Legislator Does Care for the State Constitution.

Raleigh, N. C., March 13 .- (Special.)-In the senate today Senators Mitchell and Farthing were appointed to examine the books of the state auditor and treasurer. Nine additional penitentiary directors were voted on by each of the houses, this being part of the plan of the fusionists to capture that institution. E. D. Standford, republican, was voted for for state librarian There was no quorum and only 77 votes were cast, 86 being necessary.
Lieutenant Governor Doughton, democrat, the president of the senate, declared

here were not sufficient votes to elect A republican member asked if the senate could not declare these nominees elected, but was told it was unconstitutional. The but was told it was unconstitutional. The republican then said it made no difference, he wanted the senate to declare them elected. At this there was great laughter. There were lively times in the house when Ray, democrat, attacked the clerk and the speaker left the chair and at and the speaker left the chair and at-tacked Ray in a bitter speech. Ray had reflected on him. Ray denied this and de-nounced the speaker in scorching words. The speaker apologized and so did Ray. When the result of the vote for directors and librarian was announced by the tellers the point of no quorum was made. Speaker Walser said that the report of the tellers would simply speak for itself. A democrat would simply speak for itself. A democrat called up a resolution which he had introduced the second day of the session in favor of the free coinage of silver and the repeal of the act against state banks. The populists, who had tried to smother this resolution, offered as a substitute the Ocala platform for the direct issue of currency by the government. French, republican, who was chairman of the fusion joint caucuses, said there were so many views that he did not feel able to vote until he ascertained the views of Tom Reed, the next president. He moved to table the whole business and this prevailed. Several populists voted with the republicans to table and this refsed a stir.

SAYS SHE WAS IMPRISONED. n Allegheny School Teacher's Story

of Captivity in the Country. Fairmont W. Va., March 12.—A local paper yesterday printed the following:
"During the early part of December Miss "During the early part of December Miss Emma Huston, a teacher in the Aliegheny city public schools, advertised in the Pittsburg newspapers for a situation as a painter of photographs or a tutor in drawing, and was answered by a man giving the name of Mahlon C. Stephens, who represented hir self as a prominent and wealthy farmer, something of an amateur photographer, having a wife and children and living near this city.

Stephens said that besides having a large

pher, having a wite and children and living near this city.

Stephens said that besides having a large
number of photographs which he wanted
printed he was desirous of employing an instructor for his children, saying they, too,
were inclined toward the photographic art,
in which he wanted to encourage them.

As an inducement for the teacher to go
in the country he said he would be liberal

in his offer of a salary and named \$50 a month and board as the compensation for the duties.

After considerable correspondence, during which Stephens mentioned in a familiar way many well-known citizens in the state as his intimate friends, Miss Huston decided to account the place, and agranged decided to account the place, and agranged decided to accept the place, and arranged to leave home on December 26th for Little Falls, a small station between here and Morgantown, where her employer was to meet her and escort her to his home, three miles distant.

miles distant.

Upon reaching the station Stephens was there, but had no conveyance and suggested that they walk to the nearest neighbor's, where he would borrow a horse, upon which she might ride, and he would send for her luggage in the morning. She accepted the proposal and they started out.

After walking a mile and a half they reached the residence of Mrs. Mary Devault, where Stephens, true to his word, borrowed a horse and the couple continued their jour-

where stephens, true to his word, borrowed a horse and the couple continued their jour-ney until they finally reached t small house, which Stephens said was his home. Upon going in she found it uninhabited, Stephens excusing the absence of his family by saying they were away over night, bu

Stephens put the horse away and returned to the house, where, at the point of a re-volver, he ill-treated the girl, and where for several weeks he kept her a prisoner, tying her with a rope when he left the building and threatening to kill her if she

building and threatening to kill her if she made an outery.

When the roads became passable, probably fearing discovery, he took her to Clinton Furnase, showing a revolver as they passed persons or residences on the road.

There he kept her one night, after which she managed during his temporary absence to sever the rope and escape, reaching Mrs. Devault's in a pitful condition. ng Mrs. Devault's in a pitiful condition the rope still around her waist. The news of the assault reached the ear The news of the assault reached the ears of a young mail agent named Simpson, who is a cousin of Miss Huston, and he went to the Devault home and took charge of her. The girl said that Stephens had taken \$17, all the money she had, and besides had possession of her trunk. She was taken to Morgantown, her father and brother egraphed for, and a warrant sworn out for Stephens, but when the officers reached his home he had fled, it being reported that he

had taken to the mountains of Preston county, where a search is now being made for him. Stephens is a widower and has THE BOYS ARE LOADED.

And Are Said to Carry Their Guns to

Irwinton, Ga., March 10.—(Special.)—There has been a stir among some of the families in this section for some time, the boys carrying their guns to school and everywher they went. And when one fellow was caught off he would be whipped by a mob from the other crowd. Such as this is but little better than savagery and it would not be tolerated in a civilized country. Comment-ing on this state of affairs The Irwinton Bulletin says:

ing on this state of affairs The Irwinton Bulletin says:

"It has been a noticeable fact for a good many years that if a prisoner escapes or a crime is committed in Wilkinson county that no one endeavors to catch the guilty person, but we wait for chance to take the course of the law.

"It is the duty of every civilized man in Wilkinson county to assist in discovering the outlaws who went to the home of Joe Holliman armed with murderous intent. We realize that there is always two sides to every case and that Mr. Holliman might have said and done things that he should have left unsaid, but there is no excuse for this midnight assault, where the hand of the court and let the penitentiary garb or the hangman's noose adorn the person to court and let the penitentiary garb or the hangman's noose adorn the person of whomsoever it may—white or black, it matters not, so you have the guilty persons.

"If such outlawism as this is allowed to continue, in a few years the law will be a thing of the past, and the torch and shotgun will rule supreme."

THAT NEW MAIL ROUTE Which Will Be Between Montesum and Vienna.

Montezums, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)— The much-talked-of new mail route in all probability will be reopened from Monte-zuma to Vienna in a few days. The depart-ment has forwarded the necessary papers to the postmaster, which, as soon as prop-erly filled out will be returned and the erly filled out, will be returned and the route opened. During Harrison's administration this route was discontinued between this place and Dooling, which was a great injustice to Montezuma and the people of the open the property of the p great injustice to Montezuma and the people of the section through which the route
traversed. A person can get an answer
to a letter sent to New York as quick as
from Byromville, which is less than twenty
miles from here, by the present system of
mail delivery, and, as a consequence, it
has injured Montezuma commercially and
inconvenienced the people generally.
The route will be from here to Spalding,
Stilwell (formerly Evansville), Dooling, Byromville, Fuqua and Vienna, and the mails
will be delivered daily. Spalding will be
the only newly established postofice on the
route, and Mrs. Lula Cowart will be postroute, and Mrs. Lula Cowart will be post-mistress. Those who will be benefited by the opening of this route will owe their gratitude to Major McClung, who has taken a deep interest in the re-establishment and has about succeeded.

They're in Earnest Now.

Montezuma, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)— Last week brought to the farmers of this section the first weather suitable for outdoor work in several weeks, and especially for preparing their lands for planting. Ow-ing to this fact farm work was begun in earnest and the plows were put in motion. The winter freezes had put the lands in the winter freezes had put the lands in excellent condition and the plowing could be pushed rapidly. Some of those farmers who always look on the prudent side of all questions pertaining to their farming interests engaged in resowing oats where that crop was killed out by the extreme freezes. Work on corn and cotton lands was generally engaged in hy way of prewas generally engaged in by way of pre-paring the same for planting. Indeed, the gloom and inactivity of winter seemed to have passed away and life and energy among the farming population was to be seen.

IN GEORGIA SANCTUMS. The present editor of The Calhoun Times has discovered the very first issue of the Times, which was printed August 11, 1870. The paper is a seven-column, four-page (half its present size) and contains a liberal sprinkling of local advertisements. It contains the somewhat lengthy salutatory of Elam Christian, the editor. There is a long editorial discussing a railroad from Calhoun to Morganton, and an account of Napoleon's illness and the advance of the Germans on Paris. There is an account of a meeting held by the people of the county to denounce the legislators who, it seems, wanted to hold office beyond election time. The Times has greatly improved since that first issue. It is now at the front of Georgia weekly newspapers.

The editor of The Aribi Express is in The editor of The Aribi Express is in close quarters. He says:

"We have dunned our delinquent subscribers until it seems useless to dun them any more. Out of seventy-six promises in five months we have received one bushel of potatoes and one jug of syrup. Why do you treat us this way, friends? We will accept anything to eat on accounts due us, from a load of lightwood knots down to a spring chicken."

The Baxley Banner says a new people's party paper is to be started in that town. It is to be edited by a Mr. Lord. The p. p.'s are proclaiming that the Lord is on their side.

The Calhoun Times is publishing an in-teresting series of articles on the early history of that section. The Times adds a new feature every week. The Rome Tribune notes considerable in dustrial activity in Floyd county.

A Diver from Atlanta. Jacksonville, Fla., March 12.—(Special.)—William Manning, a diver in the employ of the United States government, arrived in the city this morning from Atlanta. He is here for the purpose of assisting a corps of government engineers in making an official survey of the jetty work on the St. John's bar, The engineers are expected to arrive in the city today The survey will take about two weeks.

Have Been Cured.

The Reasons Why. There are a few people who are treated by Drs. Copeland & Howald that don't and relief. There are several reasons for this.

Some persons do not carry out their in structions.

Some persons do not carry out their instructions.
Others live most improperly.
Others again are so foolish as to blame every little affliction they get to the treatment and stop.
Others listen to their friends, who persuade them Drs. Copeland & Howald's treatment is no good.
One word right here. If a patient is under the best plan of treatment in the world and makes up his mind he won't be cured, he never will be, and had better by far begin some other treatment.
Then there are others again who do not continue their treatment long enough to obtain a complete cure. They stop treatment, and after a time their trouble returns, and such persons condemn this treatment as being no good.

In order to get a permanent cure and have the disease thoroughly eradicated from the system the treatment should be continued after all symptoms have left.

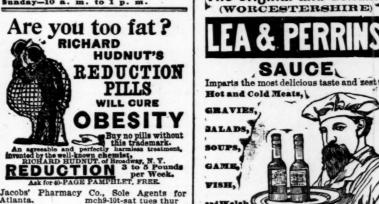
Are These Your Symptoms?

No strength, no energy, no ambition, gradually growing weaker, cough principally night and morning, pains in the chest, soreness of lungs, shortness of breath, nervous and restless, night sweats, muscles soft and fiabby, appetite poor, memory failing, skin feels hot and dry, feverish—consequently thirsty—palpitation of the heart, dryness of the air passages and a general wasting away of flesh and bodily strength, or are you suffering with nasal catarrh, which usually precedes the above symptoms? If so, you want the best and most efficacious treatment known, Don't jeopardize your life any longer by experiments.

Patients living at a distance treated as successfully as here in Atlanta. Send for a successfully as here in Atlanta. Send for a successfully as here in Atlanta. Send for a AND KINDRED DISEASES FREE.

DRS. COPELAND & HOWALD

Rooms 315 and 316 Kiser Building, Cor. Pryor and Hunter Sts. Office Hours-9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sunday-10 a. m. to 1 p. m.



RAREBITS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Take None but Lea & Perrins,

Lea Dermis

Signature on every bottle of the original and genuine, JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, NEW YORK-

B. W. BEACH, Secretary and Treasurer J. A. G BEACH, O WINGATE, Vice

The Atlanta Plumbing Co.

~~~~ For Improved and **Economic Cookery** Liebig COMPANY'S

Extract of Beef For Delicious, Refreshing Beef Tea

Commissioner's . Sale.

Under and pursuant to a decree of the superior court of Fulton county rendered in the case of Stephens & Yarbrough, et al, vs. H. C. Peeples, I will sell on the premises at 11 o'clock a. m. on Tuesday, April 2, 1895, the following described property:
All that tract or parcel of land, lying and

erty:

All that tract or parcel of land, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, and part of lot No. 83, of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, beginning on the south side of Foundry street 208 feet west of Lowe street, thence west on the south side of Foundry street 86 feet to Maple street, thence south along east side of Maple street 240 feet to Rigdon street thence east along the north side of Rigdon street 86 feet, thence north parallel with Lowe street 240 feet to beginning point, being lots Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14, parts of 15 and 16, as per plat of Hendrix & McBurney, April 30, 1893. Also, all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta and part of land lot No. 83, of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, situated on the southeast corner of Magnolia and Lowe streets, fronting 100 feet on Lowe and 190 feet on Magnolia streets, bounded north by Magnolia street, east by 20-foot alley and west by Lowe street, with all the rights, members and appurtenances thereto appertaining or in anywise belonging. Said property is divided into eight lots, which will be sold separately, as per plat to be exhibited on date of sale,

G. W. ADAIR, Commissioner.

feb 28, mch 7, 14, 25, 28—thur.

Administrator's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county, granted at the February term, 1895, will be sold before the courthouse door of said county on the first Tuesday in April, 1895, within the legal hours of saie, the following property of R. D. Badger, deceased, to-wit: Parcel of land located in city lot No. 74, in block No. 12, in land lot 51 of the 14th district of Fulton county, and fronts 60 feet on west side of Courtland street and extending back west 131 feet, being lot sold to R. D. Badger by Edwin Mercer on the 26th day of February 1870, deed recorded in deed book D. D., page 113, clerk's office, Fulton county; also, a certain lot situated in the city of Atlanta, in land lot 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, said lot beginning at a point 150 feet south of Gartrell street, on the east side of the Boulevard, formerly Pittman's avenue, and extending south along said Boulevard 65 feet, thence east 127 feet, thence north 57 feet, thence west 127 feet, to beginning point. Sold for the purpose of paying debts. Terms cash.

JOHN S. CANDLER, Mch. 7, 14, 21, 23 thur Administrator's Sale.

mch 7, 14, 21, 28 thur

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS THE WOMAN'S BUILDING.

Cotton States and International Expoition Company, Atlanta, Ga.
Sealed proposals addressed to C. A. Collier, president, will be received by this company until 12 o'clock m. on Tuesday, the 18th day of March, 1885, for building complete the woman's building in accordance with plans and specifications prepared by Elise Mercur, architect. Said plans are now on file at the office of Elise Mercur, architect, Pittsburg, Pa.; Bradford L. Gilbert, supervising architect, New York, and Grant Wilkins, chief of construction, Atlanta, Ga.

A certified check of \$500 will be required with each bid as a guarantee that the bidder will enter into contract with satisfactory bond and security with time limit for a faithful performance of the work, said check to be forfeited to the company as liquidated damäges should the bidder fail to enter into such contract within five days after the acceptance of the bid. The company reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

GRANT WILKINS,
Chief of Construction.

A. K. HAWKES, Manufacturing Optician ONE OF THE OLDEST HOUSES IN
THE UNITED STATES.
Established 1870.

Special Styles of Spectacles and EyeGlasses made to order.

Honest Clothing. Isthe Best Policy!

It is easy enough to buy a sorry Suit cheap-cheap in appearnce and sorry in wear-but we will sell you a Spring Suit that looks well and wears well at from

\$10.00 to \$15.00

Blue and Black Cheviots, Worsteds, Cassimeres and Tweeds. All good values, fast colors, and all wool ...

Tin Roofing, Galvanized Iron Cornice, Metal Skylights, Heavy Iron Work of every description, Tin Val leys, Gutters, etc., Hot Air Furnaces. If you are building, or going to build, don't fail to get our prices. Estimates furnished.

MONCRIEF, DOWMAN & CO., tues 57 South For-syth St., Atlanta, Ga. Phone 525



A grand reunion of the Confederate Veterans will be held at Houston, Texas, May 22d, 23d and 24th, 1895. This will be the largest gathering of Confederate soldiers since the war, and Texas is making great preparations to entertain them. The Atanta and West Point railroad and the Western Railway of Alabama (The Atlanta and Houston Short Line) will sell excursion tickets for this occasion at a low. rate. Any one contemplating making this trip will please notify us that we may furnish them with rates, etc., as soon as they are named. FRED . D. BUSH,

D. P. A., L. & N. R. R. GEO. W. ALLEN, No. 36 Wall St. Trav Pass. Agt., No. 12 Kimball House, JNO, A. GEE, General Passenger Agent,



Can't Get Away

From the wool. It's what gives character and worth to Clothing. No need going around with a microscope to peck out GOOD WOOL READY-MADE SUITS. Go to dealers who have them, and whom you can depend on. We are not the only reliable and honest merchants on earth, but we know the fabrics of our clothing: we know every thread, fiber, mesh and pigment. We start pretty close to the sheep, and deliver the finished garments to the wearers. High grade only; prices that nothing but manufacturing can command or make possible. Watch our immense Spring



Hats and Furnishings

These departments are overflowing with the bouncingist, biggest and most brilliant bargains that ever confronted earnest buyers. We start the season with rising varieties and falling prices.

Eiseman

17 and 19 Whitehall St.

Contributors must keep copies of articles we do not undertake to return rejected MSS. and will do so under no circumstances unless accompanied by return

Where to Find The Constitution. The Constitution can be found on sale at he following places: VASHINGTON-Metropolitan Hotel.

WASHINGTON-Metropolitan Hotel.
JACKSONVILLE-H. Drew & Bro.
CINCINNATI-J. R. Hawley, 162 Vine St.
NEW YORK-Brentano's, 124 Fifth avenue
CHICAGO-P. O. News Company, 91 Adam
strect; Great Northern Hotel,
SAN FRANCISCO-R. C. Wilbur.
FHILADELPHIA-A. P. Kemble, corne
Lancastor avenue and Barin

Lancastor avenue and SEATTLE, WASH.-Puget Sound News

12 CENTS PER WEEK

For The Daily Constitution, or 50 cents pe for The Daily and Sunday Constitution, 67 cents per calendar month delivered to any address by carrier in the city of Atlanta, Send in your name at once.

Do not pay the carriers. We have regular

ATLANTA, GA., March 14, 1895.

As Lawyer Moore Sees Us.

In yesterday's issue there appeared in our local columns an extract from a letter written by Lawyer F. F. Moore, of this city, to Mr. J. A. Royal, of Dayton Ind., in which the writer impeached the veracity of our people and warned his correspondent that if he settled in Georgia he need not expect to find friends and neighbors unless he brought them with him. The letter gave a dis couraging account of our farming and our rent system, and stated that the war is not over, and that southern courtesy to northern settlers is only a thin veneer covering hatred and a determination to

skin them. As this letter caused Mr. Royal to break up a trade which was pending for some land in the vicinity of LaGrange. the people of that flourishing town are naturally indignant. Lawyer Moore, however, claims that other portions of his letter will explain the harsh terms in the extract, and it is to be hoped that this is true.

We feel assured that this singular letter will not unduly excite or anger its author's neighbors in Atlanta. We be lieve in freedom of thought and speech. and we do not question the sincerity of Lawyer Moore nor his right to express his opinions. But it should be recollected that he has lived here only two years. It is evident that his opportunities for studying the situation have been very limited. It may be that he has been embittered by bad luck or dyspepsia, or that he has been so unfortunate as to see only the worst and most exceptional side of southern life.

Still, we cannot understand why Mr Moore is willing to sit down here and make his living out of a people for whom he entertains so much ill will and contempt that he warns his Indiana friends not to settle among them. If we are a community of liars, hating and swindling northern settlers, lacking energy and hampered by an unproductive soil and a bad renting system, why does Lawyer Moore stay here? Why does he not make his home in some godly and ideal region?

The matter is not worthy of serious treatment. For years past the leading periodicals and newspapers of the north have teemed with letters from northern residents in the south in which the riters express perfect satisfaction with their progress, prospects and relations with their southern neighbors. For every letter like Lawyer Moore's a thousand letters of a contrary tenor written by northern settlers here can easily be

As a rule, good citizens from the north who have drifted south in large numbers for the past century, have remained here, and their descendants are identified with us. Some of the unfortunate, the idle, the vicious and the carpet-bagger element have returned, but the better class come to stay, and soon become thoroughly at home with our people, just as our people do with those of the north among whom they go to

Our northern friends are not likely to believe that we are guilty of the folly of driving away capital and immigration by adopting a sectional, oppressive and dishonest policy toward newcomers. Mr. Moore's liver is evidently out of order.

Mr. Moore mustadmit that he made s mistake, not only in writing such a letter, but in entertaining such sentiments He has sought a home in the south, where he is not only the recipient of southern hospitality but enjoys southern patronage. Yet at the very moment that he is being thus favored, he is using the mails for private letters in which the honor and character of his neighbors are denounced with a venom, the cause for which is hard to understand.

The people of Troup county and La-Grange, to whom Mr. Moore's letter becomes personal, are the very highest types of Anglo-Saxon civilization. For sixfy years LaGrange has been a seat of education, and the county has been the home of the most cultured people in the state. The soil of that county equals that of any part of even Indiana, and will support crops bringing much more money per acre than any in Indiana. Just why Mr. Moore should have so far gone out of his way as to denounce the hospitality of these people as "the glossy veneering to cover their hatred," and stigmatize them as standing ready to "skin" people with whom they deal, is one of those mysteries which experts in insanity cannot solve.

In this era of peace and fraternization, when men of all sections are clasping hands, it will take some stronger testimony than that of Mr. Moore to convince them that "the war is not over." Thousands of northern men settled all | can shipbuilding and American owner-

over Georgia will bear evidence to the cordiality with which they have been received, and the continued kindless with which they have been treated Put up the pen, Mr. Moore; you will do better without it!

The Rod in Reform Work. The developments in the Illinois state home for juvenile female offenders lisclose a shocking story of cruelty and

nismanagement. The matron of this institution was a voman with ideas. Her first idea was that the inmates should be placed in a normal state of starvation, without, in my way, decreasing the amount of laoor required. A square meal was only given at odd intervals as a reward of merit. Her second idea was a stout od, with which she belabored the backs and shoulders of such of the girls as fell ander her displeasure. At times the reformatory resembled a flogging room of a city calaboose. Her third idea was dungeon into which she placed the girls for solitary confinement. Goaded to desperation by their treatment the girls revolted, and the whole story has come out. The matron had gained her place through the influence of politics, and she managed the reformatory as if it

vere a prison. The great difficulty to be met with in the establishment of reformatories is their management. Established by the state and managed as ordinary prisons, with all religious influence kept out, and the person in charge a political appointee, they cannot rise above the grade of prisons, and failing to do that, they are no better than prisons. The work of reform is religious, to be performed by persons who are moved thereto by conscience and not for the salary there is in it. How to reach that solution and to get this sort of management, is a question for legislatures to study out, but one fact remains certain-that political

The Divorcee's Return.

reformatories are constant sources of

Sadder than the return of the prodigal son to the paternal mansion must be that of the daughter who comes back with a decree of divorce in her satche -the outcome of a runaway marriage The prodigal son was welcomed because there was hope ahead for him; the prodi gal daughter is like the crushed rose never taking shape again.

When, six years ago, the members of Chief Justice Fuller's family were rejoicing that he had been named to pre side over the highest court on earth, they were saddened by the absence of one who had fled with her lover, and who became a wife without the paternal blessing. Now the dispatches state that she has returned to the home she had injured, with the usual story of cruel treatment, neglect, and a divorce in her pocket.

Marriage at best is a trying ordeal for the girl. The opening of a new life, in which the old must be forgotten, calls separations and deprivations which the strongest love of her husband can hardly equal. It requires all the approval of her own family to strengthen the wife in the new duties which she assumes. When a girl consents to a runaway marriage, it s almost a freak of lunacy, for in doing so she surrenders all claim upon those who are hers by nature. In the troubles which come after marriage she can call on neither father nor mother for sympathy, and if they give it to her anyhow. she can never throw off the thought that she does not deserve it. The husband, in such a case, feels under no obligation of honor or kinship, but rather delights in the continued assertion of his independence.

If all girls could learn the lesson that their parents have their interests more closely at heart than can any stranger. there would be fewer runaway marriages, and, as a consequence, fewer divorces. The man who cannot gain the consent of the parents of a girl whose hand he seeks, would scorn to have her without it. The parent who objects to a certain suitor for his daughter generally has a good reason for it, as the after history of nearly all runaway marriages prove. As between her father and some hap hazard lover, the sensible girl should have no difficulty in making a choice.

Our Merchant Marine.

The necessity of building up our merchant marine, to which The Constitution has frequently alluded, finds strong support in Colonel A. G. Dickinson, of New York, who has given the subject deep study. Before the war the United States

anked second in the list of nations in marine strength, carrying 84 per cent of her own commerce. Now we carry only 14 per cent of what we produce. "Our navigation involves many considerations. As a branch of industry it is valuable, but as a source of defense essential." So speaks this eminent authority. As a branch of industry it should be the first in our country, while t is actually the last and the least. As an essential source of defense our navigation places us among the most insignificant maritime powers of the world. We have 10,000 miles of coast, with a coastwise commerce the largest and most important of all the nations of the earth. Yet in case of war we would be at the mercy of some of the weakest powers of Europe. Is there no way of regaining the proud position we once eld in the maritime affairs of the world?

The loss of American ownership of shipping has led to two evils which may some day cost the country billions of money. The first is the business of shipbuilding, an industry which should flourish here in response to home demand. The absence of the shipyards means the absence of the skilled mechanics, and places us at the mercy of English shipbuilders. The second evil is that Americans take but little interest in ship handling, from the officer to the sailor. A poll of any one of the vessels flying the American flag will disclose the fact that it is manned, not by Americans, but by Danes and Norwegians who have never even transferred

their citizenship.

All this goes to show how important it is that such changes should be made in the laws as would encourage Ameri-

ship, so as to develop out of our own population the experts upon whom we ould rely in war and sailors who would be true to our interests. The merchant marine is to the navy what a welltrained militia is to the army, and it is equally necessary that the government should take an active interest in its pro-

An Interesting Question. The New York Herald is making a strong fight in behalf of Editor Dana,

of The Sun. Mr. Dana has been indicted for libel in Washington and an attempt will be made to force him to stand trial in that city. The Herald contends that under the laws of New York the accused must be tried in the county where the naner containing the alleged libel is published. This is in line with the federal constitution, which says that "in all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the ight to a speedy and public trial by an mpartial jury of the state wherein the

ime shall have been committed." It is ridiculous and unjust, simply be ause a newspaper containing an alleged libel finds its way to a remote part of the country, to drag the pub lisher there for trial. The publisher of libel in New York should be tried in that city and not in Washington, Galeston or San Francisco:

We know nothing of the merits of the bel case against Mr. Dana, but we igree with his friends that it would be straining the law and nullifying a great onstitutional guaranty to compel him o stand trial in Washington for an alleged offense committed in New York.

No Goldbug Need Apply. A recent editorial in The Philadelphia Record, a newspaper owned and controlled by Hon. William M. Singerly,

contains the following: Mr. Joseph C. Sibley, of Pennsylvania, shows that he thoroughly understands the political situation so far as the currency is concerned. He predicts that the democracy will not declare for free silver at 16 to 1, nor name a presidential ticket of that mplexion. Neither will the republicans, says. "It will be the same old thing. The platforms will be platitudes, and the

andidates will be gold to the core."

If Mr. Slbley's prognostication should prove to be correct, and there is no reason o doubt its fulfillment, the two great parties would occupy precisely the same ground in the currency issue in 1896, both as to their candidates for the presidency and as to their platforms. The losses of the democrats to the populists would be counemocrats to the populists would be coun-erbalanced by republican losses in the sil-er states west of the Mississippi, and the scome would be the election of an advo cate of sound money, whether he should a democrat or a republican—which is a democrat or a republican—which is asideration that rises above all consi ions of party success. The integrit tions of party success. The ine currency must be preserved. integrity of

Mr. Singerly was the democratic can didate for governor of Pennsylvania last November upon a platform which contained the following declarations:

We declare that the consistent, cour-geous and inflexible determination of a emocratic president to maintain the credit of the government terminated financial panic, restored confidence and compose disturbed values. We are opposed to the seckless inflation of the currency to \$40 per capita, demanded by the republican state conventions of 1893 and 1894; and, while we favor the circulation of constitutional money cold and allows at a register feets. money, gold and silver, at a parity of value we are unalterably opposed to any debase-ment of the currency or to the depreciation of any dollar issued by the government

right and sagacious administration of Pres ident Cleveland, which has fulfilled th pledges of his party and has satisfied th

expectation of the people.

Upon this platform of unqualified approval of the president and his policy, Mr. Singerly, an open and pronounced advocate of the single gold standard was beaten by his republican competitor 241,397 votes, a plurality never before received by an opposed candidate for any office, at any time, in any state of this union, and never obtained even by a candidate for president of the United States prior to 1856.

With this overwhelming and unprece dented defeat only four months behind him. Mr. Singerly undertakes to deter mine for the democrats of this country the solution of the financial question. "The outcome (of the presidential election) would be," says this eminent representative of the eastern democracy "the election of an advocate of sound money, whether he should be a demo crat or a republican-which is the consideration that rises above all considerations of party success." That is, a goldite democrat preferably, otherwise a goldite republican, but a gold standard man most assuredly and above all

party considerations. It is to be hoped that Mr. Singerly does not fairly represent Pennsylvania democrats, and that their delegates to the next national convention will not pursue any such policy as that outlined

It is not too soon to say to our Phila delphia contemporary, in all kindness and deference, but at the same time with the utmost candor and earnestness that this section of the country will not give its electoral votes in 1896 to a gold standard candidate for president, no matter whence he comes or what party

An International Stew. The shooting of the purser of an English ship by a New Orleans mob, the lynching of several Italians in Colorado. the attack by a Spanish gunboat upon an American mail steamer, and the compli eations on the isthmus and in Venezuela involving American interests, are matters that will keep our state department busy for a time

It is probable that our government will apologize to England and Italy and pay an indemnity for the murder of their citizens, but it is not so certain that our rights will be asserted and maintained in Spanish-American waters. Of late years we have shown a tendency to yield to the dictation of European imperialism, and quietly submit to almost any insult and injury from that source Nor is it likely that the present admin istration will exert itself to protect American interests in Central and South America. The truth is, the American who trusts his person or his property abroad is at the mercy of those around him. He cannot expect much help from his own government, and this disgrace ful fact is well known throughout the

world. The New Orleans riot is a dangerous outbreak of lawlessness, and the authorities and business men of that city

are to be congratulated upon their evident determination to suppress the disfurbance. It is not pleasant to have such papers as The London News making the statement that negroes are now being lynched in bulk in New Orleans. and that the people of that city are no better than the people of Dahomey. Here in the south we must maintain law and order, not only because it is right, but because our material prosperity depends upon it. The task will not be difficult. The lawless classes in this section are composed of only a few, and the prompt enforcement of the law will keep them quiet.

A Financial Object Lesson

The goldbugs are unfortunate in their financial illustrations. The latest silly break is the following from The Cincin-

nati Commercial-Gazette: Farmer Anderson has 2,000 bushels of wheat. Mr. Jones has a thousand dollars' worth of silver bullion. Mr. Anderson's wheat is worth in the market \$1,000. So is Mr. Jones's silver bullion. Mr. Jones goes to Philadeiphia, takes his silver to the mint and has it coincid into \$2,000. pine, fine. mint and has it coined into \$2,000-nice, fine, pretty silver dollars. When Farmer Ander-son brings along his thousand dollars' worth of wheat Mr. Jones buys it, paying him \$1,000-and he has \$1,000 left with which to buy the wheat of the next farmer

that comes along.

Do you take Farmer Anderson for a The drain on his pocket since 1873 has given him a clear insight into the cause of his poverty. Here is the way he sums up the situation: He owed Jones \$1,000, and 1,000 bushels of wheat would settle the debt. But Jones conspired with other gold sharks. They struck down half of the currency by de nonetizing silver, and now Farmer Anderson must pay 2,000 bushels of wheat to settle the \$1,000 debt. In other words, his debt has been doubled by this change from the double standard to the single gold standard.

Our federal, state, county, municipal and individual indebtedness in this country is forty thousand million dollars. This is practically doubled by the adoption of the gold standard. If Jones knows what is good for him he had bet ter not tell Farmer Anderson that the change is a blessing. Before he makes such a declaration he should first get a brick wall between him and Farmer Anderson's gun.

Where Colonels Are Wanted. Every day the Cuban sympathizers in this country receive advices from Cuba stating that the revolutionists have plenty of arms and ammunition, and

that all they need is leaders. It is a remarkable uprising. There are privates by thousands, but no colonels: followers but no leaders; men anxious to serve, but nobody to comnand. Now, here is a tempting opportunity for some of our surplus colonels. We are blessed with a superabundance of these titled leaders, and there are thousands of them who never had a chance to serve their country in the field. They have to go through life as colonels, and yet they never had a regiment, a company or a squad. Why not join the Cubans and make these titles good in a baptism of fire? A ship load of colonels could easily be smuggled over to Cuba and landed some dark night, and they would doubtless be re ceived by rejolcing hosts who would gladly welcome them as leaders. martial strut and a little broken Spanish would be a sufficient equipment for these volunteer revolutionists.

The situation is simply this: The Cubans have an army of privates with out colonels, while we have an army of colonels without privates. Under operation of the laws of supply and demand it would be the natural thing for us to furnish our neighbors with as many colonels as they can utilize. We can easily spare them and keep things running smoothly here until they re turn. It is the proud boast of our republic that it has more colonels, leaders and bosses to the square mile than any other country on the globe.

A Bad Policy.

The Belfast board of trade in a recen report states that England's commerc with 65,000,000 people in the United States amounts to quite as muchas her trade with the 368,000,000 under the

British flag. In England the money of the country is in the hands of a few who are investing it in foreign countries. This reduces the per capita circulation at home and keeps the masses almost on the verge of starvation. Speaking of this condition of affairs, The Chicago Inter

Ocean says: No matter how dull times may be, o No matter how dull times may be, or how depressed the condition of the country may be, there always are and everywhere will be a few men gifted with the power to acquire and to accumulate large sums of money. There are millionaires and multi-millionaires in British India, where a syce can be hired to groom a horse and to board himself for \$1 per month. The poverty of India lies not in its lack of money, but in the lack of money in circulation through-

out India.

The United States needs a greater per capits of money in circulation than any other fully civilized country, because it has more resources that need development. The demonetization of silver has kept, and is keeping, a large volume of needed money out of circulation, but the lesson from England is on the need of home markets in which home money perpetually can be exchanged for home-made goods or for home-grown produce.

With this hard lesson ground into the

With this hard lesson ground into us day by day, it goes without saying that there will soon be a line of division in this country which will array millions of voters against a few hundred thousand Shylocks and their henchmen and hire-

The era of good times cannot long be delayed.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

George W. McMillion, of Friar's Hill, W. Va., is famous in that state for his wonderful memory. He is forty years old, and, it is said, remembers all he ever knew of read. He can recite the names, birthdays, hour of death, majorities and details of the lives of all the presidents in regular order; can name all the horses in his neighborhood. can recite poems of 3,000 words without missing a word; can recount the details of every visit he has made in his life; can name all the persons he has met within two weeks, and every word each of them has said to him, and can quote entire chapters of the Bible. He is very eccentric in many respects, sleeping in the woods and often going for weeks without washing his face. One of his most interesting feats is the repetition of every word of a marriage ceremony which he heard when he was twenty-one, and which united a girl who was his sweetheart to another man. It is said that this ceremony was the first thing he ever tried to remember, and that the circumstances surrounding it are the cause of his peculiar habits. Since then he has given no attention to his perearance and cares for nothing but culti-

The question as to what constitutes animal and what is meant by the domestic animal and what is meand more term wild beast is becoming more and more complicated. For while, on the one hand the supreme court of Maryland has recently decided that the cat is a wild animal within the meaning of the law, the supreme court of appeal in France has just issued a decree to the effect that a wild bull is a demestic animal. This remarkable decision with the has been rendered in connection with the question as to the illegality of bull fighting question as to the illegality of bull fighting, which has hitherto been quite as much of a national pastime in the south of France as in Spain and Portugal, Inasmuch as the court has now, once and for all, determined that bull fighting is contrary to law, and, therefore complain therefore, criminal, no one need complain of this interpretation of the code, except for the precedent that it affords of trans-forming wild beasts into domestic pets by legal procedure instead of by ordinary methods of taming.

The south is slowly going back to the condition where it will raise its own food products and not be dependent on the west. Before the war the southern people raised most of the corn they consumed, but after the war they devoted all their land to cot-ton growing, because that was the crup which they could mortgage before it was even planted. In 1860 the south had 10,000 plation and raised 358,000,000 bushels of corn. In 1894 the south had a population of 20,000,00 and raised 483,000,000 bushels of corn. This section will have to increase this production by more than 200,000,000 bushels annually to have the same propor

UNDER FIRE.

Washington Post, ind.: Surely the demo cratic party in Tennessee is tired of life, of health and of happiness. It must have become disgusted with success, with the respect and confidence of mankind, with titles, nonor and renown. The party leaders are still toiling, blindly and laboriously, along the discreditable pathway of violence, fraud and usurpation, at the end of which they hope to find a rightfully-elected governor cheated of his office, and a man who was not elected at all invested with goods of power and authority.

New York Advertiser, rep.: Does Mr. Cleveland realize the fundamental differen between the presidency and a dictatorship? His course for the past two years, his arrogant attitude toward congress, his contemptuous defiance of popular will in regard to the tariff and Hawaii, and his consistently overbearing manuer toward public men constitute a record unapproached by any other chief magistrate of the American people. This country has had arbitrary and determined men in the president Until Grover Cleveland was elected it never had a president who manifested stubborn and unvarying contempt for the opinions of the people and the regularly chosen lawmakers of the nation.

SOUTHERN INTERESTS.

Washington Post, ind.: New Orleans must suffer as a consequence of this deplorable state of things. It is incredible that Euro pean buyers of cotton will have their mer-bhandise sent to New Orleans for transhipment, if a few labor leaders are to dictate
to them as to whom they shall employ and as to terms upon which they shall contheir business. Fortunately for commerce in reneral if not New Orleans trade in partic-Twenty years ago it was different, day there are steam compresses on-growing neighborhood, and railroads to take the bales to Galveston, Mobile, Charleston, Savannah, Norfolk and Newport News, Purchasing agents swarm all over the cotton belt, and there is hardly a shipping point in the interior of any importance whatsoever where one cannot obtain through bills of lading to Havre, Liverpool, or Bremen as advantageously as in Nev Orleans.

Springfield Republican, rep.: This southern rip of the mercantile committee of our gislature, to investigate the causes which duce any startling results. Its members could have learned quite as much at home by making use of the mails and of information easily obtainable. No doubt the mem-bers will have a pleasant time at the public expense. They were in Washington Saturlay, and left on the evening train for Atanta, Ga., and other southern cities, They expect to get back to Washington on Thurs day, where they will spend several days in-vestigating the underground electric railway system in operation there. Some of the manufacturers think that the solons might profitably have studied the mills at home before starting so far afield, and the point is probably well taken—if such a junket were to be undertaken.

Louisville Courier-Journal, dem .: The visit of the legislative committee from Massachusetts to Georgia for the purpose of studying the cotton mill industry in the latter state may well be accepted as an evi-dence of the perturbation caused in New England by southern competition. The legislative committee is on the ground in Georgia, and it is safe to say that its report will not exhibit any bias in favor of the south, Its conclusions from the facts brought to its knowledge during its visit will be awaited with interest both in the

south and in New England. RURAL LIFE IN GEORGIA.

RURAL LIFE IN GEORGIA.

Talbotton New Era: The other morning we came up town earlier than usual, just as the negroes were on their way to their day's work. Three were standing on Kimbrough's corner talking in a very animated way and gesticulating violently. It looked at any minute as if there was going to be a free fight. Directly the discussion ended though, and one of the party came by us. Stopping him we asked what was the matter, and were told that they were all three stewards in the church and were told that they were all three a matter of great interest to that institution. He said the treasurer in making change for a son of one of the leading lights gave him \$5 cents instead of 90 cents, and they were discussing what should be done, if the brother had "knocked down" \$5 instead of 5 cents, it could not have brought about a more heated discussion.

brought about a more heated discussion.

Vienna Progress: The population of Vienna has steadily increased recently, and it gives The Progress great pleasure to announce several new arrivals, whom we trust will abide with us permanently and prove worthy additions to the social, political and industrial sphere in our midst to Wednesday evening last, a pretty little lady came to the home of Mr. W. A. Parker and a bouncing boy was welcomed to the home of Mr. W. C. Hamilton, These young arrivals have brought beaming smiles to their proud fathers.

Gwinnett Herald: Speaking about pensions, Jack Brogdon would cast his vote for a measure that would pension every man who has run a saw mill twenty years. We believe we would lend our aid to get a pension for a fellow who had followed the business that long without losing his religion.

THE HUNTING TRIP.

Blakely Observer: Ducks had best fly high and fish hug the bottom of the stream. The president of these United States has his demionn loaded and his weather eye fixed on the state of Carolina.

Pike County Journal: The national congress has Marched 4th. Now let the people rest. Let the president hunt ducks, too, as often and as long as he pleases. Maybe he will accidentally shoot himself.

Americus Times-Recorder: The president no longer has congress on his hands, but the country still has Mr. Cleveland on its shoulders, and he is a terrible burden to carry these hard times. Savannah Press: The Sparta Ishmaelite is incorrigible. It condemns Mr. Cleveland's duck hunts and objects to Mr. Carlisle's

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Stand Steady! The light is breakin' o'er the hills: Stand steady!

The music's ringin' from the rills Stand steady! The road, with all its dust and heat, Will soon grow green beneath the feet, And for the thorns-the roses sweet:-Stand steady!

The road is rough, the night is long: Stand steady!

The morning comes with light and song: Stand steady! No matter how the storm-bolts fall, There's still a flag waves o'er the wall:

God made the country for us all:-Stand steady! Mr. Bloodgood G. Cutter-who always "writes his name without any splutter"—was once a valued contributor to Harper's Magazine. But it was discovered that Mr. Cutter's muse was too wild to trot in magazine harness, and his classic work has been relegated to the poet's corner of local newspapers. It was also feared that Mr. Cutter would prove too formidable a Mr. Cutter would prove too the poetic Mr. Howells.

The Rural Subscriber. "Paid the editor six dollars this morn

"Oh, but I laid aroun' 'till I swapped cosses with him an' got it back ag'in!"

That North Carolina legislature is geting a good deal of free advertising on the Douglass incident. It seems to be making a black record. The Alligator.

The Alligator.

We know that the spring has come to stay,
An' is loafn' round about,
An' the green will cover the hills o' grey,
When the alligator crawls out. In winter he swallows a lightwood-knot

But we know that spring is a-comin' hot When the alligator crawls out. He's been a sleepin' fer six months straight

But the boys—they give a shout An' sweet spring opens the garden gate, When the alligator crawls out! A Liberty county negro is going arounpredicting "the end of the world." The day of judgment, he says, will strike us about the middle of August. The millennium that illennium that

esponsible for this. A Suspicious Declaration. "If," said the editor to the office boy, "you hould happen to see the major co around the corner with his shotgun, let m

followed the adjournment of congress is

mow of it at once."
"Yes, sir. Is he huntin' fer somebody?"
"I don't know for certain, but I hea ticle to write up?" him giving his experience at prayermeeting last night, and he told the brethren that life was short, and warned them to pre-pare for death. We might as well be on ought to be written up, for I i the safe side, you know. city is using all of its tear

We understand that Mr. Kohlsaat, of Chicago, is again negotiating for the pur chase of The New York Tribune. As it i rietta street in consequence, and ple almost have to take boats only a matter of \$3,000,000, however, it wil be a mere bagatelle to Mr. Kohlsaat. The Happy Senson.

The fish are biting freely; They're as lively as you wish, And the rural Horace Greeley Stops his paper for a fish. And the man of song and story-Sought and homored by the state, is no man who strives for glory,— But the man who digs the bait!

March has cut very few lion-like caper down this way. His winds have hardly been brisk enough to ruffle the temper of the blue violets that blossomed out six hours after the departure of the recent southern bliz-

A Windfall for the Colonel. "Think you'll run for office this year, colo "Sure to!"

'What's your chances?" First-class. The price of cotton and the general shrinkage of values have operated to bring votes down to where an hones man kin git at 'em!"

SOME GEORGIA STORIES.

Mr. J. B. White, Augusta's successful dry Mr. J. B. White, Augusta's successful dry goods man, is superstitious, but in a manner directly opposite to the general run of superstitious people.

When he started in business he did so on Friday. The biggest bill of goods he ever bought was on Friday. He makes it a point, if possible, to make all large transactions on Friday. He always leaves for the northern market on Friday, looks around a week and commences making his purchases on Friday.

He really thinks he has luck with the day which the great majority of people dread

Old Gin, a mule with a history, died on the farm of Mr. Thomas Rodgers, near Lily pond, during the late bilizzard. The mule was raised by Mr. Rodgers's father and on the 12th day of this month would have been forty-two years old. This mule went into service in the army early in the war and was in front of Sherman's forces from Chattanooga to Atlanta, and afterwards was returned by devious routes to the Rodgers home in Gordon county. During her long life of active service she was never sick, never balked, was never wounded in battle and never surrendered.

Mr. William Steele, of Calhoun, has an old Sharp rifle which he prizes very highly. It was captured from the yankees at the Wilderness in Virginia. He found it on a spot from which a line of yankee sharp shooters had been driven by a confederate charge. Mr. Steele carried the rifle through the remainder of the war and did excellent service with it.

The Talbotton New Era says that for the last week or so preceding court negroes could oe heard singing something that sounded very much like this: "My mammy tol' me ter go my route, Dis mornin', soon dis mornin', My mammy tol' me ter go my route, If I got in jail she'd pay me out, Dis mornin', soon in de mornin'.

"She tol' me if I got in jail, Dis mornin', soon dis morn Dis mornin', soon dis mornin', She tol' me if I got in jail, She had de money fer ter stan' my bail, Dis mornin', soon in de mornin'."

Sunday the lawyers and court officials began to come in, people could be heard talking about the grand jury, the sheriff looked like he had just as soon catch a coon as not, and early Monday morning there came from the jail something like this:

"My mammy tol' me ter go away,
Dis mornin', soon dis mornin',
My mammy tol' me ter go away,
Fer Judg' Butt came ter town today,
Dis mornin', soon in de mornin'." The Talbotton New Era gives this nal account of the "boss fiddler" of

The Talbotton New Era gives this original account of the "boss fiddler" of that community:

"Mr. John Williams is the 'boss fiddler' of our community. When once the fox hunter hears him play the 'Fox Chase,' he goes right home and kills his dog. While John is tuning his fiddle and 'rosining' his bow he outlines the fox race—that he will jump the fox near the table land on the top of Oak mountain and in the center of this table land there is a high knoll that they may see around them for a half mile, and you will have a full view with the mind's eye; the dogs will jump he fox and will circle around three times, then strike a due north course to Pine mountain, seven miles away, until the yelp of the hounds is almost lost to the ear. Suddenly the fox turns and comes straight back and then the yelps become plainer and louder; the hunters in the meantime must keep their place on the knoll, for the fox is coming right towards them. Now the fox is coming right towards them. Now the fox is coming right towards them. Now the fox is coming the yelps of a dozen hounds are heard. On they come—faster and faster—here they come, right through the crowds, under their feet—the whoops and yells are answered by the spectators and the noise by the fiddle and dogs and hunters is equal to the storm around Cape Horn. The fox is caught."

No Let Up. From The Cleveland Plain Dealer.
The March winds took right hold where TALK OF THE TOWN

side of the railroad. The prison was small insecure-looking affair, and the prominent portions of it were the box

key, but he met all the trains and as many arrests. He was famous for sping street fights. He would was a into the midst of a disturbance, and hold of the belligerents and put a not the row in short order. He was an erful man physically and could spin five or six men in a fight. He would lar them, lead them to the little propull out his huge key and lock that He is now living in honorable retire in the northwestern portion of the and this key is among his prized returned the bolt upon hundreds of men who disturbed he peace of young lanta long before the war."

It is a tradition among newspaper

in Atlanta that a young reporter s

in the profession has to undergo

reporters

"Say," said he, "do you want a god

"Bet your life," said the young mu

y to a spot on Marietta street just the Grady monument, and a piling it up there mountain is

There is a perfect river running de

"You don't say!" said the newspaper

excitedly.

He rushed off to the office, and, or

"I'll deduct that much time from

A pathetic story developed in the

collection of pretty plans, all of which

would have made an acceptable was received. In a modest litt

plainly written and postmarked fr

The plan and the letter came for

and in it she said that she was post a entably so, and that she had long to struggling in many ways to obtain an

struggling it many ways to obtain mention and get the money that she well so badly. She saw the advertisement the ladies, and, although not an archite and without knowledge of architectur, a felt that she could give the woman's pariment what was wanted. She said is had devoted weeks designing the build and now she sent it to the woman's be confident that it would meet with approand certain that it would bring her a money and reputation she wanted. The

money and reputation she wanted. was a pathetic little note of hope in the

ter, and the ladies, when they read it touched with sympathy.

The plans? They were hardly worth

ing at. They consisted of a num unintelligible lines and figures dra

pencil over cheap foolscap paper.

They represented merely one of wrecked hopes that always mark the

There is a man in Atlanta who

about constantly in a blaze of hope,

lar now, of course not, and there's the beauty of it. I dirt cheap. In five years they'll be

richest cotton plantations in the Look at Florida-half of Florida

der water once. Look at it i billions. That's the way my

turn out. I'll tell you, old man

A few days later:
"By George, I've got a gold mins forganized a syndicate to build a scrallroad through north Georgia. It'll

regions and five hundred tourists will over it every year. We'll build he along the route and thousands will suthere. With the expenditure of a few dred dollars we will make it she most over the mountains through the n

His latest:
"See, I've got a good scheme. To read about the trouble in Cuba? The

dred dollars we will make it the

teresting section in the world.

a revolution there. It's bound to Cuban independence will be achie

then there'll be a tremendous boo everything's awfully depressed. buy property there for next to I've organized a syndicate to but

ban lands and wait until the trouble over. Scarcely any money is needed, we've got to do is to buy and wait for rise in value. If I don't make a cool is dred thousand out of it. I'll be disappointed."

ress of any public movement.

of his own bright imagina He met a friend a

few weeks ago. "Old

man," he said, beaming with joy, "I've

struck it rich at last.

I'll make a cool hun-

it if a dollar. I've

dred thousand out of

bought off several

thousand acres of

swamp lands in Lou-

siana and Mississip-

pl. Not worth a dol-

a pile in it."

excellent merit and either of wh

Plans for the

man's building a coming in Hands

designs worked

with skill and f

were sent in by male architects

ability and rep

dents in leading

leges of the o

sent in draw

that were mary

man's department of the expositi

breath, recited the thrilling

week's work," was the reply.

"Ten minutes."

long ago.

lanta long before the war.

rience with one of

jokes. He is a prac-

tical joker and de-lights in experiment-

just the time when

they are being initi-

ated into the mys-

teries of journalism.

One day during the

snow, Mr. Burke met

a new reporter and

a bright thought

ing with

tey. It was a great pen for pr

key. It was a great pen for priso on election days and circus da Ben would fill it up. He was not of police, station house keeper key, but he met all the trains

A huge fron key, big enough

enough to make a form is one of the prized relics of Uncle b lanta's oldest zens. The key is

which in which in the partial days of ante-bell times, when Atla was a village, Unc

talked, but so sible democra their talk was Colonel J. B. in the south of says, has no ever, advanced nation in the against the but well adapted to its purpose.
"There's Uncle Ben's key," said zen yesterday as he handed it to me, was the only thing that would open door of the little wooden prison that a between the Broad street bridge and Whitehall street crossing on the side of the railroad. The prison we small insecure-looking affair, and the

view with exnight look to the exact situ been a compro of the state that Governor in under cove cinnati who ha aker's politic first to oppos presidential made very so ing sentime them and tha anything for t have no opp of ever again tics, for McEir solid Ohio deler it is, there is in the republic seems to be a been in years ments of stren candidates hav my opinion, is

THE P.

Governor M

gave a decided

tics and politi

regard to the

national camp

and almost all

Mr. A. B. V er who was some of the ta the democra "that there is mocracy and to the effect ! next time. Of you may be a racy. I mean land democrat Grover Cleve administration the present a country will mocracy as a represented lespecially up

A western

strong, of I view of the s

horse year."

the next nat diate Clevel withdraw all votes in the be able to h don't think n ing up the that while the dicate a possin some of the next natistates will been in the however. The and all that unless there in the conversany western nated. Of contain the conversant the contains crats in the believe that will try and that convention venting open of but if they go simply getting platform and they will find to follow will-

congressions Mr. R. E. : clined, in his to stand up v patrick and to ries throwing that all this The mere fac a small riotmost every str the fact that t not by any med be any further when there see he would have than he is now My advices andown there to when there s

> reception at the honors of the o by another pol may not be as ernor, has a me That was Rol Reed is a wa Kinley, and wh his respects the him and extend "Now, here's capture the vo

there will be a

For a time

nature,"

turned to Reed hold you have come down to Politician' dow three different have just miss Reed laughed would guara witches. Mr. Hanna, right-hand ma of the princip where Reed wa actor, and the men dates bac took the comed rest of the rece orly to Govern tion. As a ma

gentlemen in turned to Reed

presence at the of his name wi principal oppon Captain Hur of the officials Insurance Compabout the disa Bache, the New "We have ma

any number

to find some the Hunt, "but we and now feel co foul play. As y Among the

city yesterday ding, representa J. B. Cumming Senator Bryan ters, of Dahlone Lumpkin county
Athens; Dr. Sai
is making a repu
nel John J. Si
young lawyer f
Hutcherson, rep

OF THE TOWN

days of ante

coming in Han were sent in by fa ability and reput-tion. Young lady sta-dents in leading of leges of the cou

that were marvel beauty and skill.

I woman—every line of the the character of the writer— said that she was poor, lam-nd that she had long been any ways to obtain recog-the money that she needed saw the advertisement of although not an architect uld give the woman's wanted. She said was wanted. She said the seks designing the building to the woman's boar would meet with approve tit would bring her that the said that the sa

consisted of a number ines and figures drawn ap foolscap paper.

Interest merely one of that always mark the pro-

in a blaze of hope, imagination.

"Old · Date

the beauty of it. I got he years they'll be the ntations in the country half of Florida was un

dicate to build a seem north Georgia. It'll rest through the moonsh undred tourists will re. We'll build hots

a good scheme. You rouble in Cuba? These. It's bound to succe will be achieved a tremendous boom. No ully depressed. You ore for next to nothing syndicate to buy up (wait until the trouble by money is needed, s to buy and wait for I don't make a cool hut of it, I'll be disc

THE PASSING THRONG.

Governor McKinley's presence in Atlanta gave a decided impetus to the talk of poli-tics and political matters, especially with regard to the developments of the next national campaign. The republicans talked, and almost all of them resident in this section talked for McKinley; the democrats talked, but so far as centering upon possible democratic nominees was concerned their talk was at random,

Colonel J. B. Hamilton, an Chican who is in the south on business and whose trip, he says, has no political significance whatever, advanced an idea concerning the situation in the Euckeye state. "The interview with ex-Governor Foraker," said he, might look to one who is not familiar with the exact situation in Ohio like there had been a compromise. The fact is that the overwhelming sentiment of the republicans of the state was so strong for McKinley that Governor Foraker had simply to get in under cover. Some of the men at Cincinnati who have been identified with Foraker's political fortunes were inclined at first to oppose Governor McKinley in his presidential aspirations, but they were made very soon to see that the overwheiming sentiment of the state was against them and that their only chance to get anything for their man was by courtesy of the McKinley men. As it is Foraker will have no opposition for the senate. If he have no opposition for the senate. If he had fought McKinley, he would have lost in that fight and would have lost all chance of ever again cutting any figure in politics, for McKinley would have carried the tics, for McKinley would have carried the solid Ohlo delegation, fight or no fight. As it is, there is harmony with a great big H in the republican ranks of Ohlo and there seems to be a better chance than there has been in years for Ohlo to carry off the complexity. McKinley has work many clean ments of strength which none of the other ments of strength while nomination, in candidates have, and his nomination, in my opinion, is pretty well assured. I know there is a good deal of talk about dark horses, but I don't believe this is a dark

Mr. A. B. Werner, a Massachusetts banker who was in the Kimball corridor, did some of the talking about the situation in the democratic party. "I know," said he, "that there is a strong sentiment in some sections of the country against eastern de-mecracy and there is a good deal of talk to the effect that no eastern democrat will be the nominee for the democratic party he the hominee for the definition of the course, it is too early to say who will be the nominee, but whoever it is, you may be sure that he will reflect the sentiments represented by eastern democracy. I mean by that he will be a Cleveland democrat. The party which nominated Grover Cleveland will not dare repudiate his Grover Cleveland will not dare reputate his administration. The fact is, I believe that the present anti-Cleveland sentiment in the country will blow away and that the democracy as a whole will stand to the views represented by Mr. Cleveland in his acts,

A western democrat, Captain F. B. Armstrong, of Indianapolis, took an opposite view of the situation. "If the democrats in the next national convention do not repudiate Clevelandism, they might as well withdraw all hopes of getting any electoral withdraw all nopes of getting any electors, yotes in the west," said he. "They may be able to hold the south in check, for I don't think much of this talk about breaking up the solid south. It seems to me that while the Tennessee election might indicate a possibility of republican success in some of the southern states, by the time the next national election rolls around these states will be found in line as they have been in the past. It is not so in the west, however. The sentiment against Cleveland and all that he represents is so strong that and all that he represents is so strong that unless there is an open fight made on him in the convention the chances for carrying any western state will be absolutely eliminated. Of course, there are goldbug democrats in the west, and all the cuckoos who believe that Cleveland could do no wrong will try and make their influence felt in that convention. They may succeed in prethat convention. They may succeed in pre-venting open criticism of the administration, but if they go ahead and are contented with simply getting out a lot of platitudes as a platform and making moonshine promises, they will find that the democratic defeat to follow will be worse than that in the last

Mr. R. E. Mason of New Orleans was inclined, in his talk at the depot yesterday, to stand up very strongly for Mayor Fitz-patrick and to laugh at the newspaper sto-ries throwing the blame for the trouble lown there upon the mayor.

"It's just a case where the people expect a man's foresight to be as good as his hind-sight," said he. "How could he have known that all this trouble was going to occur? ght or even small riot-and you know they call almost every street fight a riot these days— the fact that this trouble had occurred did not by any means indicate that there would be any further trouble of a serious nature, and if the mayor had called for the troops when there seemed to be no occasion for it, he would have been more bitterly criticised than he is now for having failed to do so. My advices are that everything is quiet down there today, and I do not think there will be any more trouble of a serious

For a time during Governor McKinley's reception at the Aragon it looked as if the honors of the occasion would be carried of by another politician, one who, while he may not be as strong in Ohio as is the gov-

That was Roland Reed, the comedian. Reed is a warm friend of Governor Mc Kinley, and when he stopped in to present his respects the governor, advancing toward him and extending his hand, said:

"Now, here's a politician who is able to capture the voters of both parties." And after introducing Mr. after introducing Mr. Reed to others of the gentlemen in his immediate vicinity, he turned to Reed and said: "I envy you the hold you have on the people. Won't you come down to Thomasville and give "The Politician' down there. You have a ician' down there. You know I've tried three different times to see you in it and have just missed you every time." Reed laughed and asked if the governor would guarantee the south Georgia

Mr. Hanna, who is Governor McKinley's right-hand man, is the proprietor of one of the principal theaters in Cleveland, where Reed was, as a young man, a stock actor, and the friendship between the two men dates back nearly twenty years. He took the comedian in charge and during the rest of the reception Mr. Reed was second orly to Governor McKinley as the attraction. As a matter of course there were any number of alleged jokes made on his presence at the reception and the direction.

rincipal opponent. Captain Hunt of Cincinnati, who is the officials of the Union Central Life Insurance Company, was talking yesterday about the disappearance of Mr. John O. Bache, the New York manager of that company.

presence at the reception and the similarity of his name with that of Major McKinley's

pany. "We have made every effort in the world "We have made every effort in the world Colonel We have made every effort in the world to find some trace of him," said Colonel Hunt, "but we have been unable to do so and now feel convinced that there has been foul play. As yet there is no clue, but the search is being kept up as earnestly as ever."

Among the prominent Georgians in the city yesterday were: Hon. John R. Redding, representative from Pike county; Hon. J. B. Cumming, of Augusta, and his son, Senator Private Comminer. Senator Bryan Cumming; Hon. W. Char-ters, of Dahlonega, ex-representative from Lumpkin county; Hon. Wiley Burnett, of Athens; Dr. Sam Everett, of Macon, who is making. is making a reputation as a hypretist; Colonel John J. Strickland, the well-known young lawyer from Athens; Hon. Hutcherson, representative from Che Tom county, and Mr. E. K. Lumpkin, of AthHOLD OTHER VIEWS

Atlanta Citizens of Northern Birth Don't Agree with Lawyer Moore.

STRONGLY DISAPPROVE HIS SENTIMENTS

The Attorney Is Silent Regarding His Letter, and Says He Will Make a Statement at the Right Time.

agree with the views expressed in the letter of Frank F. Moore, the attorney who wrote to a gentleman in Indiana in a strain that was decidedly uncomplimentary to

Georgia and Georgians.

A number representative of this class yesterday expressed strong disapproval of the sentiments of Moore's letter, and said that they felt as much at home in the south as in the place of their birth.

Lawyer Moore was not disposed to talk about the matter at all. He was not pleased that it had got into print, and said that when he got a full copy of the letter he would have something to say. He said he thought the man to whom the letter was written was a former friend who lived in the same town in which he had lived in Indiana. He has been here a year and a half, and from his remarks does not wholly approve of this state. He said that an infriend of his who had come down dana friend of his who had come down here to go into business had "got stuck," and had to go back to his old home.

Mr. Moore was asked if he had been shown any incivility or inhospitality by southern people.

"I refuse to answer that question." he said; "I will make my showing in full time, I want to get a full copy of that letter. I can present affidavits if necessary."

Lawyer Moore declined to say whether he had been shown any uncivil treatment, but intimated that friends of his had. He said had large interests in Georgia. I don't want to make any statement now," he said.

The letter which Attorney Moore wrote was again heard from yesterday. Mr. Joe Cunningham, of Cunningham & Utter, of Lafayette, Ind., wrote to ex-Governor Northen two weeks ago, enclosing extracts from the letter—the same as printed in yesterday's paper. Mr. Cunningham said it was useless to try to get people to come to Georgia when such letters as Moorel's were Georgia when such letters as Moore's were being sent out. He said that Mr. J. A. Royal, of Dayton, Ind., had a carload of his belongings loaded ready to be shipped when he received Moore's letter, and decided not to come to this state. Cunningham said that he had traveled extensively in this state, and had taken pains to strongly deny

the statements contained in the letter. When he received Cunningham's letter,

When he received Cunningham's letter, Governor Northen, who was interested in inducing Royal to locate in Georgia, wrote the following note to Mr. Moore:

"Mr. Moore: Dear Sir—I am in receipt of information that you are doing what may be within your power to keep people from the west from settling in this state, through representations based upon what you insist is the inhospitality and bad character of our people. I would be glad to know if this is true, and upon what you base your statements. My own information is that we have hundreds of people from the north and west living in this city and scattered throughout this state, who are thoroughly well pleased, not only with the natural conditions of the state, but with the warmhearted hospitable character of our people. If you have information to the contrary I shall be pleased to know from what source you get your information. Truly, etc.,

"W. J. NORTHEN, Manager."

"February 28th."

Governor Northen received this reply

"W. J. NORTHEN, Manager.

"February 26th."

Governor Northen received this reply from Attorney Moore:

"My Dear Sir: I am in receipt of yours under the date of 26th instant, directed to 'Mr. Moore, care Russell & Moore, which, I assume, is intended for me, as I am the only person of that name receiving mail through that firm. I answer your letter on this assumption.

"It is through courtesy I reply to your letter, and through self-respect that I decline either to affirm or deny its insinuating matter. I claim the right to remain out of all gossip controversies until I am assured that the tale-bearer is worthy of some respect and belief. I do not know your informer. If he is honorable, I ought to deny his statements; if he is not, you ought not to regard what he says long enough to commit it to paper and the post. I cannot assume that a tattler is reliable—the presumption is the other way.

"If you will kindly do what you request me to do, namely, furnish me the source of 'your information' with a testimonial that it is ordinarily trustworthy, (your statement on this point will be ample) we will then have taken the correct step toward the source of this calumny. I shall take care of the rest.

"I own 118,520 acres of land in Georgia, and hope either to colonize part of it or

shall take care of the rest.

'Town IIS,50 acres of land in Georgia, and hope either to colonize part of it or sell it all. Now, I leave it to you to decide whether such conduct as your letter imputes to me is consistent with this fact. A man with the 'power to keep people from the west from settling in this state' ought to be credited with having a little sense. sense.
"I will go further and say that the letter I am replying to is the only inhospitable

I am replying to is the only inhospitable treatment I have ever received in the state of Georgia—the sole incivility even. If I wished to make a point on this question I should want nothing better than this letter. I am, dear sir, very truly yours, "Atlanta, Ga., Fernank F. MOORE. "Atlanta, Ga., Fernank T. To this letter Governor Northen made this response:

this response:
"Mr. Frank F. Moore, Dear Sir: My let-"Mr. Frank F. Moore, Dear Sir: My letter to you was based upon a direct statement from a party in Indiana, who is reported to me to be an honorable man. Since you pronounce his statements a calumny, and say of the author, "if he is honorable I ought to deny his statements," I have sufficient reason to believe that you have not made the statements that have reached me, and I do not think it necessary for you to make further denial.

"As this was a matter of interest to me personally as a citizen of the state, and because of my business connections; and as the matter came directly in connection with my own affair, I determined to learn the authority for the statements reported to "me."

to me.
"I am glad to know that you have had
no 'incivility' offered to you as a resident
of this state greater than the inquiry made
in my letter to which you have replied.
Yours, etc.,
W. J. NORTHEN."

General Lewis on the Letter. General James R. Lewis smiled when h was asked what he thought of the letter

yesterday.
"Why," he said, "I have not found it necessary to surrender a single opinion or conviction since I have been in Atlanta, and I have lived here many years. Geor-gians may not agree with my political views, but I go to the Capital City Club, where you may meet the typical and representative southerners, and them the political issues of the day. talk in a friendly, social way. I do not give up my convictions and ask no man to

give up his.
"As to the future of the south-it is no longer a question for discussion. Its great advantages are well known to the country. I meet in Chicago, Boston and New York men of wealth and capital who are greatly interested in the future of this section. They believe in it and are glad to see it become mighty and prosperous."

Mr. Atkinson Feels at Home. Mr. H. M. Atkinson, a prominent young Atlantian who came here from Massachu-setts, said that he did not think the letter

setts, said that he did not think the letter called for any answer.

"I feel more at home in Atlanta," said he, "than I do anywhere else.

"The south is more American than any other section of the United States. There are fewer people of foreign birth here and tho people here always give the stranger cordial and hospitable greeting. I have not so surrender his opinions I have not found it out in a dozen years here. I have met with no incivility, inhospitality or intolerance. I like the south and its people, and of its future too much cannot be said. I don't

like to put myself in the attitude of taking notice of such statements regarding the south, as answer is not necessary."

L. B. Nelson on the South. Mr. L. B. Nelson said, concerning the Moore letter: "I have read what purported to be ex-

"I have read what purported to be extracts from a letter said to have been written by one F. F. Moore, of Atlanta, Gs. These extracts indicate a letter so bitter and unreasonable that it seems to me folly to answer it.

"My own experience in Georgia has made stronger an opinion formed many years ago that human nature is much the same the world over. I have lived here same the world over. I have lived her same the world over. I have lived here more than thirteen years; have been treated well--quite as well, no doubt, as I deserved. Perhaps my failure to find evidences of war still going on was because I did not come with my war paint on, and my quills sticking is every direction, with a chip always on my own shoulder. Unreasonable people are found in all states and localities--people are found in all states and localities--people.

The second second second

are found in all states and localities --- people with prejudices for and against any locality, even paradise.
"Those who desire to settle in a new home should investigate carefully, examine far as possible for themselves; not take as absolute truth any statement of any per-son which is fulsome in its praise or unrea-sonable in its condemnation of any given

Mr. Runnette on the South. Mr. Charles Runnette, cashier of the Fidelity Trust and Banking Company, expressed his views in a decidedly emphatic manner. He said that he had read the article in The Constitution in which portions

of Lawyer Moore's letter were printed "I think, to begin with," said Mr. Runnette, "that such letters should not be given any weight or consideration and should be left without publicity. I understand that the writer is a northern man, and I an very sorry, if it should be true. I am from the north, but I hold in mind no such divis-

ions as north and south.
"I have lived in Atlanta three years, and have been treated as cordially, as well, an as hongetly as I ever was in any section in which I have lived. I am doing all I can to get friends in the north to come south and invest their money, for it is the coming and invest their money, for it is the commission of the section. There are some people, however, who would have to take their neighbors with them. This is true only because of the man, If a man comes south with the intention of working in it and for its interest, as well as his own, he can have n cause to complain. Such conditions as those named in the letter do not exist in Atlanta, I am sure, and I do not believe that they exist elsewhere."

Mr. Wey Disagrees.

Mr. H. B. Wey, of Dobbs, Wey & Co., is a northerner, and has been in the south for nearly ten years. His partner, Mr. Dobbs, is a southern man—born and raised in Geor-

gia.
"I read the article," said Mr. Wey, yes teday morning. "I know nothing of the writer. What he states, however, as conditions that now exist in the south, is not correct in a single detail. I am a northerner, but the south has been my home for nine years. Probably the best friends I have ever had are the men with whom I associate every day in this city. I never met with anything that could be even distorte so as to make such utterances in the letter

Considers Himself a Southerner. Mr. Charles H. Willcox, speaking of Mr. Moore's letter, said: "It seems to me that t would be well to suspend judgment unti a full and correct copy of Mr. Moore's let-ter is forthcoming, and which he has prom-ised to give to the public. "So far as southern people are concerned,

I consider myself one of them, although I was born in Philadelphia. I have never been was born in Finiadelpina. I made how treated otherwise than a gentleman has a right to expect, whether he comes from Pennsylvania, Indiana or Georgia." What Mr. Miles Says.

Mr. William B. Miles, of Miles & Stiff.

who is a northerner, said that he read the article with much astonishment.

"There is nothing in such talk," said Mr. Miles. "A man is well treated in the south if he bears himself properly. In fact, a great deal depends upton the man. A south-ern man would be just as well treated north as northern men south. I have, in-stead of ground for complaint, cause for con-gratulation in the fact that I am now a southern man."

He Loves the South.

The following communication from Mr. J. Hall, a well-known young attorney Atlanta, speaks for itself. Mr. Hall in Atlanta, speaks for itself. Mr. Hall came here from Minnesota about two years ago, since which time he has been engaged in the office of Messrs. Dorsey, Brewste & Howell. He has made many warn friends in Atlanta during his residence here, and his cordial words about the south are spoken from the heart. He writes as follows:

writes as follows:

"Atlanta, Ga., March 13, 1895.—Editor Constitution: I was not only surprised, but greatly mortified to read in the columns greatly mortified to read in the columns of your paper of this morning's issue a very harsh and unjust criticism of the south and her people, written by an Atlanta lawyer who is said to be a native of the north. Being a northern man myself, I feel that to pass such a letter by unnoticed would be to sanction its sentiments, which do the people of the north a greater injustice than the people of the south. I wish to assure you that this letter by no means expresses the sentiments of the average northern man who has visited the south. The author of the criticism is greatly in error in his statement as to the veracity and magnanimity of the southern people, and it pains me greatly to hear

the south. The author of the criticism is greatly in error in his statement as to the veracity and magnanimity of the southern people, and it pains me greatly to hear any man, and more especially one from the north, express himself in such terms of the southern people, many of whom are my dearest and nearest friends.

I came here from the north less than two years ago, a perfect stranger to every-body in the city of Atlanta, as well as in Georgia. I brought with me neither wealth nor influence, and I found here among the southern people some of the warmest and truest hearts that ever beat in mortal breasts. I was taken in, a perfect stranger, and treated as a friend, without a recommendation from any one save myself. I was given a position with a law firm in this city, which has enabled me to make a good living for myself and family ever since. From that good time until this, the people of the south have been warm friends of mine instead of strangers. The letter written by my friend from the north, and all such letters, only tend to embitter the nort against the-south, and can but make the south feel that the people of the north are an ungrateful and coarse set of people. They leave the wrong impression on the minds of the people both north and south, and do more harm to all honest and industrious people than the bloody knife of the assassin. I am proud to say that I am from the north, as every man should feel proud of his native state, but I must say that never in the welve states I have visited, north, west and south, have I ever met with a more sincere, honest and social people than the genuine Georgia cracker. I know of no place where an honest, energetic man, even though a stranger, will be more readily received and more kindly treated than in the city of Atlanta. Sincerely yours,

NEW SCHEDULE SOUTHERN RY.

The Night Train to Leave Atlanta Forty-Five Minutes Later.

By the new schedule of the Southern railway, effective March 17th, the fast mail which now leaves Atlanta at 9 o'clock which now leaves Atlanta at 9 o'clock p. m., will be changed to leave at 9:45 o'clock p. m., forty-five minutes later than now. This train carries through Pullman sleepers to New York, and the train goes solid to Washington, with close connection at Danville for Richmond, and at Greensboro for Durham. Raleigh and Goldsboro, N. C. Also connects at Spartanburg for Asheville.

WILL WORK TODAY

The Ball Team Will Go Out to the Park fer a Turn.

GIVEN A GOOD WALK YESTERDAY

The Men Are Anxious to Get to Work Schmidt Is Here and in Good Shape-Other Ball News.

The clear sky, the spring-like air and th

southern winds put life into the members of the Atlanta baseball team yesterday. Immediately after breakfast Manager Knowles marshaled his men together at the Hotel Marion and led them a good long tramp out Peachtree street to Ponce de Leon and back by Jackson and the Boulevard, where they were taken into the grounds for the first time and shown the plat upon which they are expected to vanquish all comers.

The walk was a good, strong one, and the men were ready for a bath and rub down when they reached the Young Men's Christian Association. Then the rest that fol-lowed before dinner was relished by all. After dinner the men went to the ball park, but the grounds were so muddy and we but the grounds were so muddy and wet-that nothing could be done. They are all here now except Fried, who will arrive today some time. Schmidt came in yes-terday, and is in good form, if appear-ances go for anything. He says that he is out this year for the purpose of winning back all he lost in the past season by his erratic conduct.

of the many baseball teams Atlanta has had, the one Manager Knowles has brought around him is one of the most likely look-ing. There is not a man on the roll who does not carry himself well and who does not make a show, nothing can be said yet about them. Within the next ten days they were hired to play ball, and not to make a show, nothing can be said yet about them. Within the next ten days they will be given a chance to show what they can do, and if they can play ball as well as they can make friends, Atlanta will have a good team.

The weather indications are that this will

the weather indications are that this will be a clear, cold day, but if will not be too cold, so the weather prophet, who is a great lover of the game, says, to play a little. If the weather man is correct in what he says, Manager Knowles will lead his men to the ball park, where the ball will be tossed about a little. It will be remembered that Montgomery,

several weeks ago, laid claim to Delehanty, Atlanta's promising second baseman. Mr. Bailey, correspondent of Sporting Life, has made a thorough investigation of the case, and yesterday wrote The Constitution, say-"Since writing that article I have learned

that we have no claim on Delehanty what-ever. I was glad that you were able to land him, for in him you have a man woo will give entire satisfaction. About the Players. Fisher, the Tennessee coy, who is to play in the outfield, is said to be one of the quickest men on his feet in the south

Augusta all winter.

Green, who is considered one of the win ning pitchers, is a Charlotte N. C. he has been playing three years, and has one some mighty good work.

Manager Knowles is not near so heavy as he was when he came to the city. He has

been working hard and is now in good con dition, and needs only a little outdoor ex ercise to put him in the best of shape.

The directors have decided to place on sale twenty-five season books. Each book contains 100 coupons, and the coupons are good either at the gate or the grand stand. Callahan is anxious for the opening day of the season, when he hopes to have a chance to pitch the Atlantas into victory. Red Armstrong never looked better, and if he takes the right care of himself he will

prove one of the star players of the asso-Schmidt thinks he can do better work this

scannick than ever before. So do some of Schmidt's friends.
Goodenough is cultivating sprinting. He always was good on his feet, but he thinks he will be better this year than ever.
Manager Knowles is trading with one of the strongest young pitchers in the country and is hopeful of landing him. The Giants Play at Jacksonville.

Jacksonville, Fla., March 13 .- The two teams of the Giants put up a snappy game today, which was characterized by good hitting, first-class team work and good base running. The youngsters kept the old

No Game at Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., March 13.—Rain prevented the game between Washington and Brook-

lyn here today. Washington left this af-

ternoon, and Brooklyn leaves tomorrow morning, for Charleston, where they will MR. R. C. MORSE IS HERE.

He Is a Prominent Y. M. C. A. Official on His Way to Athens. Mr. Richard C. Morse, of New York, the chairman of the international committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, reached Atlanta yesterday afternoon on his

figures at the state convention that meets in Athens today. A few days ago the twenty-fifth anniversary of Mr. Morse's connection with the Young Men's Christian Association of New York was signalized by his friends and ad-

Mr. Morse will be one of the picturesque

way to the Classic City.

mirers in that city, who presented him with a check for \$5,000. Mr. Morse was taken in charge yesterday afternoon by the officers of the Young Men's Christian Association and shown about the buildings. Mr. E. L. Mathews, about the buildings. Mr. E. L. Mathews, the secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, and Mr. W. A. Waggoner, the railroad secretary, served as a special committee in taking care of the distinguished visitor.

A majority of the delegates to the seven-

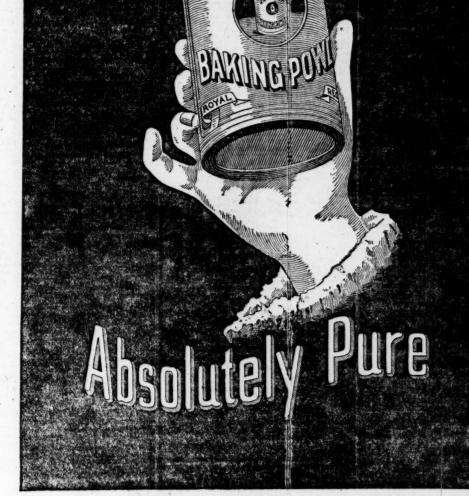
A majority of the delegates to the seven-teenth annual convention of the Young Men's Christian Associations of the state of Georgia will leave the city this morning. The convention will be called to order this afternoon at 4 o'clock by Hon. Henry Hillyer. The addresses of welcome and the formal opening exercises will occur to-night.

The programme of the convention was vice will be held in the First Presbyterian church. The sessions of the convention will be held in the First Baptist church.

QUITE A PLEASURE. And Many Atlantians Are Enjoy-

ing It. Ing It.

It is such a pleasure to go to a store when you want to buy a thing and have a large assortment from which to select, and especially when you want to purchase pictures or frames. This can truly be said of Mr. Sam Walker, at 10 Marletia street. No matter what you want—whether a pastel, oil painting, photogravure of etching—he can fill your order. He also has a complete line of frames, and will frame pictures for you at a very low price.



WAS A HUGE STEAL

Big Diamond Robbery Played by a Bold Crook on Atlanta Merchants.

HE GOT TWO VALUABLE PACKAGES

He Worked Through the Express Company, and Had the Packages Ship-

A diamond robbery to which Atlanta fewelers fell victims to the amount of

3,000 was discovered yesterday. The steal was maneuvered in a bold way. It was the work of a professional crook. He fixed his plans well. He was in a small town in south Georgia, where he opened up correspondence with the A. L. Delkin Company and Stilson & Collins, the Whitehall street jewelers. He gave the name of a prominent merchant of the place and ordered from each jeweler a large supply of glittering gems to select

from. The samples were promptly sent and duly received by the crook, who scooped the stones and skipped by the next train. In which direction he went, whether to Savannah, from Midville, the place where the steal was operated, and then to New York by steamer, or whether he got away through Macon and Atlanta, is not known. The officers of the Southern Express Cor pany are already on the alert and the de-

notified. How the Order Came.

It was last Friday that a letter came to Delkin postmarked "Swainsboro, Ga." It was written in a neat business hand and the letterhead, too, was in good shape. The communication was signed "J. C. Coleman," the same name that adorned the top of the page. The letter asked that a supply of diamond rings be sent, as the firm was going to buy a supply and wished a large and varied assortment to select

At the same time a similar letter was received by Mr. F. J. Stilson. The same signature was there and it carried the same request, except that it called for a number of gold watches in addition to the diamond rings.

Neither of the merchants had ever dealt with Coleman. He was a new man to them, but Bradstreet was convenient and they looked up his standing financially. There was no trouble in finding the name. J. C. Coleman, jeweler, Swainsboro, Ga., was there and he was rated at \$175,000. Neither jeweler, of course, at that time knew that the other had received an order. Boxed Off the Gems.

Assured of the good credit of the firm th merchants did not hesitate to consider the order. Saturday morning Mr. Deikin seected a number of handsome rings. Some of them had been in stock only a day or two, and were of the latest designs. So, with great care and pride, he buried them away in a box of red cotton, all ready for shipment, and put them off through the Southern Express Company.

Likewise, Mr. Stilson, with the prospect of a good trade in view, boxed up a number of gold watches and diamonds. These got off by express at the same time that the other ackage was shipped.

In the meantime the crook was playing

his game well. There is no express office at Swafnsboro. The packages were put off at Moville, a small station several miles

The thief was there. He expected the The thief was there. He expected the packages, and called for them in the name of Coleman, He fooled the agent and secured the prize. That was Monday afternoon. In a few hours he had jumped the

place and was skipping away richer by In some way the steal was discovered yes-

terday by the express company. Messrs. Stilson and Delkin were wired and made

immediate report to the detectives. A description of the man was gained and the city searched thoroughly by Detectives Green and Wooten, What the Jowelers Say.

What the Jewelers Say.

Neither of the jewelers cares to talk very much of his loss. Both acknowledge that they were robbed.

"I received the order," said Mr. Deikin, and thought that Coleman was all right from his rating in Bradstreet. I sent the diamons out—between \$1,000 and \$2,000 worth, I can't see how they were given to the wrong man."

Mr. Stilson says that his loss will amount o \$1,000. He loses also three or four fine

watches. "Coleman was rated at \$175,000, and o course I sent the things," he said. We shall use every effort to get hold of the thief. Telegrams will be sent out in every direction today, and it is possible that the man with the gems will be caught,"

It is understood that J. C. Coleman, of Swainsboro, is thoroughly reliable, and that some crook, making use of this planned and carried out the robbery.

A MORNING TRAIN TO FLORIDA. The Southern Railway Improves Its Schedules to Florida. By the new schedule of the Southern rail way, effective next Sunday, March 17th, the train which leaves Atlanta at 7:45 a. m. daily will be extended beyond Macon, and this train will run through to Bruns-wick, with close connections for Jacksonville. The entire trip will be made by day

light, and with this improvement of ser-

vice the Southern railway runs three trains a day for Florida. This is the most su-perior train service that has ever been operated.

This train also connects closely for Hawkinsville, making a daylight trip for all points on the line in the southwestern portion of the state.

The Exposition Exhibit.

From The Montgomery Advertiser. The meeting of the Alabama Commercial Association, which is to be held at Birmingham, April 2d, will be a gathering of great importance to the entire state, and all sections should have representatives there. The object of the meeting is to perfect a plan for making an exhibition o ma's resources at the Cotton States and International exposition, and to appoint suitable committees to take charge of the matter, carry on the work of raising a fund for this purpose, and gather the material

for the exhibit. It is desired to make the display as nearly perfect as possible, in order to place before investors and others who may visit the exposition, the varied resources of our state in such manner that the many advantages offered to the capitalist and the manufacturer can be readily perceived.

The citizens of the entire state are interested in this matter, and there should be no recognition of towns or counties, but all, whether from the Tennessee valley, the mineral belt, the black belt, or the tember section, should work with perfect unanimity for the success of this undertaking. The benefit to be reaped, from a good display of our resources, will be far-reaching, and there is not a hamlet in the state that will not, either directly or indirectly, profit by it. A committee will, in all probability, be appointed to prepare printed mat ter for free distribution, and it is the duty of every governing board of all towns and counties to see that the information needed in regard to the different sections of the

state is made ready for them. There is no doubt that Alabama, with he wealth of mineral, timber and rich land, is the peer of any state in the union, and pffers to promoters of manufacturing enterprises, investors, or immigrants, a coterie of advantages that cannot be duplicated. It is necessary that this should be made known and the opportunity offered by the Cotton States exposition to place it before the world must be utilized to its greatest ca-

This exhibit will be a display of Alabama's resources made by the patriotism of her citizens, and unless money is forthcoming to make it complete, it will cast a shadow upon every citizen of the state. We are confident that our patriotic residents ter, and, when the various committees get work, there will be an influx of mot and material for the display that will be amply abundant.

MIXED BABIES.

They Were Born to Mother and Daughter in One Day.

From The New York Journal.

Last summer there was a double wedding at East Quogue, L. I. Mrs. Pelham Appleby, a winsome widow, became Mrs. Percival Graydon, and the eighteen-year-old daughter was wedded to Cummings Gordon,
What is vaguely known as an "interesting event" took place in the old mansion yes-terday. Two new and vociferous voices disturbed its usual quiet. A rumor of twins pervaded East Quogue. Some said Mrs. Gordon was "doing as well as could be expected," and others said that it was Mrs. Graydon who "was-getting along nicely."

Each had been vouchsafed an heir the very same day, a coincidence which the village regarded as remarkable. The oldest dowager at East nothing like it. with large brown eyes, and each weighed just ten pounds and six ounces. They looked so much alike that nu one could tell them apart. turbed its usual quiet. A rumor of twins

ed so much alike that nu one could tell them apart.

The two babies were brought out by the white-capped nurse and handed around for general admiration. The ladies of the village were so delighted with the infants that they lifted them up and passed them around, and swapped them and traded them for half an hour. When the nurses returned to get the babies no one was able to tell which was which. There was a scene of confusion and panic. The rustes cried and talked about losing their situations. The visitors turned pale and almost fainted. Some ingenious and some wild projects were tried for identifying the babies, but all failed. In desperation they decided which was which by a popular vote.

MILLER'S SPRING DERBY

Has created a sensation among the young and dressy men.

No other hat approaches it in style and none excels it in quality,

A.O. M. Gay & Son

Sole Agents, Atlanta.

main & Bukele

WATCHES.

DIAMONDS. . JEWELRY, Cut Glass and Sterling Silver Ware.

31 WHITEHALL ST. STILSON-COLLINS JEWELRY CO.,

55 Whitehall St., Make a specialty of reliable and standard goods.

COTTON WAS ACTIVE

AS A CONSEQUENCE PRICES ARE LOWER

Stock Operators Devoted Their Time to Dividend Matters, Thus Causing a Dull Market.

New York, March 13.-After a strong opening the stock market became irregular, owing to the revival of reports about a reduction in the New York Central dividends. This stock was sold down to 33%, but the bulk of the selling was considered professional and for that reason without significance. So far as the dividend is concerned, people who have enjoyed the confidence of people who have enjoyed the confidence of ders in the past state that in their opininstears in the past state that in their opin-ion the regular rate will be maintained. Nothing definite, however, is known. The St. Paul directors tomorrow will take action on the dividend on the common, and the be-lief obtains that the board will offer the distribution of the usual rate. Operators generally devoted their time principally to dividend matters and business suffered in consequence. In the afternoon there was a more doing, and prices moved up all along the line. Sugar rose to 102%, Hocking Valley to 23½, General Electric to 29½, New York Central to 83¾, Delaware and Hudson to 124¾, Louisville and Nashville to 47¼, Jersey Central to 85½, New England to 35½ and Wheeling and Lake Erie to 10%. The rise in Sugar was ascribed to manipulation, and Hocking Valley and Wheeling and Lake Erie were strengthened the formation of the new bituminous pool by the Ohlo producers. General Electric moved up on favorable reports about the company's business. Western Union sold at 871/2@87%. The statement of the company at 872/2087/3. The statement of the company for the March quarter was better than ex-pected, the deficit being \$245,400. For the nine months ended March 31, 1295, according to the official statement, the surplus will be \$298,000. The directors have declared the regular dividend of 1½ per cent, payable April 15th. Speculation closed firm, with prices anywhere from ½ to 1½ per cent higher than on yesterday. New York Central lost ½, Western Union ¾ and Chicago Gas ¾ per cent. Bay State Gas fell 1½ to unconfirmed sensational rumors as to the financial standing of the concern.

The bond market was strong.
The sales of listed stock aggregated 97,000 shares, and of unlisted stock 43,000 shares.
Treasury balances: Coin, \$87,260,000; cur-

rency, \$12,785,000.

Money on call easy at 1½@2; last loan 1½; closing offered at 1½@2; printe mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent.

Bar silver 60%.

Mexican dollars 49.

Stelling avalance 6.

Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.87% @4.88 for 60 days and 4.89@4.89% for demand; posted rates 4.88%@4.90; commercial bills 4.86%@-4.87%.

Government bonds steady.

Railroad bonds firmer.

Silver at the board was 61% bid.
London, March 43.—Bar silver 27%d. Parls
advices quote 3 per cent rentes 103 francs
60 centimes for the account.

wat thing it mil me		
Am'n Cotton Oil 2214	Mobile & Ohio	
do. pref 671/2	Nash., Chat. & St. I.	
Am'n Sugar Refin . 102%	U S. Cordage	
do. pref 160143	do, pref	
Am'n Tobacco 98%	N. J. Central	
do, pref 105	N. Y. Central	
Atch., T. & Santa Fe 3%	N. Y. & N. E	
Baltimore & Ohio 523	Norfolk & Western.	
	Northern Pac	
Ches. & Ohio 1614	do. pref	
Chicago & Alton 146	Northwestern	ı
C., B. & Q 70%	do. pref	į
Chicago Gas 71	Pacific Mail	
Del., Lack. & W 157%	Reading	
Dis. & Cat. Feed 12%	Rock Island	
Erie 8	St. Paul	
do. pref 1534	do. pref	ì
Ed. Gen. Electric 29%	Filver Certificates	
1/1e. Central 83 4	T.C. I	
Lake Erie & West 155	do. pref	
do. pref 7014	Texas Pac	
	Unich Pac	
Lous, & Nash 47%	Wabash, St. L & P.	
L'ville, N. A.& Ohto. 634	do. pref	
Manhattan Consol 108	Western Union	
Memphis & Chas 10	Wheeling & L. Erie.	
Mich. Central 91	do. pref	
Missouri Pac 19%		
Bonds-		
Alabama, Class A 105	Va. funded debt:	
Co. Class B 105		1
do, Class C 95		i
Louisiana stamped 100	do. 28	1
N.C. 48 99	Couthern Raliway 53	
N. C. 68 126%	do, co a mod	
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Virginia 68 deferred. 814	S. C. 458	٩
do. Trust rec'ts, S 5%		
Ex-dividend Asked.		

Dow, Jones News Co., by private wire to J. C. Knox, manager: There was some weakness in Distillers and Cat-tle Feeders on the sale of 1,000 by Popper & Stern and 500 by Wormser & The general market was steady. After

a firm and higher opening, the stock mar-ket developed a declining tendency, prices reflecting the influence of a reduced short An unfavorable effect was produced by

the weakness of New York Central, which, after a slight rally, fell over 1 per cent.
This decline tended to revive rumors of
a dividend reduction.
A house which has influential and well-

advised connections says: "We have understood till quite recently that New York Central dividend would be 114, but this is Central dividend would be 1½, but this is not as certain as it seemed to be a few days ago. There is a difference of opinion in the board, with quite a strong interest in favor of a reduction. Those who think the regular dividend will be declared attach some importance to the advertised closing of the books on Friday as suggesting the regular course. We understand that there is no probability of the payment of 2 per cent on St. Paul. The only issue is whether it will be 1 per cent or nothing. Some of the directors are known to favor passing the dividend, while what is known as the Standard Oil party is supposed to favor the declaration of 1 per cent. Prob-abilities at the moment favor 1 per cent." Mr. Cammack covered his shorts in Northwest and St. Paul on Monday. street is still confident of at least 1 per cent dividend on St. Paul.

Assents to the distillers' plan came in Assents to the distiners plan came in freely Tuesday, and pledges of deposit were large. The committee has already a large amount of stock pledged to the plan, and we understand that the trust pany receipts will be listed before the 27th of March. The committee has endeavored to overcome the difficulties which have sometimes been experienced in getting as-sents by arranging for listing under con-ditions which will facilitate rather than Silver is selling this afternoon at 61%c, or

1/2c per ounce above the nominal price made this morning. The rise is caused by New York News Bureau: Hollins & Co.

There was no change in the price of refined sugar this morning.

The market was fairly steady, but buyers appear to have supplied their pressing wants for the moment. Raw sugars were

unchanged. Loaning rates: Atchison, Union Pacific, Erie, Louisville and Nashville, Western Union, Distillers and Cattle Feeders, Lake

Union, Distillers and Cattle Feeders, Lake Shore, Reading, flat; General Electric, Rhode Island, 1 per cent; Baltimore and Ohio, Northwest, flat to ½; Chicago Gas, 262½ per cent; Sugar and St. Paul, 1691½ per cent; New York Central, 1-32; Lackawanna, 1-25661-128; Jersey Central, 1-64; Northern Pacific preferred, 1-256.

Western Union declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, payable April 15th. Transfer books close March 20th and reopen April 1st.

Closing Stock Review.

New York, March 12.—New York News Bureau by private wire to J. C. Knox, man-ager: The stock market opened strong, but

afterwards suffered reactions under realizations, prices showing a response to the reduction in the general short interest.

The afternoon dealings were on a small scale, the only feature being a rise of over 1 per cent in General Electric on covering of shorts.

Sugar fell 1 per cent on realizations, but afterwards rallied to early quotations.

fterwards rallied to early quotations. Chicago Gas was irregular on a level of Chicago Gas was irregular on a level of per cent below last night's figures.

New York Central was heavy at a decline of over 1 per cent, a succeeding rally being short. Rumors have been revived that the dividend may be reduced on Friday.

Illinois Central lost 1 per cent after a strong opening but closed a tribe better.

strong opening, but closed a triße better. New England was strong at a gain of over 1 per cent Hocking Valley also was a strong fea-

The market closed irregular, but with a rallying tendency, Sugar taking the lead.

DESCRIPTION	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today's (losing bids	Yesterday's Closing bids
Delaware & Lack	157%	157%	157%	157%	157%
Northwestern	88%	89 8	881/8	88%	87%
Tenn. Coal & Iron	14	14	13%	13%	1348
Southern Railway			209	94	1934
New York & N. E	30%			313	30
Lake Shore	136	136	130	135	136
Western Union	88	88 191 _b	8714		1914
Missouri Pacific Union Pacific	19%		1914		814
Dist. & Cattle Feed Co.	12%		124	1234	1236
Atchison.			124	34	334
Reading			9	6	7.4
Louisville & Nash	47%	47%	4734	47%	4714
North. Pacific pref	14%			13%	14
St. Paul	5534				8514
Rock Island	6214			625	6214
Chicago Gas	713	71%		71	71%
Chic., Bur. & Quiney	7036	70%	7036	70%	70%
Ame'n Sugar Rednery	102%	10:34	10156	1023	101%
Erie				8	734
Am'n Cotton Oil	23	23	22%	2:3%	23
General Electric	281	20%	17 to 14.	285	2814

BOND AND S	TOC	ĸ	Q	U	01	'A'	rio	.er.	
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to 40 years 100	- 10	Colu	ın	abu	18 5		.102	10	3
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Financial Gossip

Financial Gossip

From The New York Stockholder.

On an increased volume of business, prices improved moderately Monday. The rise was limited to fractions, except in the case of Sugar and a few of the inactive specialties. The shorts bought considerable stock and traders generally were in for a turn on the long side.

In the case of Sugar, the usual plan is evidently being carried out—to allow no reaction of consequence until the shorts are all sacrificed. One firm, Clarence Mc-Kim & Co., succumbed just before the close yesterday. Probably between 105 and 110, the insiders will have accomplished their purpose in Sugar, then after moving within a few points' range for a white, the price will again go low in the nineties.

Sugar is the only one of the great speculative Industrials that has not gone to the bad—unless its former tumbles from 125 to 50 and 134 to 62, etc., are reckoned against it. It still offers great opportunities to the trader, however—and great dangers as well. The calamity to the investor is yet to come, Mr. Villard quoe conducted a "blind pool" with great success for a time. Sugar is certainly a blind pool to the investor. He knows nothing about its condition or earnings.

The market wants to improve somewhat.

The market wants to improve somewhat.

The Granger stocks scored moderate ral-lies, due to the covering of shorts. St. Paul improved in the face of disappointing earnings, a decrease of \$25.00 the first week in March, whereas some increase had been expected. The falling off from 1892, though in March, whereas some increase had been expected. The falling off from 1892, though the system in the latter period did not in-clude the Milwaukee and Northern (254 1818), which was operated separately, was

miles), which was operated separately statistics, which was operated separately and in 1892, on a mileage 254 greater. Less important results reported for the first week in March were decreases by the Iowa Cental \$5,000 and the Baltimore and Ohlo Southwestern \$11,000. Kansas and Texas led the increases with \$66,000. International and Great Northern increased \$17,000, Wheeling and Lake Erie \$7,000, Lake Erie and Western \$3,000 and Texas Pacific \$16,000.

Erie and Western \$3,000 and Texas Pacific \$18,000.

The Grand Trunk statement for January reflects the bad conditions with which that property has been struggling. There was a decrease in gross earnings of \$146,000 and by a heavy cut in expenses—\$172,000—the company managed to increase its net earnings \$26,000. Illinois Central's gross earnings in January increased \$122,000, operating expenses decreased \$69,000 and net earnings in the traffic situation. At the west the movement of wheat was a little larger, but generally speaking that of all kinds of grain was small. The weekly statement of assibuted shipments of dead freight from Chicago showed to what a low ebb that department of traffic has fallen.

The total was only \$5,000 ions, a falling off compared with the corresponding week in The Chicago car movement continued

compared with the corresponding week in 1894 of 32,000 tons.
The Chicago car movement continued small, eleven western roads bringing in only 177 cars of corn, of which the Grangers handled but thirty-one: Burlington twenty-five, Rock Island three, Northwest three and St. Paul none. The Illinois roads brought in 132: Alton thirty, Illinois Central thirty-eight, Wabash twenty-four and Chicago and East Illinois forty. Of wheat eleven roads handled but seventeen cars: Burlington two, Rock Island three, Northwest six, St. Paul nothing and Atchison five.

west six, two, Rock Island three, North-west six, St. Paul nothing and Atchison five.

Nothing of interest developed in connec-tion with the bankrupt properties. The Bos-ton News Bureau says the next movement in Union Pacific, now that the reorganiza-tion committee has dissolved, will be an attempt to put the Oregon Short Line and the Oregon Railway and Navigation Com-pany together as one system, irrespective of the Union Pacific or the government lier.

lien.

Foreclosure proceedings will also be pushed irrespective of the government, for it is argued that no one can be now found who will pay the government loans or the prior mortgages. Disintegration of the Union Pacific system and the building up of a strong system independent of the government, with the Oregon Railway and Navi-

THE COTTON MARKET.

	RECE	IPTS	STOCKS.			
	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894
Saturday	179	178	1500	220	14213	6111
Monday	264	130	1455	268	13022	5978
Tuesday	205	37	1100	120	12127	5893
Wednesday	202	38	200	575	12129	5351
Thursday	*****	*****	******			******
Friday		*****		******		
Total	750	378	4255	1228		

New York, March 13.—It was a rather feverish market and it was a big one, too. The Liverpool news was disappointing, and in brief this fact and realizing for local and southern accounts caused a final decline here of 4 to 6 points, though at one time there was a rise due to covering of shorts, and some outside buying. The New Orleans estimate for tomorrow was bullish moreover, and a number of the southern spot markets were higher. Sales ran up to 214,300, being the most active day in many monahs. In two days the sales have reached 450,000 bales. The failure of the Liverpool market to respond to yesterday's big advance was due, it is stated, to a fear that the recent advance will frustrate the efforts to secure a reduction in acreage. Besides the receipts at the ports and the interior towns continue large. At the same time Liverpool is active the south is stronger, the speculation here is on a large scale, and of late there has been such a pressure to cover shorts in May that that month today sold 3 points higher than June. Stevens & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

June,
Liverpool advanced 1 to 1½ points and closed very steady. Spot cotton there was in good demand at 1-324 higher with sales of 12,000. Manchester yarns were quiet but steady; cloths quiet. Spot cotton here was steady and unchanged with sales of 205 bales, including 100 on contract and 105 for spinning; middling 6c. Southern spot markets were generally steady to firm. Savannah and Memphis advanced 1-16c and Mobile, Norfolk and St. Louis ½c. New Orleans sold 4,000 and Memphis 3,400. Houston received today 4,639, against 3,325 this day last week and 2,258 last year; Augusta 482 against 778 and 222; Memphis 1,556 against 788 and 481; St. Louis 551 against 258 and 257 and Cincinnati 2,712 against 1,476 and 735, New Orleans receipts tomorrow are estimated at 2,000 against 4,211 last week and 3,567 last year. New Orleans was 4 points lower. The receipts at the ports were 24,000 against 9,700 last year. The market, it is contended by many, shows a firm undertone. It has advanced rapidly and materially within a week, and it has reacted very lightly. It, may be called a case of mere bull fever, but while the fever is on many of the shorts think that discretion is the better part of valor, and they had better cover, and they are doing so, Others are going long on the theory that the present price amply discounts an unprecedented yield during the present season.

The following is the range of cotton futures in New York today: Liverpool advanced 1 to 11/2 points and

MONTHS	Opening	Highest.	Lowest	Today's	Yesterday Clo
March	5.83	5.88	5.83	3.82-84	5,88-88
April	5 82		5.52		
May		5,96	5.84		
June		5.94	5.82	5.84-85	
July		5,94	5.87	5.87-88	
August	5.91		5.90	5.91	5,96-97
September	5.95	6.04	5.94	5.94-95	6.00-01
October	6.00		5.98	5.99	6.05-9

6 .	RECEIPTS		EXP	RTS.	STOCKS.		
	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	
Saturday	16145					8313	
Monday			17:226			8410	
Tuesday Wednesday	24276	9595				8495	
Thursday	20929					8409	
Friday							
Total	92948	43467	64778	26947			

knows nothing about its condition or earnings.

The market wants to improve somewhat.
Local conditions have favored a raily for some time. Untoward events have held it in check. Western Union's executive committee will order the regular quarteriy dividend of 1½ per cent. It has not been quite earned, as this is the leanest quarter of the year; but the net results are quite as favorable as they were for the corresponding quarter of 184, and the directors consider the earnings of the year, as a whole, justify them in continuing the regular rate.

Monday's speculation involved 205,00 slares were deadly them in continuing the regular rate.

Monday's speculation involved 205,00 slares, which was speculation involved 205,00 slares, which misiders were talking hopefully and shorts revered, which incidents are always in evidetce when insiders are making one of their characteristic upturns.

Exceptional weakness in and aggressive selling of New York Central, which was dealt in to the extent of 16,000 shares, made it a conspicuous feature of the railway list. Explanation of the recent ilquidation in this stock was set forth in an article on the condition of and outlook for the property published in these columns Monday morning, and which suggested clearly enough that the regular divined to was not to meet made bears rather timid, though the aggressiveness of Reading during the time that the committee appointed to report on tonnage statistics were about to meet made bears rather timid, though the aggressiveness of Reading during the time that the committee has been at work does not lend cominedence to the latter's efforts.

Louisville and Nashville was weak and also active, 13,000 shares being dealt in. London was a buyer as, in a moderate way, it was of other international stocks. Changes in specialties were chiefly on small dealings.

The Granger stocks scored moderate railes, due to the covering of shorts. St. Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, March 13.—Summary Hubbard. Price & Co.'s cotton letter: An active market today is the result of conflicting advices received here from the south as to the probability of a reduction in acreage. The belief has been created that the acreage will not be as much reduced as was thought probable when cotton was selling at ½c a pound lower, and many commission houses are in receipts of telegrams from the south stating that there will be little or no reduction. Our cables from Liverpool tell us that that market was adversely affected by the receipt of advices similar to those referred to above, and the response in that market to the advance here was not qual to expectations. Our opening was somewhat lower, but the market soon developed unusual strength and advanced quickly to the best prices of yesterday, from which point there was a sharp reaction caused by having offerings by prominent operators identified with the short side. A reaction at the close of business was due to the pressure to liquidate cotton and large sales by those who have for some time past been looking for a break in the market on account of the heavy movement. The fact remains, however, that the cotton in New York is held in very strong hands and does not yet show signs of being liquidated.

Henry Clews on Cotton.

Henry Clews on Cotton.

The following private wire telegram was received by Mr. J. C. Knex, manager, yesterday: "New York, March 13.—Henry Clews says: 'I am a believer in much nighter prices for cotton, People are buying now wire never bought before and inquiries come in every five minutes about the course of the market. People are taking courage. Everything that is a bargain is going to be abscrbed, and cotton is one of them. They are going to buy ahead. This sphrit is growing, because thus far buying has only been from hand to mouth. Present prices are low enough, and there need be no fear-even if the next crop is a large one. All advices that I have received go to show that the coming crop of cotton will be restricted and more time given to other crops. The late congress has been a drawback to trade in general, and now that it has adjourned, business will again boom, and cotton will-take a prominent part in it."

New Orleans Crop Statement.

New Orleans Crop Statement. New Orleans, La., March 13.—New Orleans cotton exchange statement: Receipts this year 33,462 bales, against 14,359 last year; shipments 43,973 bales, against 20,880 last year; stock, 301,457 bales, against 240,816 last

The Sun's Cotton Review.

New York, March 13.—Cotton declined 4 to 6 points, recovered this, and advanced 4 to 6 points, rend inally closed steady at a net decline for the day of 3 to 6 points, with sales of 243,390 baies. Liverpool advanced 1:23d on the spot with sales of 12,000; futures advanced 2 points, and then reacted and closed very steady at a net advance of 1 to 1½ points. Port receipts were 23,929, against 15,065 this day last week, and 9,05 last year. In Manchester yarns were quiet but steady; cloths quiet,

chester yarns were quiet but steady; ciotus quiet.

Today's Features—The general realizing, with disappointing news, cause a decline, but it was only moderate, in spite of the realizing and the unexpected failure of Liverpool to respond to yesterday's advance; in spite, also, of the big receipts at the ports, because there was a great deal of covering. A great many people lean to the bull favor. May was 3 points higher than June. May cotton is controlled to a great extent, it is said, by a large house here, and it is being watched with much interest.

The decline in Liverpool today was attributed to a fear that the late advance may prevent a reduction in the acreage. The trading was on a very large scale—the largest, in fact, in many months, and a great many operators think that this is a simon pure buil market, if there ever was one.

The Manchester Market.

Manchester Market.

Manchester, March 13.—The Guardian, in its commercial article says: "The firm tone and the advance in the price of cotton have emboldened spinners and manufacturers to ask for higher prices for their products. The former have generally been successful, but the latter have made very little progress. A fair volume of business is offering, but the offerings are mostly at bottom rates, which sellers could not entertain. Some offers made at last week's prices have been executed, but workable India business is scarce, though moderate lines of favorable cloths have occasionally been booked. There is some China inquiry for standard makes of shirtings, heavy cloths, beaching cloths and Mexicans, but the actual business has been unimportant, consisting only on occasional transactions, Japan and other foreign outlets have bought sparingly. Yarns have been strong, but the advance asked has greatly checked business.

The Liverpool and Port Markets,

5-½; net receipts 3.730 bates; gross 3,736; sales 2,491;
Norfolk March 13—Cotton firm; middling 5-½; net receipts 856 bates; gross 886; sales 508; stock 40,644;
exports constwise 1 591.
Baltimore, March 13—Cotton nominal; middling 5-½;
net receipts none bales; gross 1,806; sales none; stock
22,580; exports; to continent 5,778.
Boston, March 13—Cotton steady; middling 6; net receipts 1,694 bales; gross 2,271; sales none; stock
none; exports to freat Britain 2,617.
Wilmington March 13—Cotton firm; middling 5-½;
net receipts 445 bales; gross 445; sales none; stock
17,460.

Philadelphia, March 13—Cotton firm; middling 6 5-16; net receipts 206 bales; gross 206; sales none stock 16,122. stock 16,122.

Savannah, March 13.—Cotton steady: middling 5½; net receipte 1,497 bales; gross 1,997; sales 300; stock 61.771; exports coastwise 1,437.

New Orieans, March 13.—Cotton firm; middling 5 7 16; net receipts 11.279 bales; gross 11,748; sales 4,000; stock 376,282; exports to continent 500; coastwise 11.259.

wise 11.529.

Mobile. March 13—Cotton steady; middling 5%; net receipts 541 bales; gross 541; sales 500; stock 25,254; exports coastwise 2.

Memphis. March 13—Cotton firm; middling 5 5-16; net receipts 1.156 bales; shipments 4,074; saies 3 400; stock 98,280. 25.861, Charleston, March 13-Cotton firm; middling 5%; ne. receipts 2,537 bales; gross 2,537; sales none; stock 59,512; exports coastwise 415. Houston, March 13—Cotton steady; middling 5 7-16; net receipts 4,659 bales; shipments 7,220; sales 94; stock 37.340.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

The Bull Campaign in Wheat Ends in Defeat.

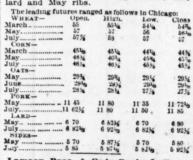
Chicago, Ill., March 13.-The bull campaign on wheat came to an inglorious end today, at the close the victory bearing the marks

on wheat came to an inglorious end today, at the close the victory bearing the marks of something very akin to defeat, It is true prices have not yet reached the previous low level, but they are so close to it that there is nothing for holders to exult over. At the start there was a lingering mark of yesterday's enthusiasm but the day was yet young when even that disappeared. The crop damage reports were showered in from all directions, but they had not even a particle of effect. A weather bulletin predicting a cold wave over the winter wheat area during the next few days and higher Paris did help the market, but the slight benefit derived therefrom only furnished another advantage to short sellers and to those who felt disposed to liquidate. May wheat opened from 37 to 55%, declined to 56c, and closed at 56%, 56%, under yester-terday. Cash wheat during the changing hands of sample lots was easy and ½c per bushel lower.

The remaining longs in corn liquidated today, and then deserted the market, leaving the pit to the devices of the scalpers who thereafter made the best of the situation, taking wheat as the basis of action, From a steady opening there was an uninterrupted, gradual decline in prices with the business presenting little in the way of activity or attractiveness. May corn opened from 46% to 46% declined to 46%c. closing at 46% 60% 45% declined to 46%c. closing at 45% 60% 50% declined to 46% c. closing at 45% 60% 50% declined to 46% c. closing at 45% 60% 50% declined to 46% c. closing at 45% 60% 50% declined to 46% c. closing at 45% 60% 50% declined to 45% c. closing at 45% 60% 50% declined to 45% c. do 100% for a long time past. The trade in this grain is looking for some catching operations to take place, the Oatmeal trust owning a big line in May, which will likely be transferred into July at no distant day.

ing a big line in May, which will likely be transferred into July at no distant day. May closed 1/2c under yesterday, the decline coming through the weakness of wheat and corn. Cash oats sold at steady prices, the nominal close being steady. Provisions—No greater agitation occurred in product at the opening or for some time subsequent thereto, but when the session had well progressed there was buying of a local character, which, meeting with comparatively light offerings, caused an advance all along the line. It was not believed that there was any concentration in the demand, but on, the contrary, that it was widely distributed. The close showed an advance of 22½c for May pork and 7½c each for May lard and May ribs.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago:



Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, March 13.—The excitement in wheat over the government report has about exhausted itself. The opening was active at a slight advance. Offerings were quite liberal, however, everybody being apparently anxious to sell with the big professionals and what appears to be representatives of elevator interests in the lead. There was an inadequate demand, and prices gradually declined. A cold wave is predicted for Kansas, Nebraska, Illinois, lowa and Michigan in the next three days, but had little effect on the market other than checking the decline temporarily. The early cables were a disappointment, while the total clearances of 166,000 bushels of wheat and flour were not of the kind to inspire a buillish feeling. New York is lower, and has acted very much after the manner of our market. They sent many private cables. One reads: "French buyring in English markets." It would look as though there was something in this, as the closing cable quoted Paris 1½ to 2c higher, with a fractional advance in Liverpool markets.

A great deal of liquidation has taken place in corn. The opening was firm without material change in price. Traders seemed to take a bear view of the situation, augmented by a decline in wheat and prices, as a consequence, have suffered a decline of ic. Receipts were moderate, and but 130 cars are promised for topening was eavend incentive. Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

norrow.

Provisions continue to rule strong. The opening was easy and inactive at about yesterday's close. Offerings were light, however; everybody wanted hog product, and prices advanced. Receipts were fully up to the estimate, and 39,000 are estimated for tomorrow.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE ATLANTA, GA., March 13, 1895 Flour. Grain and Meal. Atlanta, March 13 - Flour, first patent \$3.00@4.00; second patent \$3.40; straight \$3.10; fancy \$30.0; extra family \$470. Corn, white \$46: mixed \$5.0 Cata rust proof 50c, white \$46: mixed \$43. Rye, Georgia 75c. Barjey, Georgia raised \$56- Hay, No. 1 timo thy, large bales 90c; small bales, 85c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 80c. Meal, plain 56c; bolted 54c. Wheat brap, arge; accs, 90; small saces 90. Grits 83, 25. New York, March 13.—Southern floor firm but quiet; good to choice \$2.80@3, 25 common to fair extra\$1, 90 (\$2.76. Wheat, spot dull and there with options, closing; No. 2 red winter in store and elevator 60%; affoat 62%; options fairly active, irregular and \$2.60c lower; No. 2 March 60%; May 61, 25; July 61%. Corn, spot quiet and fower, closing firm; No. 2 in elevator 50%, 65; affoat 52%; options moderately active, weak, and \$2.60c lower; March : May 50%; July 64.0. Oats, spot dull and easier; options dull weaker; March 33%; Aurtl 33%; May 33%; spot No. 2 33%; white 60. 37; mixed western 44.637.

St. Louis, March 13.—Floor scarce and firm; patents \$2.706,2.50; fancy \$2.20.62.40; choice \$2.00.62.10. Wheat lower: No. 2 March 30%; July 54%. Oats lower; No. 2 March 30%; May 30% (\$30%. Chicago, March 13.—Floor dull; winter patents \$3.25.

(930%. Chicago, March 13—Flour dull; winter patents \$3.25 (3.50; winter straights \$2.75(63.10; No. 2 spring wheat50(60; No. 3 spring —; No. 2 cret 04%(604%) No. 2 cont 29. Cincinnati, March 13—Flour active; winter patents \$2.70(62.90; fancy \$2.35(62.45. Wheat quiet but firm: No. 2 cret 57%. Corn in fair demand; No. 2 mixed 46. Oats fairly active; No. 2 mixed 32½(633.

Groceries.

Attanta, March 13—Roasted coffee 22,60 \$ 100 b. cases. Green—Choice 21c: fair 19½c; prinae 18½c. Sugar—Standard granulated 4½c; off granulated 4½c; New Orleans white 3½@3¾c; off granulated 4½c; New Orleans white 3½@3¾c; off granulated 4½c; New Orleans white 3½@3¾c; off granulated 4½c; New Orleans open kettle 25@30c; mixed 12½c. Green 20@35c. Teas—Black 30@35c; green 20@50c. Bice—Head 6c; choice 6½c. Salt—dairy, Facks, \$1.40; do. bbis, \$2.25; ice cream \$1.00; common 70c. Cheese—Full cream 12½c. Matches—65s 50c; 200s \$1.30@1,75;300s \$2.76. Soda—Boxes 6c; kegs 3cc. Crackers—Soda 5½c; cream \$1.00; chinger snaps 8½c. Candy—Common stee 5½; fancy 12@12½c. Oysters—F. W.31.d0; 1. W.41. 0. Poweder—Kegs \$3.26 Shot—\$1.25.

New York March 13—Coffee, options closed barely steady 5@10 points down; March 15.10@15.15; April 15.00; May 14.75@@14.80; Septemoer 14.80.7 14.70; December 14.45; spot far or enting 21.1-16; refined firm 10 quer; off A 3.60%; standard A 3 15.16@4½c; cubes 41.-16. Moiasses, foreign nominal; New Orleans firm and fairly active; open ket, the 28@38. Rice fairty active and firm; domestic fair to extra 4½@6; Japan 4½@4½c.

Provisions.

Atlanta March 13—Clear risides, coxed 6½c feecured bellies 8c. Sugar-cured hams 10@12½c; Californus 7½c. Bersakfast bacon 10½c. Lard—Bess qual-By 7½c; escond quality 7½c; compound 6c.

St. Louis, March 13—Fork, standard m=#\$11.75.
Lard, prime steam 16.55. Ory sait meats, anoulders 4.75@5.00; long clear 5.75@5.87½; clear ribs 5.87½
68.00; short clear 6.12½- Bacon, boxed shoulders 5.75: long clear 6.50; clear ribs 6.30; short clear 6.75.
New York, March 13—Pork quite but firmer; old mess§12.60@313.00. Middles steady; short clear 6.90.
Lard quiet but firmer; vestern steam 7.00 city steam 6.62½; options, March 7.00; May 7.10.
Chicago, March 13—Cash quotations werelas follows: Chicago, March 13—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork #11.62½@11.75. Lard 6.67½@6.70. Short ribs. loose 5.65@5.70. Dry ask shoulders boxed 4.62½@4.75;shortclearsides boxed 6.00@6.10. Cincinnati, March 13—Pork, mess \$11.50. Lard. tram leaf 7.12½; kettledried*7.12½. Bacon, shoulders 5.25; short clear 6.75.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, March 13— Spirits turpentine firm at 34 for regulars; sales 80 casks; receipts 112 casks. Rosin firm at a decline on pale and medium graces sales 3,500 bbis, A, B and C 41.10; D\$1.15; E\$1.25; F\$1.35; G\$1.55; I\$1.75; I\$2.00; K\$2.10; M\$2.65; N\$2.70@33.00; windowglass \$2.85@3.10; waterwhite \$4.00@3.26 3.20. ington. March 13—Rosin firm; strained \$1.15; ained \$1.20; turpentine firm at 33½; tar firm c; crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.10; soft \$1.50;

harieston, March 13-Turpentine firm at 31; indirm; good strained \$1.15.

Fruits and Confectionaries. Fruits and Confectionaries.
Atlanta. March 13-Apples - 8.0-0@3.50 % bbl Lamons - Messins \$2.5-0@2.75; Florida \$1.5-0@3.75 % box; Sicily \$1.0-0@1.75. OrangesCalifornias3.00 @3.50. Cocoanuts 3@34sc. Pineapples—Crates of 2 dox \$2.00@2.00; 4 dozen \$4.00%3.00. Figs 11.0 11sc. Raisins—New California \$1.75; % boxes 65:0% 75c. Currants 64s@7c. Leghorn citron 20@ 25c. Nuts—Almonds 15@13c; pecans 8-k@6c Ersalf 74s @8c; filberts 114c; wainuts 10@11c; mixed nuts 10@11c. Panuts—Virginia electric light 5c; fancy handpicked 34s@4c; North Carolina 34s@4c; Georgia 3@24sc.

Country Produce.

Atlasts, March 13 - Eggs 13@14e Butter - Western creamery 18@20c; fancy Tennessee 16@18, choice 12½; Georgia 10@12½c, Live poultry - Turkeys 8@10 % b: hens 22½@25; spring chickens, large 16@18 s medium 12½@16; mail 8@10c; ducks 18@20 Dressed poultry - Turkeys 12½@16c; ducks 10@12½c; chickens 10@12½c, 17isn potatoes - Burbank \$2.00@2.75 % bbl; 90c@31.00 % bu; Tennessee bu 65@70c. Sweet poutates 60@66c% bu. Honey-strained 8@10c; in the comb 10@12½c Onions \$1.60@1.75 % bu; bbis.\$4.00@4.25, Cabbage 25;@36 W. H. PATTERSON & CO. Investment Securities.

ROOM & CAPITAL CITY BANK B'LD'G. John W. Dickey,

Stock and Bond Broker, AUGUSTA, GA. Correspondence Invited

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WATER POWERS Call on or address THE GEORGIA LAND AND TITLE COMPANY MACON, GA.

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We want to call especial attention We want to call especial attention to a splendid bargain we are offering in two adjoining lots. 50x140 feet each, running back to an alley. Splendidly located on north side. The very thing for good homes. Paved street, brick sidewalks, electric cars and everything first-class. Can sell these beautiful lots for \$1,300 each. Can loan purchaser more at 6 per cent to build house. This is a rare opportunity.

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South Pryor, close in Whitehall H., South Pryor, close in
H., Whitehall
H., Auburn avenue
H., Summit avenue
H., Corner Mills and Fowler sts.
H., Luckle street
H., North Pryor, close in
H., Mangum street
H., Mills street
H., Hunnicutt street
H., Oak st. at Lee st., West E.
H., Crew street
H. H. Crew street
H. H. Jones avenue
H. Bush street
H. H. Jones avenue
H. H. Luckle street
H. Luckle street
H. H. Luckle street
H. H. Dones avenue
H. H. Foundry street
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NORTHEN & DUNSON. Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable

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Farms-300 farms, dairy, fruit, stock, truck and vegetable farms for sale in all sections of Georgia, on easy terms. Apply for printed list of these farms. \$1,250 buys corner lot on Pulliam street, 50x15, north of Georgia avenue; easy terms. 50xis5, north of Georgia avenue, terms.

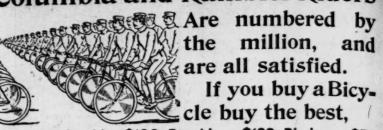
New 7-room, 2-story house; water, gas, fronting east, block of electric lines and public schools and on good street, for only \$3,150; easy terms.

44,000 to loan on Atlanta property.

Exchange—Store and 5-room house, large corner lot, renting for \$420 per annum, for only 44,000 and will take other city property in part payment.

NORTHEN & DUNSON.

Columbia and Rambler Riders



We Sell Columbias \$100, Ramblers \$100, Piedmont \$50 LOWRY HARDWARE COMPANY.

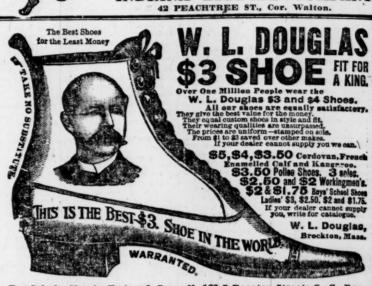


citement and manipulation that creates development. Moral: Ride a wheel. The Waverley Belle is the finest bicycle built in the world for ladies' use. Price, \$75; weight, 22 pounds FULLY GUARATEED BY THE INDIANA BICYCLE COMPANY.

other class of sport or gymnastics, creates an

unconscious movement and manipulation of every

muscle and nerve in the entire body. It is ex-



For Sale by Morris, Ewing & Carr oll, 163-5 Decatur Street; C. C. Rog-ers, 151 Decatur Street.

ISAAC LIEBMAN,

13,

Real Estate, Renting and Loans. No. 28 PEACHTREE ST.

\$1,500 to Loan on Atlanta Real Es-tate-Money in Bank; No Delay.

\$1,650 BUYS 13 lots 52x215 on Beecher st., just beyond the limits of West End; easily worth \$250 per lot. \$3,300 BUYS nice, new house, lot 50x150 to alley, on N. Boulevard; \$500 cash and \$25 per month. Just like paying rent. \$4,25) BUYS 8-room house, lot 40x128, on Ivy st., close in; one-half cash, balance November, 1897.

\$5,000 BUYS new 6-room cottage and 2-acre lot on Central railroad near Dr. Knott's home; one-third cash, balance easy. \$1,500 BUYS 47 acres of land 7 miles from depot on Green's Ferry road; lies well. Cheap.

LOTS IN Gainesville, Ga., to sell or exchange for city property. ANSLEY BROS

\$350-ACRE FARM in Hancock county, six miles south of Sparta, Ga., to exchange for city or suburban property.

Real Estate and Loans. \$3,250 for 100 foot lot in Inman Park; offer open for few days only; former price \$4,000, \$4,500, beautiful south side home; corner lot, on paved, street; former price \$4,750. \$2,000, nice cottage on large lot near 9nce de Leon avenue, just out city limits, 1,800, fine lot on north side and car line, not far out.
\$3,750, beautiful new 6-room cottage on Gordon street, West End.
\$2,500, 5-room cottage and corner lot, near in, \$5,000 was refused for it.
\$2,250, corner lot in block of Reachtree.
\$10,000, Ponce de Leon avenue lot, near Peachtree. \$10,000, Ponce de Leon avenue lot, near Peachtree. \$1,500, 5 acres on electric line between Atlanta and Decatur. All kinds of Decatur and suburban prop-erty. Office 12 East Alabama street. Tele-phone 363.

J. B. ROBERTS. 45 Marietta Street.

5-r., brand new house, monthly pay-

ments - h. Bellwood, \$10 per month - 500 lor. Forest avenue, all conveniences, 8,500 lor. Forest avenue, all conveniences, 8,500 lor. Forest avenue, 200 lor. Forest avenue, 50x120 lor. Forest avenue, 50x120 lor. 1,750 lor. 45x46, Merritts avenue - 1,500 lor. 40x10 lor. 1,500 lor. 30x100, Whitehall street 1,500 lor. 30x100, Whitehall street 2,000 lor., and store, will exchange . 2,000 lor., washington street, 50x200, new and modern 6,000 lor. per month 4r and store, East Hunter street, rents 325 a month 5-r, Crew street, 50x200, close in and modern 2,000 We have several nice farms cheap for sale or exchange. G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate, 14 Wall Street, Kimball House.

I have not in five years had such a de-

nand for houses to rent and my list of vacant houses is smaller than it has been Old papers for houses can have them rented at once by placing them in my charge. My rent department is well equipped and receives the very best attention. Repairs taxes, insurance and all the details are looked after by me in the very best style. Bring me your houses at once and I will find you a G. W. ADAIR,

E. M. ROBERTS' SALE LIST

Office 46 North Broad Street, corner Walton.

\$6,000-9-room, two story modern house, slate roof, stables, carriage house, servants' roofs, etc., on lot 80x185, Inman Park (no restrictions); this property is well worth \$8,500, but a quick trade will take it at this great sacrifice; \$1,000 cash, balance \$50 per month. per month. \$2,000—Block 154x310 (old academy lot) Maysons avenue and Decatur electric line; this may be subdivided into five nice lots;

this may be subdivided into five nice lots; terms very easy. \$9,000—Lot 100x200; centrally located, with nine houses renting well; this is a great sacrifice in price; owner must sell; terms to be agreed on. \$250 will buy a new, light two-horse, family carriage, John M. Smith's make, cost \$350, only used a few times, may be used with single horse if desired; must have \$50 cash, balance can be paid on installments. \$6,000 to loan on central real estate. Money here.

Sam'l W. Goode, Attorney. J. A. Reynolds.

Sam'l W. Goode & Co.'s Real Estate Offers.

TO EXCHANGE, 7-R. RAWSON ST. residence, water, gas, baths, stable, and out houses; lot 50x50 feet, \$5,000; for 9 or 10-residence in the same neighborhood with all conveniences and will pay difference in money.

all conveniences and will pay difference in money.
170 ACRES IN DOUGLAS COUNTY, Lithia Springs, 5-r. dwelling with barn and out houses; 10 acres inside the town limits, 130 acres in rear of hotel, 85 acres cultivated and balance woodland; place well watered and lies well, \$5,000; Will exchange for home in Atlanta of equal value. This is a very desirable farm home between the famous Lithia Springs and Sweet Water Park hotel.
\$1,200 FOR A FIVE-R. Cottage, Chamberlin st., on lot 35x65 feet; good well; rents at \$10. lin st., on lot saxo reet, good at \$10.

CHOICE PEACHTREE LOT 90x220 feet, east front, level, elevated and shady, \$9,000; easy terms.

BUTLER ST., BETWEEN Houston and Wheat, 6 rs., lot 50x150 feet, kitchen in the yard; central, for \$1.800.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO., 15 Peachtree St.

BIG SALE! 109 CHOICE 109 AUCTION,

Wednesday, March 27. BEGINNING AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

This is the property of the Equitable Land Company, about thirty acres, all graded, with beautiful streets, near the center of Atlanta. South Pryor street, Hendrix avenue, Dodd, Cooper, et al., streets run through the property. The two leading street car companies run lines entirely through the property on three different streets; commanding views, sewers, water, gas, electric lights, all modern conveniences already there. The company has been forced to sell, and by order of the stockholders we are directed to sell without reserve. A modern 8-room new residence on the property will be sold. Get plats at our office and look over property. Terms one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 11 months, with 8 per cent interest, payable semi-annually. months, with 8 per cent.

months, with 8 per cent.

The best 15-room residence on Gordon street, West End, at a bargain. Call on us and make an offer.

Cheap lots on Pine, Jackson and other streets. See us before you buy.

J. C. HENDRIX & CO.

sale at this office 20 cts per hundred.

THE G. S.

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MR. PLANT

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FIT FOR A KING.

s4 Shoes. ordovan, French d Kangeroo. hoes. 3 seles. 52 Workingmen's. Boys' School Shoes 2.50, \$2 and \$1.75. L. Douglas,

C. C. Rog.

SALE LIST eet, corner Wal-

J. A. Reynolds.

& Co.'s Offers.

COUNTY, Lithia h barn and out town limits, 120 acres cultivated ice well watered l exchange for value. This is tage, Chamber-good well; rents Houston and kitchen in the

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THE G. S. & F.'S FATE

which Speculation as to Who Will Be Highest Bidder.

MR. PLANT MAY WANT THE ROAD

The Seaboard Said to Be Favored in the Shuffle-Other News of the Rail-roads of General Interest

The recent failure of the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad to sell for the up-set price fixed by the court has given rise to much speculation among railroad men.

It is known that according to the decree of the court there will have to be three efforts to sell the road.

The next time the road is put up for sale, which will be the latter part of this month, it will be offered under more favorable conditions to the bidders that may be in the feld. It will be offered for sale for a much smaller upset price than had been fixed for the first date of sale. If the road does not go under the hammer

pidders who may be after the road in April,

when the bridle will be taken off entirely and the road will be sold for just what is will bring the day of sale, without any restrictions as to price whatever.

If the road should pass the other dates of sale and comes to be auctioned off for just what the highest bidder offers for it, there will be much excitement and speculation as to who will be the bidder.

The dickering that has been prevalent among the bondholders in Baltimore has been the cause of some doubt as to what will be the outcome of the litigation which hangs over the Georgia Southern and Florida. The refusal of the court to grant the petition of Simon Borg & Co., of New York, asking for the sale to be postponed, and the failure of the road to sell when the road was forced to the block at the upset price named, brings on more talk.

It is probable that there will be but two or three bidders in the field for the Georgia Southern and Florida. It is known that we have the sell when the them.

Southern and Florida. It is known that Mr. H. B. Fant will be a bidder, if he sees he can get the road at anything like a reasonable price, and if the property does not sell until the final day, when there is to be no upset price and every bidder will stand upon his own privileges, then it is thought that Mr. Plant will certainly sented at the sale. The desirabilit be represented at the sale. The desirability of Mr. Plant getting a line to Atlanta has recently been brought out most strikingly by the shaping of the railroad situation in this section caused by the organization of the Southern Railway Company's colossal

If Mr. Plant does not get the Georgia Southern and Florida, then the Seaboard Air-Line will probably be the highest bid-

There has been a good deal of complaint There has been a good deal of complaint at the alleged irregularities of procedure in the disposition of the Georgia Southern and Florida by rived lines of the Seaboard. It is claimed by them that the road being owned for the most part by Baltimore parwhen he has part by Battande parties, who also own the majority of stock in the Seaboard, the Seaboard has been favored far too highly in the matter, and it is feared that it will get more favor in the shuffle than they.

The rival lines of the Seaboard, such as the Plant, existen and other competitors.

the Plant system and other competitors, want to see the Georgia Southern and Florwant to see the Georgia Southern and Fiorida put up for sale on terms of a free-forall fight. It is known that the Seaboard
would like to get a line leading down to
the wuck farming regions of the south from
its main line, to give it the advantages of
southern traffic which it does not now ensouthern traine which it does not how enjoy, and cannot enjoy so long as it does not tap the timber and fruit growing lands of the southern slopes. By connecting with the Macon and Northern at Athens and getting control of the Georgia Southern and Florida, the Seaboard will have a through and direct land to the country named. and direct line to the country named.

In the meantime the Piant system would

like to have a short line to the city of Atlanta, where it would have a direct out-let to the great markets of the west, and this can be done through the Georgia Southern and Florida and the Atlanta and Florida, if these two roads can be secured at

prices that would pay.

Under these conditions the present situation that confronts the Georgia Southern and Florida is particularly interesting to railroad men who study the gradual shaping of southern railroad affairs.

MANY TRACK IMPROVEMENTS

The Atlanta and West Point Has Been There has been considerable improvement made in the roadbed and tracks of the Atlanta and West Point and the Western Railway of Alabama lately, and this road is in better condition than it has ever been

before, which is saying a great deal.

It has always been the policy of the company to keep the roadway in the best possible condition and well equipped. The Atlanta and West Point is, perhaps, furnished with the best engines for passen-ger trains to be found in the south, and with them it is easy to run trains on perfect

The traffic arrangements of the Atlanta and West Point in Atlanta are such as give this line the great bulk of business from the northeast to the southwest, the Southern and the Seaboard Air-Line both having direct connections here for the trains that depart for Montgomery and New Orleans.
With both of these great outlets to the



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live betrightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health or the pure liquid active, principles, embraced in the

laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasure. ant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical

profession, because it acts on the Kid-neys, Liver and Bowels without weak-ening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance. Syrup of Figs is for sale by all drug-rists in Sec. rists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is man-afactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name. Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

south from the north emptying their traffic, like a great funnel, into the hands of the Atlanta and West Point, it is plain that traffic links in the southern states, and hence the necessity for keeping it in the very best condition in point of train service

and track,

President George C. Smith has devoted much attention to the enlargements and improvements made necessary by the unusually heavy passenger traffic this winter, and under his management the road is

prospering. The Atlanta and West Point and the Western Railway of Alabama was the first railroad in this region of the country to be equipped with complete sets of surgical instruments to be brought into service in case of wrecks.

In each passenger train that runs on the

road is to be seen, in a handsome case, a full set of instruments for use in render-ing medical attention to the passengers whenever a wreck should befall the train. There has always been the greatest suffering on railroads when a wreck occurred in the long wait that has to follow until a surgeon can be brought to the scene of de-struction. The injured have frequently ned when their lives might have been saved by having immediate medical attention

Having a completé set of surgical instru ments near by will prove a great convenience in cases of wrecks, though it is but right to say that the Atlanta and West Point, with its excellent track and fine equipments, is about the last railroad in this section to ever have much need for such facilities, there being but few wrecks to ever occur.

NEW DIRECTORS ELECTED By the Stockholders of the Atlanta

and Charlotte Yesterday. New York, March 13.—The stockholders of the Atlanta and Charlotte failway met today and elected the following directors: P. P. Dickinson, C. S. Fairchild, B. R. Me-Alpine, Richard Irvin, R. H. Rochester, H. W. Sibley, Skipwith Wilmer, Michael Jen-kins, Joseph Bryan, Ebenezer S. Mason, R. D. Shepard, Edward Kelly, The new directors are Ebenezer S. Mason, R. D. Shepard and Edward Kelly, who succeed Charles M. Frye, J. Garth and the late Eugene Kelly. The directors will organize and elect a successor to the late Eugene Kelly, who was president of the company. The question of modification of the rental by the Southern Railway Company did not come up in the meeting.

The Southern railway continues to pay the same dividend on the stock as did the Richmond and Danville.

The Rate Committee of the Southern Passenger Association Will Meet. The rate committee of the Southern Passenger Association will meet at the Hotel Ponce de Leon, St. Augustine, Fla., on next

Friday, the 15th. Rates to coming conventions and assemblies will be brought up and acted upon at the meeting. The conventions for which rates will be named will be held in Hous-ton, Baltimore, Washington, Boston and other cities. Some of the most important of these conventions will be that of the United Confederate Veterans, at Houston; the Southern Baptist convention, at Washington; the Baptist Young People's Union, at Baltimore; the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, at Boston, and the Knights Templars' conver tion to be held in Boston.
All of these conventions will be held between now and August, and each of them will be largely attended.

A MEETING NEXT FRIDAY

of the Special Committee of the Southern Passenger Association. The special committee appointed by the recent mass meeting of the Southern Passenger Association, to select a commissioner for the new Southern States Passenger Association, which is expected to be launch ed on April 1st, will hold a meeting in Sa-

vannah tomorrow.

The committee will probably discuss other matters in connection with the coming change in the passenger association, and Friday's meeting may have a considerable effect on the future of the association. It is not known who will be named by the ommittee as a successor to Commissioner Stahlman, but many railroad men are of

the opinion that Colonel M. Slaughter, at present assistant commissioner, will be selected for the office. Colonel Slaughter has been connected with the association since its organization, and he is thoroughly identified and acquainted with the affairs of the passenger men, qualifying him to fill the office in an

WILL BAPTIZE THREE CELESTIALS. A Trio of Chinamen Will Be Immersed Sunday Night.

able manner.

The first baptizing of Chinamen that has ever been held in Atlanta will occur Sunday night at the First Christian church.

There are a number of Chinamen attending Sunday school at the Christian church, and they are all regular attendants. They and they are all regular actendants. They are very faithful and rarely ever miss attendance at the classes. They are apt pupils and evince a great deal of interest. It was no surprise to Dr. C. P. Williamson, who is pastor of the Christian church, when three of them came to him and said that they desired to be baptized into the church.

No one suggested the step to them, but
they decided to put aside their idolatrous
religion for the Christian belief. All three
attended the funeral of the Chinaman several weeks ago, but took no part in the ceremonies, one of them stating at the time that he did not believe in it.

RICH MEN'S HOBBIES.

How Some of Them Succeed in Spending Part of Their Incomes. From The Cincinnati Enquirer.
Great men and rich men have usually had

Gorge Washington bought lottery tickets, and Benjamin Disraeli delighted in the small talk of fashionable society. Commodore Vanderbilt devoted his spare time in the day to driving fast horses and

his evenings to whist. Senator Quay, the gentleman who con senator duty, the senatorial who controlled Providence in the United States before President Harrison's election, goes fishing when he is weary of the cares of state. Thomas A. Edison plays poker.

Captain Sam Brown, of Pittsburg, is an Captain Sam Brown, of Pittsburg, is an engage some four

obscure millionaire, who employs some four thousand miners, and is one of the largest shippers of coal in the country. He spends his money in horses, and was the owner of Troubadour, which won the Suburian in 1887, and afterward defeated A. J. Cassatt's

The Bard.

The favorite amusement of Andrew Carnegie, that very famous Pittsburg mill-ionaire, is coaching. He has just had built in England one of the most luxurious ve-

in England one of the most luxurous vehicles that was ever driven.

W. K. Vanderbilt and George Gould are yatchtsmen. Mr. Vanderbilt is also fond of hunting and fishing.

George M. Pullman finds his greatest pleasure in riding in one of his own palace

Robert Bonner and Frank Work are two New York millionaires who spend their wealth on racing and trotting horses.

Democrats Arc Seated. Sandersville, Ga., March 13 .- (Special.)-Sandersville, Ga., March 13.—(Special.)— The contest for county officers was decided by Judge Gamble in favor of the democrats. Sheriff, W. M. English; clerk, C. W. Snell; receiver, George L. Hunt; collector, H. L. Pritchard, and treasurer, T. H. Sparks, are seated. After eliminating the illegal votes, the democrats had majorities ranging from 62 to 109. Everybody feels relieved and the democrats are resideing. MR. COMER'S CONSENT

More Work Towards the Alabama Street Extension Done by the Committee.

MR. COMER'S COMING IS NOW AWAITED

Signed-The Tax Committee on the Baker Investigation Expenses.

The Alabama street bridge took another spurt yesterday. Somewhat slowly but very surely Mr. Bell, chairman of the bridge committee, and his associates, the two Welches, are moving that bridge along.

As is well known, in order to construct the bridge there are certain rights which the railroads must waive in order to save the city the price of condemnation. Since the bridge committee of 1895 went to work waivers have been secured from all of the coads and property owners in the territory which will be touched by the bridge except the Central. That road, however, has given a verbal waiver practically and as soon as the papers can be signed the line of the bridge will be the sole property of Atlanta. During the day yesterday Mr. Bell, chair-

conference with Judge Anderson, the city attorney, relative to the formal papers which the receivers of the Central railroad will be requested to sign.

It was understood that Mr. Comer, one of the receivers would be the control with the control of the receivers would be the control of the receivers were the control of the receivers and the receivers are the control of the receivers and the control of the receivers are the receivers and the receivers are the receivers and the receivers are the receivers and the receivers and the receivers are the receivers are the receivers and the receivers are the receivers and the receivers are the receivers are the receivers and the receivers are the receivers and the receivers are the receivers are the receivers and the receivers are the receivers are the receivers are the receivers and the receivers are the receivers are the receivers are the receivers and the receivers are the receiver the receivers, would be in the city during the evening and Mr. Bell desired to have the papers ready so that he might present then for the receiver's signature. Mr. Comer, however, did not come, but Mr. Bell is of the opinion that he will be here this morning and then a conference will be held. The signatures of the receivers to the paper will not make it complete, as the road, now being in the hands of re-ceivers, the court must pass upon the action of the receivers. After the papers are sign-ed they will be submitted to Judge Speer, of the United States court, who will either confirm or deny the papers. There is no reason, however, to think that he will do other than confirm any agreement with the city that the receivers may make.

The Tax Committee. The tax committee, composed of Mr. Bell, chairman; Mr. Broyles, Mr. Howell, Mr. Day and Mr. Sims, convened in the council chamber yesterday afternoon.

It was a large batch of papers Mr. Bell laid upon the table as he called the meeting to crder, but the majority of the papers were for a relief from taxation, or from the peralty for not having paid taxes, and were quickly disposed of. One of the most important papers was the bill of Stenographer Osborn for taking the testimony in the Baker investigation. The bill amounted to \$108.40. It was discussed a little by the committee, and Mr. Bell was instructed by the committee to present to the general council at the next meeting a resolution authorizing the payment of the bill.

The board of fire masters came together yesterday afternoon, Mr. Howell chairman, and the full membership of the committee was present. Several applications for building permits were read and favorable reports were agreed upon, which will be submitted at the next meeting of the council. Passing on Liquor and Beer Licenses.

The Board of Fire Masters.

Quite a number of petitions for liquor and eer licenses, both wholesale and retail, were on the table when Mr. Camp, chair-man of the police committee, started that body to work yesterday. The petitions were read and all of them

were allowed by the vote of the commit-Four petitions were presented by leaders of the demi-monde for license to dispense beer by the wholesale, but the members of the committee, after a conference with City Attorney Anderson, decided that the

licenses could not be granted and unfavorable reports were written on the back of each of the applications. The Electric Lights. The committee on electric lights, telegraph and telephones met in the office of the chairman, Mr. Harman, yesterday for the purpose of considering the lighting of

the streets of the city. the streets of the city.

The matter was thoroughly discussed and
the committee finally decided to advertise
for bids for lighting the streets and for
other city purposes, the bids to be submitted for a term of one year, three years, five years and ten years. Of course, all bids submitted may, when opened, be The City Assessors.

The city assessors are still in the field working on the valuation of Atlanta's taxathird and fourth wards, and are now working on the fifth ward. It will take them several weeks yet to complete the work. The assessors are pleased with the increase they have found so far and are satisfied

that Atlanta will make a most creditable

Mr. Carl Faelten, of the New England Conservatory, Gives a Recital. One of the most renowned of American planists, Mr. Carl Fealten, will give a re-cital at Phillips & Crew's music hall to-

Mr. Faelten is the director of the New England Conservatory of Music. He is making a brief tour of the south and will be in the city for only a few hours, All lovers of music should hear this brilliant artist who has possibly no superior in this country.

The recital begins promptly at 8 o'clock.
The following is the programme:
Handel, "Variations in D Minor." Concert

arrangement by Carl Faelten.

Beethoven, "Sonata," D minor, op. 31, No. 2. Mendelssohn, "Songs Without Words," Mendelssohn, "Songs Without Words," E major; "Scherzo," E minor. Schumann, "Novelette, No. 4," "Why" and "Soaring," from op. 12. Chopin—"Ballads," A flat, op. 47; "Prelude," D flat major; "Valse," A flat major, pp. 68.

Gounod-Liszt, "Valse et Scene from Faust," Faust."
Mr. Faelten's reputation as an artist will no doubt insure him a large audience this

About the Only Thing.

evening.

From The Toledo Bee.

New York reporters failed to find out where the Countess de Castellane got her pet corns trimmed.

I AM

A WORKING GIRL.

I Stand Ten Hours a Day.



ache, and kidney trouble.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound - MAGGIE LUKENS, Thirteenth

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Taxation of Notes.

Editor Constitution—Won't you inform me and your many other subscribers in regard to the following?

On March 1, 1894, I sold a piece of property valued at \$6,000 and received notes for the same. The notes were dated March 1st and the transfer was made March 1st. The purchaser paid taxes on the property for the year 1894, as he considered it his. I did not give in the \$6,000 of purchase momey notes when I gave in my taxes, although the tax list enumerates among other things, "good notes on hand," etc. I went on the principle that to give in this \$6,000 worth of notes, where the original purchaser was paying tax on the property for which they were given, created a fletifious value. I have been told by a great many different people who deal in real estate that this custom prevails. What I desire to know is this: Does a strict compliance with the spirit or letter of the law require me to pay tax on these notes? Also would I be debarred from taking the registration oath unless I paid this special tax on these notes? Your answer will oblige a special friend of The Constitution.

A strict compliance with the law of the state of Georgia would roughe tax to be state of Georgia would roughe tax to be state of Georgia would roughe tax to be state of Georgia would roughe tax to be

SUBSCRIBER.

A strict compliance with the law of the state of Georgia would require tax to be paid on the notes mentioned. The candition mentioned in your inquiry apparently suggests inequity and hardship in our system of textitories. of taxation.

If we are correctly informed a bill was

introduced in the Georgia legislature some three or four years ago providing for the exemption from taxation of notes represent-ing property upon which taxes had already been paid, but the bill failed to become a Under a strict application of the law, as it

Under a strict application of the law, as it now stands, conditions can prevail requiring payment several times over upon the same real property. For instance, A pays taxes on a tract of land; he borrows money on the land, giving notes therefor to B, who must pay taxes upon the notes. A sells the land to C, subject to the mortgage, giving bond for title and taking notes for the deferred payments; A must pay taxes upon these notes also. C sells his bond for title to D, taking notes in payment of the same; C must pay taxes upon these notes, and must pay taxes upon these notes, and so on ad infinitum.

In addition A would also be required to pay taxes upon the money received as the result of the mortgage to B. In the above illustration four separate payments of taxes were made, all based originally upon the same tract of land.

While this condition apparently suggests inequity, it would be difficult to arrange a system of taxation on any other basis. Property is necessarily divided into two classes—first, real, tangible property, classified here for convenience as commodities; and, second, tokens by which real property is represented in commerce. If taxes were based only upon the first class of property, the tax rate would be much larger than it is now, as a certain amount of revenue must be raised by taxation to meet the expenses of the overnment. The present system of taxaion, by embracing the second class of tion, by embracing the second class of property, raises the same amount of reve-nue at a much less tax rate. A large pro-portion of the property used in commece belongs to the second classification. Notes are given in payment of purchases,

loans, or for services or other considera-tion rendered. Such notes constitute prop-erty and have a value of their own inde-pendent of the consideration for which they were issued. It would be impracticable and probably unconstitutional to tax notes given for other considerations, and exempt notes given for the purchase of land. Street Lines and Public Policy.

Editor Constitution—I have no interest in any street railway in the city, and am in no way connected with any. I am very reatly interested, as every citizen is, in having a good and rapid street car ser-I am sure the members of the city council are honest in their view that the more car

lines the better the public will be served; that it will add new industries and new properties for taxation; that it is competi-

that it will add new industries and new properties for taxaclon; that it is competition, etc.

The position is wrong, and cannot be sustained. My reasons are as follows: 1. It is folly to add new car lines of build new claim to be sustained. My reasons are as follows: 1. It is folly to add new car lines of not prosper. It is folly to encourage competition when there is not busings* enough to sustain the first institution.

There are more street car lines and more mileage in the city than can be sustained by the public travel. There is a car line on almost every street of any importance in the city. There are parallel lines on both sides within three blocks of almost every street of any importance in the city. There are parallel lines on both sides within three blocks of almost every street of any importance in the city. There are parallel lines on both sides within three blocks of almost every street of any importance in the city. There are parallel lines on both sides within three blocks of almost every street of any importance in the city. There are parallel lines on both sides within three blocks of almost every street of any importance in the city. There are parallel lines on both sides within three blocks of almost every street of any importance in the city of a lines of the city can give it when its cars run empty. They are bound to run empty with as many car lines as we now have.

It is better to have a car line a block away from your home, with a five-minute schedule, than to have a line in front of 2. Many of the street railway companies seeking franchises are not doing it so much for public traffic as to develop suburban land. We now have enough of that; it is surely time to call a halt. This course has already greatly injured city and suburban property both.

If any of the members of the city council think they voice public opinion in granting permissions to these car lines to enter the council think they voice public opinion in granting permissions to these car lines to enter the council think they

Suggested by the Collins Letter. Editor Constitution—In his farewell address to his old party friends of the democracy, Mr. James D. Collins says: "I don't agree with President Cleveland's financial policy, and eight out of ten men I meet

on't agree with him."

Neither do I agree with him, nor does

don't agree with him."

Neither do I agree with him, nor does any true democrat agree with him, because his is not the policy of the democratic party. It is the republican policy, pure and simple, and in adopting it Mr. Cleveland has betrayed the trust reposed in him by the democracy and walked bodily into the republican party, where he now finds his chief support.

The democratic party is unfortunate in having such a traitor as its president, but it is in no wise responsible for his treason. Had he not received the solid support of the republicans, led by John Sherman and Tom Reed, he would not, with all his official patronage, be able to perpetuate the infemous republican legislation that has brought about the present deplorable state of affairs.

Every condition of wreck and ruin that now obtains, is the logical and inevitable sequence of republican legislation. The democratic party stood pledged to the repeal of the infamous laws that had destroyed half the money of the country and put the labor and the property of the land at the mercy of the British gold robbers and their infamous allies in the republican party. But the robbers bought Clevland, body, paunch, soul and breeches, and now he stands cheek by Jowl with John Sherman and his equally infamous pals, in their onslaught against the prosperity of the country.

onslaught against the prosperity of the country.

That he was paid in yellow gold for his treason no one can doubt. Rumor has it, but there is no means of verifying the fact, that he has received \$1,000,000 for every issue of bonds he has made.

What, then, does Mr. Collins expect to make by taking up his little wallet and joining him in the robber camp?

We have heard of the folly of swapping the devil for a witch. In this instance Mr. Collins commits the greater folly of swapping the witch for the devil, and throwing himself in to boot.

B. F. SAWYER.

B. F. SAWYER. Dyspepsia seldom causes death, but permits its victims to live on in misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures dyspepsia and all stomach troubles.

Given Away. Over one thousand ladies visited the music rooms in the Grand yesterday and got, free a piece of the Miles & Stiff Co. stock of sheet music the Freyer & Bradley Music Company is giving away.

Well-Known Citizens Testify That They Have Been Cured by His Remedies.

More Than 300,000 People Have Given Their Unsolicited Endorsement of

cates. Their action was marvelously quick. The disease yielded rapidly, and now I am perfectly cured."

Miss lola Forrest, 35 Monad street Peston, says: "My entire system was broken down from nervous prostration, caused by dyspepsia, What I suffered is impossible to tell, and I was unable to get relief. Finally I began using Munyon's Dyspepsia and Nerve Cures, and it was not long before I was thoroughly cured."

Munyon's Homoeopathic Remedy Company put up a cure for nearly every disease. No matter what your disease or how many doctors have falled to cure you, step into the nearest drug store and get a 25-cent vial of Munyon's Remedies, It will benefit you.

Those who are in doubt as to the nature of their disease should address Professor Munyon, 1565 Arch street, Philadelphia, giving full symptoms of their disease, Professor Munyon will carefully diagnose the case and give you the benefit of his advice absolutely free of all charge. The Remedies will be sent to any address on receipt of refail price.





LYCETT'S. 831/2 Whitehall Street.

Lessons in China and Oil Painting. Art Materials for sale. White China for Decora-tion a specialty.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. J. A. DREWRY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Griffin, Ga.
Prompt attention to collections.
References Merchants and Planters'
Bank.

Milton A. Candler. Wm. S. Thomson.
CANDLER & THOMSON,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooms 635 and 637 Equitable Building.

Hours on the collection of the

MARVIN L. CASE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga. HALL BROTHERS,
Civil and mining engineers, 67 Gate City
bank building, Atlanta, Ga. Surveys of all
kinds. Special attention given to mines,
quarries and hydraulics. july23-ly W. F. &. H. A. JENKINS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Eatonton, Ga.

NATIONAL SURGICAL INSTITUTE

MUNYON'S WITNESSES.

Samuel A, Heath, 218 Columbia avenue, Boston, says: "It is now sixteen months since I was cured of rheumatism by using Munyon's Rheumatism Cure, I took it several times daily, and in four days was completely cured. At that time I could not put on my coat without assistance. My kness and ankles were so with that walking was difficult, I had suffered with rheumatism every spring and fall, but since taking Munyon's Remedies I have not had the slightest symptoms of the disease."

Wallace Bickford, of Bemis, Mass., says: "I had nasal catarrh of several years' standing, with all its disgusting symptoms, when I began using Munyon's Catarrh Remedies, Their action was marvelously quick, The disease yielded rapidly, and now I am perfectly cured."

Miss Jola Forrest, 25 Monad street Peston.

EISEMAN & WEIL, 3 WHITEHALL ST.

MEETINGS.

A regular communication of Atlodge, No. 59, A. F. and A. M., will be held in Masonic hall, Chamber of Commerce building, corner of South Pryor and East Hunter streets, at 7:30 o'clock, sharp, this (Thursday) evening. This is an important meeting and the members are urged to attend. Brethren qualified are fraternally invited. Entrance and elevator at Pryor street front.

ZADOC'B. MOON,

ZADOC'B. MOON,

Secretary.

The regular annual meeting of the stock-holders of the Atlanta Gaslight Company will be held at the gas office, No. 8 West Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga., Saturday, March 16, 1895, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the election of directors, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

T. G. HEALY, mchl+3t.

President.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.



By the director of the New England CARL EARITEM

FAELIEN, America's Most Eminent Planist Will Appear At

\$10 A Suit

DEGIVE'S

THE GRAND.

Matinee Today and TONIGHT

MR, ROLAND REED

As General Josiah Limber, in the most notable production of the times,

THE POLITICIAN.

THE WOMAN'S PLANK.

A satire upon politics, by David D. Lloyd and Sydney Rosenfeld, Prices-Night, 25c to \$1.50 in orchestra only; matinee, 25c to \$1 in orchestra only.

Friday and Saturday, March 15th and 16th. Matinee Saturday,

Lincoln J. Carter's

THE FAST MAIL.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY'S Music Hall.

Thursday Evening, March 14th. Ad-

THE GHEAT GILMORE MUSICAL FESTIVAL

Wednesday and Thursday

March 21st and 22d,

THE GRAND

morrow morning at 9 o'clock in the mus store of the Freyer & Bradley Company, 63 Peachtree street. Notwithstanding the extraordinary strength of the attraction, there will be no advance in prices.

GRAND CONCERT MADAM ANNIE S. WERNER,
MRS. CHAS. SHERIDAN,
MRS. POMEROY-GRAVES,
MR. G. W. PRIGNITZ and other artists
will take part. Admission 25 cents.

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If you want to find every word in the English language, you go to an unabridged dictionary.

If you want to see all the types of the latest fashions in Spring Clothes, Hats and Furnishings, you must come to our unabridged stock.

Critics and crowds unite istheir testimony as to the beauty, variety, quantity and quality of our assortment.

Sentences should be paragraphs, paragraphs chapters.

content with hints

We'll talk over the rest

We and you must be

at the counters. GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO.,

Men's and Boys' Clothiers.

38 Whitehall St.

Ten sets of special scenery. Flight of the fast mail. Niagara Falls by moonlight with boiling mist, Practical working en-gine and 14 freight cars, with illuminated caboose. The Dago dive. Realistic river. scene and steamboat explosion, and other startling effects. Usual prices. su wed thur fri sqt. The living question of today is the best advantage!

> ANSWER. 1st. Buy only for eash, saving from 25 to 50 per cent. 2d. Buy from a reliable grocer who keeps full fresh lines of goods. W. R. HOYT has fairly earned that reputation, and the constant stream of Groceries going in and coming out of No. 90 Whitehall plainly tells who sells the goods and who is doing the

Grocery trade of Atlanta. JUST THINK OF IT: 50 pounds Peachtree Patent Flour Finest Baltimore Sugar Cured Hams 11 cents per pound.

3 cans best California Peaches, Pears or Apricots 50c. 4 cans fresh Virginia, 2 pound, Tomatoes 25c.

Best brands Condensed Milk 10 10 pound can pure Leaf Lard (24 pounds Standard Granulated Su-And everything in the Grocery line at correspondingly low wholesale prices. It will pay you to call and

W. R. HOYT,

Phone 451. 90 Whitehall St. SALE OF THE STOCK OF GOODS

AND FIXTURES OF S. THANHOUSER & SONS.

In accordance with an order of the Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of the superior court, of the Atlanta circuit, made in the case of Loeb, Livingston et al. vs. S. Thanhouser & Sons et al., pending in the Fulton superior court, the undersigned as receivers in said case, will receive scaled bids for the purchase of the stock of goods and fixtures of said S. Thanhouser & Sons, in the stores on Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., known as "The Fair," until 8:30 o'clock a. m. March 21, 1895. Said bids to be opened in the presenge of said court at 9 o'clock a. m. March 21, 1895. Bids will be received separately on the entire portion of such stock and fixtures to which no claim of identification has been made. Also separately on such of said stock as has been set apart under orders for identification, and on this class of goods bids will be made separately on each lot or parcel as claimed by the various interventions respectively. Access to the stores and opportunity for examination will be afforded to proposed bidders. Terms cash on acceptance of bid.

This March 9, 1895.

Receivers.

Receiver's Sale.

By order of court, bids will be received on the stock of goods, stock of lumber, nachinery and buildings of the May Manel Company until the morning of March 0, 1885, and, if the bids are not satisfactory of the court, the above described property will be sold on the premises, 15 W. Mitchell street, to the highest bidder for cash at public outery, on March 20, 1895, at 12 octock m. Copy of inventory, etc., can be napected on application to the receiver.

L. W. BROWN, Receiver

A MARBLE FRONT.

That Is the Kind of a City Hall Atlanta Can Get.

MR. T. B. NEAL AND HIS ASSOCIATES

Are Ready to Give the City a Home of Magnificent Design-The Council
Will Hear the Proposition.

Atlanta was offered another chance for city hall yesterday.

And the structure which is contemplated by the gentlemen behind the offer is one of the most magnificent and desirable yet tendered the city.

Banking Company, is at the head of the party of capitalists who are anxious to house the municipal government in a home of which the city and every citizen would be proud. The home as contemplated will be of the finest Georgia marble and will be equipped in the most complete style of modern architecture.

the plan, were in the city hall yesterday afternoon for the purpose of laying their plans and ideas before the committee on public buildings and grounds, but, as the full committee was not present, the proposition was not submitted. Mr. Harralson, the second member of the committee was e second member of the committee, how yer, was in the hall, and with him the gen tlemen talked of the matter. It was a pleasant and good plan to Mr. Harral-son's mind that they presented, but Mr. Harralson did not feel disposed to entertain anything like a formal talk from the gen-tlemen in the charge themen in the absence of the other members of the committee. However, there was an informal talk, and in that talk it was shown that the gentlemen associated with Mr. Neal were willing to invest money in a magnificent building to be used as a city hall for a term of years to be agreed upon by the city council and the promoters of the plan.

The building site is on the corner of Houston and Pryor streets, on what is known as the Handy lot. That lot is one of and is one of the largest in the heart of th

On it the gentlemen are willing to erect a magnificent marble building fronting the two streets 100 feet each. The building will five stories high, and will be one of the most complete in the south if the gentl and the general council can come to terms. The terms of their proposition they will

entertain a proposition, the gentlemen de-clined to discuss the matter, saying it would be submitted to the general council the

SALE OF THE NORTHEASTERN. Governor Atkinson Has Prepared the

The governor has prepared the advertise-ment for the sale of the Northeastern rail-

Under its terms, the sale of the road will 16th, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The order describes the property as fol

"The line of railroad known as the Northeastern railroad, extending from Athens, Clarke county, Georgia, to Lula, Hall county, a distance, of thirty-nine and fourtenths miles, and about two miles of side track on the main line of the road, to-gether with the franchises, equipments and other property of said company connected with said road, consisting of its roadbed, superstructure, right of way, motive power, rolling stock, depots, freight and section houses, shops, town and city lots, grounds, furnitum, we shire the said of urniture, machinery, tools, etc., a full and complete inventory of which is on file at the executive office."

terms are stated this way: "Terms cash, or, if the purchaser prefers, \$50,000 cash; \$50,000 January 1, 1896, and the remainder July 1, 1896, with interest on the July 1, 1896, in cash or in the legal and valid nds of the state, issued under the act of 1876, and maturing July 1, 1896. In the even purchaser chooses to make payment vill enter into an agreement to make deed upon said payments being met at maturity and in the event these deferred payments, or any of them, are not met at maturity the governor will be authorized and empowered to take possession of the property, to resell in his discretion at the purchaser's risk, it being expressly understood that the governor does not part with any title or lien which the governor or the state has upon this property, or any part of it until the purchase money is paid in full.

"The right is reserved to the state to bid for this property at the sale to the extent of the bonded indebtedness of the company, upon which the state is endorser; that is, the sum of \$260,000 and accrued interest."

"KID" M'COY WON.

Awarded the Decision in the Contest

with "Shadow" Maber. Memphis, Tenn., March 13.—Charles, better known as "Kid," McCoy was tonight awarded the decision in his ten-round glove contest with "Shadow" Maber, of Cincinnati, before the Athletic Pastime

its utmost capacity. Bob Lee, the official referee of the club, officiated, and George Battler, the club time-keeper, was accepted by both men. McCoy weighed upon entering the ring 146 and Maber 143 pounds. The sympathy of the spectators was with McCoy but the bettier. McCoy, but the betting was rather the other way, odds of five to four being given on the Australian.

In the first round, Maber started in to lead the fighting, McCoy on the defensive. Before many exchanges had been made, McCoy had shown he was the better man, out at no time, until the last two rounds. did he undertake to force the fighting Before the first round ended, McCoy ha landed a half-dozen times on Maber's face, chest and wind, but Maber had not once reached his opponent, and it was evident that, barring the unforseen, McCoy had the fight won. In the second round, Maber did not evince any lack of confidence, but went in, as at first, to rush matters. He soon found, though, that he had no chance. In the second round, Maber fouled a couple of times, and the referee warned him that another repetition would lose bim the fight repetition would lose him the fight. ards Referee Lee expressed the opinion that Maber tried purposely to foul, in order to have the fight decided against himself. In the last three rounds Maber was unsteady, and was frequently on the floor. In the eighth round, McCoy got first blood on a left swips on the core a a left swing on the nose. The was approved by the spectators.

Rome, March 13—A heavy southerly gale prevails along the Italian coast in the vicinity of Naples and many coasting vessels have been sunk or driven ashore.

The Hamburg American steembly American Hamburg-American steamship Au-Victoria, from New York, January rith a party of excursionists on board, which was lying at Naples, broke from her moorings and went adrift.

relieved by Brown's Bronchial Troches. They surpass all other preparations in removing hoarseness and as a cough remedy are pre-eminently the best.

ROLAND REED, POLITICIAN.

"That'll never do; I must strike that plan

General Josiah Limber is perfecting the platform upon which his candidate is to run when he gives expression to that bit of political erudition. The sentence is fairly representative of the tone of the play which is the broadest kind of a satire or modern politics and politicians.

"The Politician" is Roland Reed's new play. Seldom has a company been given so hearty a reception as was that accorded to Mr. Reed and his company last evening at the Grand. It was their first appearance after the accident from which they were lucky to have escaped with their lives, and this fact had something to do with the enthusiastic greeting they received. But there were two other important factors in that greeting—the fact that the star is a great favorite here and the fact that the play he produced is one of the funniest he has ever

The Politician" is, perhaps, the most joint work of the late David D. Lloyd and Syaney Rosenfeld, the combination which yave us the comedy which has been the most successful in Mr. Crane' repertoire,

"The Senator."
The scene is laid in Illinois. The politician in this instance is of the hoosler type belonging to the west, but he is readily recognized here in the south, for the same type is to be found the country over. He is a schemer—is this politician—a decidedly smooth citizen, who might be a prominent factor in a ring, or might, with modesty, claim to be simply an Arcadian. He is for the old flag and an appropriation, but es-pecially for himself.

Major General (of militia) Limber is

smooth and oily—full of promises which are only equaled in number by his failures to perform and at no time overburdened with perform, and at no time overturated with principle. Limber is anxious to defeat his arch enemy, and he selects Peter Woolley, who has standing and money, as his tool in bringing about this purpose. He is worked to the queen's taste for campaign expenses, though he has had no political ambition until the oily tongue of the "general" began to get in its work. Of course he falls n love with the prettiest woman of th ot-I strongly suspect Reed wouldn't have the nomination of Woolley, and represent room adjoining the convention hall, is an especially animated one, and works to a climax which brought several enthusiastic curtain calls. Each act had brought this result, but the third is the strongest of the

Mr. Reed is seen to splendid advantage in this play. The role suits him better than any he has had in years, and he imbues the part with that very funny personality which has made him such a comedy suc cess. He was given a splendid reception last night. To say that he kept his audience laughing from the start to the finish, is putting it mildly. The play is a magnificent vehicle for him, and he gives it a life and sh which no other man on the stage today could give it. At the end of the third recent accident experience, and speaking with unmistakable feeling of the kind treatment he and his people have had in Atlanta.
The reception given Miss Rush as the
twentieth century woman was of equal
heartiness with that given the star and her

performance was a really notable one. She the twentieth century woman we would all like to see and with such advocates her, and with such advocates of woman suffrage as she, there would never for an instant be a doubt of the immediate triumph of those views. The most beautiful woman on the stage today, she is one of the cleverest. She has not before had an opportunity of showing what a reaihowever, as Caroline Sturgess. She was compelled to carry her right arm in a

of the party, was able to go through her part, though she had to sit most of the time. She, too, was given a warm welcome.
The company is the strongest Mr. Reed has ever had. Mr. Tupper does an excellent piece of character work as Peter Woolley Miss Lowrie, a beautiful young girl, put a great deal of spirit in her performance of the part of the daughter and is unquestion-ably the best ingenue Mr. Reed has had the best ingenue Mr. Reed has had, Will Bernard is very clever as the dude with anglomania, and adds largely

Mr. Bunny, as the servant, Mr. Halleck and Mr. Julian Reed all deserve mention.

The song and dance which Reed does is a delicious bit. The play bristles with fun, and is certainly one of the best laugh-nro

ducers ever seen here. This afternoon a special matinee will be given, and the engagement will conclude with tonight's performance. "The Politician" is well worth seeing.

TRYING TO BREAK A WILL. Relatives of George W. Dye Are Still

Fighting for His Property. Elberton, Ga., March 13.—(Special.)—The George W. Dye will case, probably the most mportant case ever tried in Elbert, is now on trial. The Constitution's readers will remember the facts of this case. Mr. George
W. Dye, late of Elbert, died in 1893, leaving an estate of nearly \$100,000. It consisted
largely of cash, which he kept packed
away in his dwelling. The principal part
of this estate was willed by Mr. Dye to a
family of servants, who had been living imily of servants, who had been living with him all their lives. Messrs H K Gairdner and John H. Grogan were left a

executors. The relatives of Mr. Dye are contesting the will and a warm legal fight is on hand. One or two mistrials have al-ready been declared at former sessions of the court.
When Judge Reese sounded the case this When Judge Reese sounded the case this morning some trouble was had in securing a jury. Finally the following twelve gentlemen were selected, four of whom are preachers of the gospel and all of whom are of the best citizens: Rev. W. J. Vickery, James L. Tate, L. M. Adams, Rev. P. B. Butler, J. Ben Almond, J. W. Turner, Jr., J. R. Booth, Rev. W. T. Norman, P. V. J. R. Booth, Rev. W. T. Norman, P. V. Rice, Rev. E. R. Goss, F. W. Auld and J.

The attorneys for the propounders are Judge P. P. Profflitt, J. P. Shannon, W. M. Howard, George Grogan and Judge Hamp McWhorter. Those for the caveators are W. D. Tutt and J. N. Worley, M. P. Resse

Walker Surrenders.

Hawkinsville, Ga., March 13.—(Special.)—
ohn M. Walker, who shot and killed M. John M. Walker, who shot and arrendered M. Pipkin yesterday morning, surrendered last night to a county court bailiff, C. C. last night to a county heard the verdict of the coroner's jury when he gave him-self up to Mr. Spence. He has employed L. C. Ryan, county judge, one of the ablest lawyers in the Oconee circuit, to defend him. Attorneys have been employed by the relatives of the dead man and the trial

the relatives of the dead man and the trial will be very interesting.

Wash Strong, who murdered Johnson Duncan in December, 1890, will be hanged here Friday.

Frank Caruthers, who has twice been convicted of the murder of Mr. T. L. Caruthers, will be slipped off to Macon tonight and lodged in Bibb county jail in the morning by order of Judge C. C. Smitn, of the Oconee circut. The jailer has been advised that an attempt would probably be made to lynch grank Caruthers after Wash was hanged Friday. Caruthers has already cost. Pulaski county a large sum and many people are averse to the county being put to further expense on account of a worthless negro gambles.

—John Wood, a colored drayman, was thrown from his wagon in a runaway yes-terday afternoon at the corner of Decatur-street and Piedmont avenue. He was car-ried to the hospital, where it was found that one of his legs had been broken.

CHICKAMAUGA PARK.

Commissioner Fullerion Tells of the Work That Is Now Going On.

SIX THOUSAND AGRES OF LAND IN IT

Million and a Half Dollars Expended in Beautifying the Grounds - Monu-ments to Fallen Heroes Erected.

Chairman J. L. Fullerton, of the Chickamaugua park commission, appointed by the national government, was in Atlanta yes-

He came down from Chickamaugua to attend to some legal business in the United States court here pertaining to the park. Commissioner Fullerton is at the head of the great movement, started within the pas few years to establish a grand national park of rare beauty and splendor on the field where one of the most frightful and deadly battles of the war between the states was fought during the trying days of

the sixtles.

He is an aged gentleman with hair as white as the snows of winter, but has wonderful vigor and vitality for one of his years, and has devoted his every energy to wards making the movement a grand su-

Little seems to be known even in this re gion, so close to the historic spot, of the great work of transformation that has been going on there for the past two years. It will doubtless be surprising to the average citizen of Georgia to know that near-y a million and a half dollars will soon have been spent on the park that is to be opened at Chickamaugua in the early days

of the coming fall.

The national government appropriated three-quarters of a million dollars for the establishment of a park there. The purpose was to lay out the grounds and establish driveways and graded roads through the six thousand acres that were engaged

for the park,
Then, the several states whose armies
were most interested in the fight on this
historic spot have contributed liberally to

The state of Ohlo gave \$92,000.

Illinois gave \$57,000. Missouri, a state which had but a few soldiers there, has given by legislative enactment \$5,000 so late as last Saturday to the movement, and there will, in the end, be considerably more than a million dollars spent there in beautifying the grounds and making the park all that it ought to be as a monument to

prayery and gallantry of the two armies that met there with such a frightful clash in the stormy days of civil strife.

The establishment of this park is no second tional movement, for states in the south and the north alike are interested in the and the north ainse are interested in the movement, and there will be thousands—hundreds of thousands—of splidlers and children of soldiers on the grounds when the day draws nigh for the opening this fall.

"Yes, you would be amazed at the work that has been carried on there the past few months," said Commissioner Fullerton to The Constitution last night. "More than six thousand acres of land have been laid out for park purposes and

s being beautified with the opening of wagon roads and handsome drives, the sodding of lawns and grading of terraces. In addition to this there are handsome monu-ments and pyramids being erected here and there about the place.
"There were four commanders of brig

ades killed at the battle of Chickamaug and on the spots where each of them laid down his life there is being a handsome and appropriate monument erected to his

ga park will be an honor to the patriotism of both sections, and will be a fitting memo-tal of the flercest conflict of this part of the great battle arena of the country dur-

ASPIRATIONS By Anthony Hope.

(Copyright, 1895, by Anthony Hope.) Flo and myself.
"It's really a little awkward, you know,"

ended, smiling.
"Awkward," said Philippa, who had listened to me quite gravely. "Awkward, Mr. Vansittart? I call it disgusting." And her clear blue eyes flashed scorn. Now, I myself did not consider it exact-

ly disgusting, so I said nothing more than "Perhaps I oughtn't to have mentioned it to you. But it seemed amusing in a way. Of course, it's a secret."
"Well, I suppose you wouldn't like it

I sat smoothing my hat and smiling. 'What are you smiling at?" she asked sharply. "Oh, I wonder how you and people like you"—by which she meant Cousin Flo—"can make a jest of it as you do!" And she began to walk up and down. "A jest of what, Miss March?" "Why, of—of—of love and so on, Mr. Vansttert".

sittart.' "Oh, of love!" said I meditatively as I deposited my hat on the table.
"That's serious, surely, if anything in the world is. And you make fun of it all!"
"Well, it makes a fool of me," I pleaded.

Philippa gave me a look and waiked 'You're quite right," said I. "It's-it's noommon bad form. I shall tell Flo that

"You were just as bad yourself-worse." "You were the man. You began it. You

Flo does not give the impression of needing encouragement, but I let that pass. In fact, I was much interested in Phillippa's opinion.
"You're right," I said again. "It is a

serious thing."
"It's a holy thing," said Philippa, from
the middle of the room.
"It is," I agreed, meeting her earnest
gaze. "With the right person, it is; with

"It's a desecration," interrupted Philippa.
"I'm so gaid I talked to you about it.
Miss March. You take such a jolly-I meah such a splendidly high view of it. You elevate the whole thing so." And I rose and joined Philippa, who was now standing on the hearthrug, where the sun caught her hair through the drawing room window. "Have you read this?" asked Philippa, suddenly taking three volumes from the mantelpiece. "It's simply magnificent." "I don't think I have. What is it?" "Incomprehensa," answered Philippa. "By the author of Too Many by Half," you know." such a splendidly high view of it. You ele

whow."
"What's it about?"
"What's it about?"
"A girl," said Philippa, with kindling eye,
"who gave her whole life to—but what's
the use of talking about it to you? You're
laughing again."
"Upon my honor, I just screwed up my
mouth because—because of the sun, you
know."
"Gave her whole life to saying a man

"Gave her whole life to saving a man not in the least worthy of her."
"What a city?" said I, trying to say the right thing.
"A pity! It's just that that's so splendid."

"A pity! It's just that that's so splendid."

"Oh, yes, of course—in one point of view. Yes, it would be, Miss March."

"And he never understood her!"

"Liked some one else, did he?"

"Oh, no. He loved her—"

"Come, he had some good—"

"In his way," ended Philippa, with measureless disdain. "That made it worse."

I began to feel uncomfortable; yet I had arother feeling. Philippa is wonderfully striking when she looks haughty and scornful.

cornful.
"I shall read it," said I. "It's a fine idea.
"I shall read it," said I. "It's a fine idea.
Pity things like that don't happen in real
life! In real life nobody tries to help a feilow."
I think I achieved some pathos in this remark, for Philippa tunned a softened glance upon me.
"He's just allowed," I continued, "to go on making an-making all sorts of

blunders, I mean—and nobody cares enough to do anything."

"It's very hard to help some people," said Philippa, sadly.
"But what's-her-name—"
"Incomprehensa, Mr. Vansittart,"
"Yes, Thanks. Incomprehensa tried all the same."

the same."
"Yes, she did," said Philippa, and a pause

the same."
"Yes, she did," said Philippa, and a pause followed.
"But a book's one thing and life's another," I observed, bitterly.
"It oughtn't to be," said Philippa, in a low voice, and she looked away towards the window. "I don't think it would be with—with everybody."

"A fellow feels, don't you know, Miss March, that he would be better if anybody took any interest in him, you know—I mean sensibly—not all for a lark, as Flo does."
"She's not very serious herself, is she?" asked Philippa, with a slight patient smile, "That's the worst of it," said I, "So of course she's no use. I often feel that if I had some one to—well, at any rate, to talk to about such things—"What things? Mr. Vansittart."
"Oh, well—oh, well—come, you know what I mean, Miss March."
And Philippa said softly:
"Yes I think I do Mr. Vansittart."

And Philippa said softly:
"Yes, I think I do, Mr. Vansittart."
"If." I resumed, "I might come and talk
you sometimes—I o you sometimes—I "I—I'm often at home," murmured Phil-"And hear what you think about it, you know, and see your—I mean, hear your

when and see your and the see your and opinion."
"If you really think it would be any—"
"Oh, it would—no end, I assure you, Miss
March. It would make me a different fellow—upon my word, it would. It would
elevate me, I'm sure it would elevate me
like anything."
Fhilippa blushed—maybe only because I

see implying a compliment to her moral

like anything."

Fhilippa blushed—maybe only because I was implying a compilment to her moral worth. I continued to regard her with admiring eyes.

"It would make me very happy if I thought—" she said.

"And—and, Miss March." I interrupted, encouraged by her tone, "perhaps you might find there was some good in a chap, after all, and—" "I'm sure I should, Mr. Vansittart."

"And then, perhaps, some day you might come to care for—"
I had got thus far (and, after all, it was most of the way) when Philippa suddenly drew back, and, flashing a fine "Have you forgotten your cousin, Mr. Vansittart."

It was exactly what I had done. I had It was exactly what I had done. I had clean forgotten Flo.
"You must have, I think," she went on,
"or you would hardly venture to hint to

"To you would hardly venture to hint to me."

"Look here, Miss March." I broke in, "It's all nonsense about Plo, you know, she doesn't half mean it and I don't—"

"I understood that you rad asked—"

"Well, so I did." I admitted in desperation. "I say, Philippa—I mean, Miss March—If I can square it with—"

"If you can what?"

"If you can what?"

"If I can honbrably—"

"Not another word, please, Mr. Vansittart! How can I listen while your cousin—?" She broke off, turning away. But I took a step after her.

"If my cousin were not—" I began, in low, persuasive tones.

"Not another word, please," whispered Philippa.

"There it is!" I cried, tragically. "I'm left to myself. You won't hold out a finger to me!"

left to myself. You won't noid out a finger to me!"
Philippa did not do what I suggested in a literal sense, but she allowed me to see her profile instead of the back of her head. "Please go away now," said she.
"I'll go," said I, "if-"
"No, no: go, please!"
"I'r you'll say one word to me!"
"To you'll say one word to me!"
"One word?" I just heard from Philippa as I leant my head forward to catch it.
"Yes, one word. Then I shall have strength to-to tackle—I—I mean to go like ar lonest man to Flo and—and do it, you know."

know."
There was a pause. I stood expectant.
At last Philippa spoke.
"I never thought of this," she said.
"Of course, you didn't," said I. As a
matter of fact, I had not thought of it

"I-I do think there's some good in you-"Ah, you're too—"
"Just a little, which, under good influ-

"Yours yould be angelic!"
"Hush, hush!" "Hush, hush!"
"Say one word," I implored.
Ani Philippa, her profile—which is a most admirable one—still presented to me, spoke the one word I asked.
"Perhaps," said Philippa.

I gave a cry of joy.

"Now go," added Philippa.

As a gentleman I was bound to go. I took my hat and walked straight to the door, a smile of radiant happiness on my face. Just as I reached it Philippa spoke "Mr. Vansittart!"
"Yes?"

"You-you'll see your cousin soon?"
Somehow I felt less radiant. My smile

lippa.

I paused a moment; then I said: "Til try," and I shut the door.

I went downstairs whistling softly. Then I lit a cigarette I wanted it. And I said, as I walked away:
"I wonder if I'm in a tight place."
For it seemed possible that I was. So I tock the night to think it over.

DROWNED IN A DITCH. in Old Soldier Falls in Six Inches of Water and Dies.

Griffin, Ga., March 13.—Lying face downward in the water, with its limbs doubled under it, the body of old Captain Nehemiah Dawns, of Fayette county, was found short-ly after 12 o'clock today in a branch that ly after 12 o'clock today in a branch that runs out from the experiment farm and crosses the Ellis road into the fair ground. A quart bottle protruding from his coat pocket and the irregular footprints leading down the hillside ditch told all too plainly the cause and the manner of his drowning. Captain Dawns was a soldier in the Mexican war, and came to Griffin from his home at Inman last night to draw his pension at inman last night to draw his pension money, which amounted to about \$60. He spent the night with his niece at the Kincaid mill and it is supposed he intended going back there to dinner, as he was walking in that direction. He was very much under the influence of whisky and it is probable that in his intoxicated condition

he missed his way.

The total depth of the stream at this point is not over six inches, but he fell in such a way that his face and head were almost entirely submerged, while his hands, arms and legs were so placed that in his The accident occurred within a hundred

Her Hair Catches in Machinery and

Is Torn Off. Augusta, Ga., March 13.—(Special.)—Miss Mary Harden, a fourteen-year-old operawho works in the spinning room of the Longley mills, met with a horrible accident this morning. The unfortunate girl wears her hair in plaits, which hangs devin her back, tied at the end with a ribbon. Near where she stands there are several cog wheels, each revolving 150 times a minute. While at work today, a times a minute. While at work today, a ribbon was caught in these whirling wheels and the poor girl was jerked from her feet and the scalp was pulled from the skull. Dr. W. H. Doughty, Jr., went over there and replaced the scalp on the girl's head. She is not expected to recover. T. O. Browns won his suit against the city of Augusta in the city court. He go: verdict for the full amount, \$2,430, with terest, for rebuilding the retaining wall Hawks Gulley bridge, which was washed

down by heavy rains.

Mrs. D. W. Chashereau and B. A. Sease today. They repaired to their boarding house, on Broadway. It is stated that nouse, on Broadway. It is stated that the couple are under police surveillance, and will not be permitted to leave the city for a couple of days. Mr. Chashereau has been wired of the arrest of the couple. Mrs. Chashereau was entirely changed in mind the manner. She would will be a mind the manner. this morning. She would willingly return to her hasband now if the opportunity were given. Sease will not go back to South Carolina unless he is compelled to.

Wife Charged with Murder. Savannah, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)-John Cincevich, brother of Captain Cincevich, who died a few days ago fron wounds inflicted, as was supposed, by an

#Pond's Extract

THE WORLD-RENOWNED REMEDY

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Colds, Catarrh and ALL PAIN.

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deceased, charging her with the murder. He says the wounds inflicted on Cincevich were inflicted by her and that, although she says the fight with the negro took place at 9 o'clock at night, he has evidence that the property of the says that the control of the says that the says th that the man and his wife were quarr All persons who own tracts of land with ing at 2 o'clock in the morning. Mrs. Cincevich is still in bed, not having re-

ARRESTED IN NEWNAN.

The Fugitive Burglars of Eads-Neel Caught for Car Breaking.

A telephone message last night to police headquarters, from Newnan, told of the arrest in that place of Hugh Barrett, Jim Smith and Turner Williams, three young Atlanta boys.

They had broken a car seal, and were They had broken a car sear, and weithought to be taking away the goods when caught. The gang is supposed to be the same that entered the store of the Eads-Neel Company last week. Pearl Spinx, now in jall, criminated them in his conference.

The boys were under the leadership of charles Johnson, who, it is said, stole a corse in Newnan yesterday and escaped. An officer will be sent down this morning to bring them back for prosecution. All of the boys belong to good families.

MARY RILEY FOUND.

The Young Girl Who Ran Away from Her Home Caught in Atlanta. Shortly after 11 o'clock last night Mary Riley, the young girl who ran away from

ought into the station house by a pa She was taken from a disreputable place where she had taken refuge. The father of the girl is blind and her mother is very

Now the question cames, who was the girl found at the Brunswick hotel? The detectives know nothing of any other girl who has disappeared. M'KINLEY AT THOMASVILLE.

The Governor Is in the Hands of His Friends. Thomasville, Ga., March 13 .- (Special.)-Governor McKinley and party arrived here at 6:30 o'clock tonight. They were driven to the winter residence of Mr. Mark A. Hanna, on Dawson street. It is given ou here that the governor's visit is a purely social one and without any political significance. Shrewd observers, however, say that his presence in Georgia will bear fruit while here. A reception will be tendered, when he will meet some of the men who will have a hand in shaping the delegatio

-Ed Collier, who drove a dray wagon was run over last evening on Marietta street. As he stepped from the wagon the horse started off and caught him under the wheels. He was slightly injured.



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GAS STOVES AND RANGES!



We have secured the agency for this celebrated Gas Range, and are now able to offer it to onr customers at same prices as the common Gas Range now on the market. It is without doubt the best baker and broiler and has the best burners made. Something entirely different from

We guarantee it to use 25 per cent less gas than any other stove. Call and see them.

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ESTABLISHED IN 1857. PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell streets, and branch store at 201 Peters street, in addition to his large and varied stock, is now receiving his usual supply of spring seeds, such as clover, orchard, blue and red top grass seeds, German millet, eastern-raised Irish potatoes, onlon sets; all kinds of watermelon and cantaloupe seeds, and garden seeds of all kind; gardening tools and other hardware; guns and pistols, cartridges and ammunition of all kinds, and other varieties of goods, too numerous to mention here. He keeps up the old style. Whenever you fail to find anything, be sure and come to his place and you will be very apt to find it. All of the above varieties are to be found at his stores on Whitehall and Peters streets.

The usual supply of fine wines, ales, beers, porters, brandes, gins, rums and whiskies of the very best grade, for medicinal and beverage purposes are to be found at his Whitehall street store.

A perfect variety store at each place. All orders, accompanied with the cash, filled promptly and at reasonable prices. On hand a good lot of arctic and rubber overshoes and rubber boots for the cold and bad weather. Terms cash.

Just received, 600 pounds fresh and genuine codfish.



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JAMES P. FIELD. 68 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., Southern Art school.

FOR RENT-Houses, Cottages, Etc. HANDSOME COTTAGE; six large rooms, two halls; hot and cold baths; every mod-ern convenience. Apply 64 Forest ave. FOR RENT-Modern house, rent reasons ble. William Bennet, 66 E. Ellis.

FOR RENT — Seven - room house, front and rear hall, new, modern appoint-ments, bells, etc., will rent cheap. Wal-liam A. Osborn, 9 E. Alabama street. mchl3-eod-7t FOR RENT-A handsome house of nine rooms, bathrooms, etc., and all modern conveniences; well furnished and care-peted. Apply 404 Courtland ave. mar14thu-sun.

FOR RENT-Eight-room house at 64 E. Ellis street between Ivy and Courtland streets. Apply to C. E. Harman, Equita-ble building. FOR RENT—A four-room house on Wal nut street, corner of Magnolia, Wil take rent in washing if by first-class hand Apply to owner at 54 Walton. mchl4-5t

WANTED-Money. \$2,000-WANTED for three years at 8 per cent. Best real estate security. No com-mission. Address M. W., care of Consti-

WANTED-Miscellaneous.

CASH PAID for old gold. A. L. Delkin Co., 69 Whitehall street. jan-23-6m Real Estate-FOR SALE-Real Estate. THE BEST residence in West End at a bargain. We have been directed to sell. Call in and make us an offer. J. C. Hendrix & Co. mars-in

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous. FOR SALE-A handsome rosewood guit to be sold for less than half price. A ply to A. H. Merrill, 5½ Peachtree st.

ROOMS FOR RENT FOR RENT-Rooms One handsomely fur-nished front room on first floor at 21 Washington street.

LARGE front and medium sized rooms for rent, 191 Peachtree street. Choice loca-tion. mchio sun tues thur LOST. LOST—One plain gold cuff button, diamond setting: liberal reward if left at O. A. Smith's, 27 Walton st. mar12 2t tues thur TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

THE WILLIAMS TYPEWRITER is the best most complete and durable; visible writing. Typewriter supplies. Edwin Hardin, No. 15 Peachtree.
mari2 3t tues thur sun WANTED-Agents. AGENTS WANTED for 1895 wall map of United States and world, six feet long, beautifully colored; our best seller. Send 75c. for sample and terms. No experience needed, sells itself. Rand, McNally & Co., Chicago.

mari2 3ttues 3thur 2sat 4sun

For Rent by C. H. Girardeau, 8 East Wall Street, Kimball House. h., 66 Highland avenue, from ril 1st...h., 167 Loyd, near inh., 104 Formwalt

Pryor 17 50 tore and 3 rooms, 510 Decatur 17 50 tore, 224 Marietta 15 00 Linton Lewis, formerly of Lewis & Tank

300 Baby Cabs just opened. Largest, and cheapest line of

SNOOK AND HAVERTY 6 Peachtree St. mch 10-1mo-su-tu-th

SALESMEN WANTED. sallesmen of AGENTS make money easy selling suits to order, \$13.50; pants, \$2; shirts, \$1; mackintoshes, \$5. thunter Tailoring Company, Cincinnati, O. decl-4m-sun tues thur sat

decl-4m-sun tues thur sat

BALESMEN—We send samples, allow liberal salary and expenses or commission to
proper applicants. Staple
stores out of five will order. Address with
stamp Lock Box 420, New York City.
july 5-312t

WANTED—Reliable salesman, already
traveling, to carry our lubricants as a
side line. Manufacturers' Il Company,
Cleveland, O. sept25—'m
WANTED—Reliable salesman for the WANTED—Reliable salesmen for easy selling specialty. Apply to Geo. H. Lewis, 41 Peachtree st. mari2 it

HELP WANTED-Male. WANTED—One gin breaster and one gin-saw hammerer. Address Gullett Gin Company, Amite, La. mchl4-5t.

NEW FACES—All about changing the teatures and renovating blemishes in 180-page book for a stamp. John H. Woodbury, 127 W. 42d street, New York. Inventor of Woodbury's Facial Soap. HELP WANTED-Female. LADIES-To do fancy work at home. Del-ray Needlework Co., Delray, Mich. feu20-15t

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN-\$1,000 to \$50,000, Atlanta real estate security; one to five years time. D. H. Livermore, State Savings bank. bank. jant in bank. jant in bank.

ON DIAMONDS, ETC.—Responsible, liberal, confidential. N. Kaiser & Co., 15 Decatur st., Kimball house. Jani 6m

WEYMAN & CONNERS, 825 Equitable building are prepared to place loans on RILEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiates loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 28 South Broad street.

\$50,000—IF YOU want a loan promptly or real estate, easy monthly plan, call on W. B. Smith. 16 N. Pryor street. jan29 6m W. B. Smith. 16 N. Place diamonds, jewelry, etc.; liberal and confidential. Henry H. Schaul, 56 Decatur street, near Pryor street. LOANS UPON REAL ESTATE in or near

Atlanta promptly negotiated by nett, Equitable building. mett, Equitable building.

WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta
Discount Company. Office No. 20 Gate
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FOR FARM loans within 50 miles of Ab-lanta come to the Georgia Farm Loan Co., rooms 10 and 12, 37½ Whitehall street. nov2 5m nov2 5m
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bank.

5, T AND 8 PER CENT CITY LOANS.

Georgia farms 8 per cent. W. C. Davis, attorney. Room 43 Gate City bank build-noy 6-6m OUR OWN MONEY to lend on Atlanta real estate. Purchase money notes bought. Atlanta Savings Bank, Gould building.

LOANS PROMPTLY made on improved Atlanta real estate at 7, 7½ and 8 per cent straight; no commission. By the Scottish American Mortgage Company, No 13 E, Alabama street. mch 10-sun-tu-wed-thur

WANTED reliable man with \$300 agent for two specialties sold to stores, hardware and harness deal limited demand for the goods,

CASH paid for old gold and silver. Julius R. Watts & Co., jewelers, 57 Whitehall.

OPIUM. OPIUM AND MORPHINE HABITS positively cured at horae for \$10. Particulars on application. Acme Opium Cure Company, P. A. Stewart, manager, 207 Norcross building, Atlanta, Ga.

FINANCIAL. CASH PAID for endowment policies in old line companies. Send description. A. K. Brocklesby, Box 733, Hartford, Conn. mch2-3st

WANTED—To buy desirable purchase money notes, given for Atlanta real estate; can lend \$2,000, \$4,000 or \$6,000 on long time at reasonable rates on desirable Atlanta residence property. Apply to T. W. Baxter. 311 Norcross building. feb 17-1m. WANTED-Board. WANTED—Permanent board for two young men in select boarding house or private family; can give best references. Ad-dress H., Hotel Aragon. mar12 2t

LADIES' COLUMN. WANTED—Any one desiring tissue paper flowers can have their orders promptly filled at 193 W. Pine St. Private lessons also given.

BOARDERS WANTED. NICE, LARGE, SUNNY rooms, with without board; near in. 106 Ivy street, FINE BOARD, with furnished room, large dressing room, hot and cold water in it. References. 64 Forest avenue.

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LIVE STOCK Exposition Officials

THERE IS MUCH INTER

Such a Feature

The Plan for the Georgia Accepted Yesterday-C of the Expositi

ng themselves with a live s Many letters and persons sking about this feature of Up to the present time no been made for such an ex terday the matter was a Edmund Felder, Captain J ed it over thoroughly and cision that there should be

that will have to be looked can be decided on. The finances will have to be advisability and feasibility in it among horsemen, catt men, breeders of hegs, dog ders and others. They are ders and others. They are ing to know if we are goi stock exhibit and building would be interesting to matter is just in its inci-ard nothing can be told a

irg and has been shown



Plan for the Georgia

The Georgia Bu The plans for th board at its meeting:
The plans are those tect Gilbert and are free of charge, as ar

and Professor Yeat

Mr. DeLec Mr. Thomas C. Working hard for a that state, ur

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He said he



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breaster and one gin-Address Gullett Gin La. mch14-5t.

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\$1,000 to \$50,000, Atlanta ity; one to five years ermore, State Savings jan6 1m TC.—Responsible, liber-N. Kaiser & Co., 15 De-house. Jan17 6m NERS, 825 Equitable ared to place loans on at 6 per cent; on resi-7 per cent.

nt a loan promptly on monthly plan, call on Pryor street. Jan29 6m AL ESTATE in or near negotiated by S. Bar-diding. octl4 6m

\$1.000 to \$50,000, Atlanta y; one to five years rmore, State Savings jan-6—lm ENT CITY LOANS.
r cent. W. C. Davis,
Gate City bank buildnov 6-6m to lend on Atlanta

made on improved At-7, 7½ and 8 per cent sion. By the Scottish Company, No 13 E, ch 10-sun-tu-wed-thur

e; only those having and the capital need Shaw, room 67, the march13 2t

ld and silver. Julius elers, 57 Whitehall.

INE HABITS posi-for \$10. Particulars o Opium Cure Com-manager, 207 Nor-ta, Ga.

owment policies in send description. A. 233, Hartford, Conn. mch2-30t rable purchase mon-atlanta real estate; r \$6,000 on long time n desirable Atlanta pply to T. W. Bax-ng. feb 17-1m.

Board. oard for two young g house or private t references. Ad-n. mar12 2t

ring tissue paper orders promptly . Private lessons mar 10-1w

rooms, with or 106 Ivy street. ished room, large cold water in it.

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m. to 7 p. m. 25 00 25 00
Place... 20 00
..... 32 50
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nished 150 00 R. and D.

Such a Feature.

THERE IS MUCH INTEREST IN IT

the Plan for the Georgia State Building Accepted Yesterday-Other News of the Exposition.

themselves with a live stock exhibit. Many letters and personal inquiries have seking about this feature of the exposition. Up to the present time no provision has been made for such an exhibit, and yesterday the matter was actively taken in and others took the matter up. They talk-ed it over thoroughly and came to the decision that there should be a building for a

that will have to be looked after before this can be decided on. The question finances will have to be decided and the disability and leasticility of the exhibit tive board. That it would make a highly

d Mr. Felder, "received concerning such an ex-a vast amount of interest semen, cattlemen, poultrypreeders of hegs, dog and bird fan-nd others. They are constantly writ-

President Coller will return from Wash-ington this recruing. He has been there since Saturday on urgent business connected with the government board. He was given a dinner in Washington Monday evenles by members of the government board, shaber's hands and pay him as much over

Serious Charge.

HE IS AN EXPERT HORSE SWAPPER

A Misunderstanding Is on Between Horse shoers-A Suit for Damages Filed Against the A. & W. P.

Albert Thomas, a negro well known in horse trading circles and justice courts, and who has been out of the chain gang only six months, will be brought to trial at the next term of the city criminal court on the charge of cheating and swndling preferred by a merchant named Victor H. Kriegshaber

According to the evidence that will be introduced when Thomas is brought to trial, he stands but little chance to avoid another trip to the chaingang. Solicitor Thomas was engaged yesterday in looking

The story told by Mr. Kriegshaber is an interesting one. He says that sometime ago he owned a mare which he desired to sell for \$75. This fact came into the possession of Albert Thomas and the horse soon followed. Thomas went to Mr. Kriegshabe and told him that he knew a man who wanted to purchase a horse cheap and said that he would come back on the fol-lowing day and go with Mr. Kriegshaber to where the man lived. The next day however. Thomas came back with a differ ent story He confided to Mr. Kriegshabe a great trade. Thomas told Mr. Kriegshaber of a splendid opportunity to get more for the mare. He explained to Mr. Krieg-shaber that a man named Crowley had turned over to him a blooded horse which had been injured on the way from Ken-tucky here. This animal, Thomas explained, was in his possession and that night Mr Kriegshaher could get it by g and has been shown numerous courte- to take the blooded animal off Mr. Krieg



THE GEORGIA STATE BUILDING. Plan for the Georgia Building at the Expo sition, Designed by Bradford L. Gilbert.

Accepted Yesterday.

corner Marietta and Bread streets. transfer will be completed by the mid-

The Georgia Building Plans. The plans for the Georgia building at the exposition were accepted by the state ward at its meeting yesterday morning.
The plans are those submitted by Archiect Gilbert and are tendered to the state free of charge, as are the services of the

A good deal of time was devoted to the different features of the work which is under the supervision of this board. The geo-legical exhibit, which is under the super-vision of Professor Yeates, was talked of, and Professor Yeates was authorized to and Professor Yeates was authorized to start at once upon the work of securing the exhibit of minerals and forestry. This is regarded as one of the most important of the branches of the state exhibit and Professor Yeates will devote almost his entire time to it until it is completed. It is intended that this shall be a permanent exhibit and great care will, of course, be taken in its entergence.

abit and great care will, of course, be taken in its arrangement. As shown in the accompanying cut the building is to be surmounted by a large dome, on top of which will be a tower in exact reproduction of the coat of arms of Georgia. In its exterior design the building will conform to the general design of architecture of the other buildings. It is estimated that the building will contain about staten thousand square feet of space.

A Manuscleum at the Fair.

A Mausoleum at the Fair. A gentleman representing the Piedmont Marble Company called at exposition head-Marble Company called at exposition head-quarters to ascertain whether space could be obtained on the grounds for an exhibit which, if made, will be one of the most magnificent of all. It seems that the Pied-mont Marble Company has three-fourths completed for a wealthy family in New 16rk a marble mausoleum, which was con-tacted for at \$200,000. The contract for sme reason is off, and they wish to erect it on the grounds as an exhibit. The fracture will be oval in shape-about 110 feel long, from forty to sixty feet high, and say about fifty feet across.

Mr. DeLeon's Work. Mr. Deleon's Work.

Mr. Thomas C. Deleon, of Mobile, is working hard for an exhibit from Alabama. He has issued an address to the people of that state, urging the importance of state representation. The Mobile Register says his:

this:

"Mr. DeLeon appeals very earnestly to disbenians to provide an exhibit of this sister resources at the Cotton States and laternational exposition. He has shown seat interest in the matter at all times and a entitled to an attentive hearing. All he says is perfectly true. Alabama must be appreciated at Atlanta. Her almost limitian resources, her varied enterprises, her waith and her past as well as her great future make it essential that she should not be absent at this great gathering of the sistes of this country on an occasion when the south is expected to show the world that has been her development since the close of the war between the states. We think the desire to make an exhibit animates the hearts of all patriotic. Alamians; there is as yet, however, no plan of operations which commands united suppressions. ch commands united su hit upon such a plan, ness-like in all its phase

difficulty in collecting the The Mas sachusetts Legislators. o inspect the cotton mill ed before the executive esition yesterday after-ndid talks were made chairman of the senate very impressive speech, en delignted with what lanta, and of the south, ved this section had a declared that he would chusetts represented at ition by a state buildies essuon of the legislation of a divanced to ousiness with any prosent if the matter were action of the legislature matching night be done appropriation. Other ide on the same line. very impressive speech.

peech which caught the crowd. The rep-mentatives say they have been agreeably

He has gained valuable information con-cerning the government board.

Arrangements are tast being made for the removal of the exposition offices from The Censtitution building into the Fitten build-days later Mr. Kriegshaber met Thomas, days later Mr. Kriegshaber met Thomas, who was driving the horse that had first belonged to Mr. Kriegshaber, and asked him how about the money for the blooded animal. Thomas told him that the money would be forthcoming as soon as Mr. Perry Chisolm returned from Florida. When Mr. Chisolm returned Mr. Kriegshaber called on him and was informed that Mr.

Chisolm would not let Thomas have the money, but that on the contrary he had just had Thomas arrested before leaving for Mr. Kriegshaber thereupon swore out und over, but gave bond. The case is a

Seems to Be a Misunderstanding. Harrison Blake filed a petition for injunction yesterday morning against W. W. Watkins, Justice Orr and Bailiff Raysor Judge Lumpkin set the matter for a hearing on Saturday, but in the meantime refused to grant a temporary restraining order.
Blake clams that W. W. Watkins, who was his partner in the horse shoeing bus iness, is trying to get him out of the place at 211 Decatur street. He claims that Watkins left for two months and told him to pay the rent during his absence, which he did, He also says that he is doing a

good business, and there will be great dam-age done him if he is ejected from the building and his business broken up. Suing for \$10,000 Damages. A suit for \$10,000 damages was filed yes-terday in the office of Clerk Tanner of the superior court, against the Atlanta and West Point road. The plaintiff is Benjamin 23d Benjamin Rucker was struck by a switch engine at the Whitehall

THE ATHLETIC EXHIBITION. The Second of the Series Given Tues-

crossing and had one foot cut off.

day Night.
The gymnasium hall of the Young Men's Christian Association was packed Tuesday night to witness the second of a series of athletic exhibitions that the association

is giving.

The exhibition opened with a dumb bell drill by the class. after which Professor Shaefer punched the bag, much to the amusement of those present. The contest events followed. 1. Spring board jump—won by F. W. Elleby, at seven feet two inches. 2. Running broad jump— won by H. Hall at sixteen feet six inches. The parallel bar dip was won by Ed Drake

at twenty-nine dips. An interesting game of basket ball was played and the score was 6 to 4 in favor of the Yellows. Another exhibition will be given at an early date.

LEMON ELIXIR.

Regulates the Liver, Stomach, Bowels,

Kidneys and Blood.
For Billiousness, Constipation and Malaa. For Indigestion, Sick and Nervous Headache.
For Sleeplessness, Nervousness and Heart For Sleeplessness, Nervousness and Heart Failure.
For Fever, Chills, Debility and Kidney Discases, take Lemon Elixir.
For Blotches and Pimples on the face take Lemon Elixir.
Ladles, for natural and thorough organic regulation, take Lemon Elixir.
Fifty cents and \$\frac{1}{2}\$ bottles at druggists.
Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

Lemon Hot Drops

Cures all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore
Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage and all
throat and lung diseases. Elegant, reliable.

Twenty-five cents at druggists. Prepared
only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

Fifteen New Doctors.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 12.-(Special.) Diplomas were awarded tonight to fifteen graduates of the Chattanooga Medical college. Jesse Gillett, of Michigan, secured first honor. E. B. Clark, of Alabama, follivered the salutatory address.

A LIVE STOCK SHOW SUPREME IN A TRADE SET FOR SATURDAY. DOWN TO FREEZING.

Be Disposed of This Week,

THE PERSON NAMED IN

CHARGED WITH WORKING THE FLIMFLAM

Anne Searcy Will Be Tried Saturday for Receiving Stolen Goods - Civil Court Is in Session.

Yesterday morning Solicitor Thomas, of the city court, drew up the accusation against "Kid" Peterson, alias Harry Raymond, whose light indigo orbs have been referred to many times, and the "Blueeyed One" will probably be tried Saturday morning before Judge Westmoreland.

Peterson-Raymond was first brought into notorlety in Atlanta by being arrested for his alleged connection with a gang of crooks. He was held in jail several days and finally released, as there could be no charge stirred up against him.

But the young man was not fated to live an uneventful life, and it was not long before he was in the clutches of the law. This time he is charged with flim-flamming Decatur street merchant. He was arrested in company with Will Goss, who was able to give bond, while Peterson-Raymond went to jail.

The film-flag game, according to the merchant, was a unique and puzzling one, and is a system which reflects a great deal of credit on Peterson-Raymond's ability as a mathematician. In fact, as it is described by the merchant, it would not have been at all wonderful if Goss and Peterson-Ray-mond had not quit a dollar loser. It seems that Goss and Peterson-Raymond went into the Decatur street store and invested by cents. A two-dollar bill was handed the merchant, who gave back a silver dollar and 95 cents in change, Wait a minute," exclaimed one of the

pair, "my partner has 5 cents; give him a dellar and keep your small :hange." The dollar was handed to the partner, "Now," continued the spokesman, "take this change," (shoving it toward the merhant) "and give me back the two-dollar

Underthe mellifluously hypnotic influence of the seductive tones of the film-fiammer, according to the alleged victim, he gave them the money, just as they directed, and when they left found himself \$1 short in

Peterson-Raymond and Goss were both bound over by Justice Bloodworth about two weeks ago. It is not likely that Goss's case will be disposed of for sometime yet, as he is out on bond.

The Story of Dr. Noble's Chairs. Another case that will probably be dis-posed of Saturday is that of Annie Searcy, charged with receiving stolen goods. It appears that about a year or more ago a number of chairs were stolen from the front porch of Dr. G. H. Noble. Two negro men were arrested for the theft, and were con-

victed. William Maddox and Ed Edwards were the names of the two men.

It afterwards developed, according to the prosecution, that Annie Searcy received the chairs. The negroes used a hack to bring them away from the residence of the owner. They went to the house of Annie Searcy, it is charged, and she took possession of them. For various reasons the case has been postponed from time to time, but Judge Westmoreland has directed the defense to be ready for trial on Saturday.

They Keep Coming In. Despite the fact that a term of criminal court is just over with, there is a large number of jail cases awaiting attention. The greater portion of there are larcenies. The number of prisoners bound over to the city court has averaged nearly two a day Civil Court Yesterday.

Judge Westmoreland was engaged yester-day with civil business and disposed of several minor matters.

IN THE LOCAL FIELD.

-The stock of the Plymouth Rock Pants Company is now being sold rapidly by Sheriff Barnes and Deputy Sheriff Greene. The first day's sales netted \$190.

-The committee from the Tennessee legislature has returned to Tennessee after investigating the laws on criminal costs in Georgia. The members expressed themselves as very much pleased with their -Major Kendrick and Major Wilcoxon.

of the Fifth regiment, of Atlanta, went down to Barnesville to inspect the Barnes-ville Blues yesterday. They inspected the company at the armory, and were greatly pleased with the showing made. The members of the company speak in terms of the highest praise of the Atlanta officers. -Mr. Thomas Carter and Mr. John Al-

len, of London, England, are stopping at the Aragon hotel for a few days. These gentlemen represent large English inter-ests and are making some investments in -The Encampment lodge of the Odd

Fellows will give a musical entertainment next Tuesday night at their hall on White-

-A chimney in the home of Mrs. T. H. —A chimney in the home of Mrs. T. H. McMillan became stopped up and the house was filled with smoke yesterday. A telephone alarm was sent in and the department responded at once. There was no fire and the firemen had no difficulty in fixing

-N. L. Black was arrested yesterday morning on a warrant sworn out by a negro woman named Rena Brown. Black as agent of the Order of the Golden Unio received a subscription from the woman. It is a benefit organization, the members paying in a certain amount monthly and receiving \$3 a week for sickness and \$100 as a death indemnity. Rena Brown was taken sick and the agent failed to pay her. She had Black arrested, and he explained that he was simply preparing for an organization of a lodge among the negroes and had not perfected it, and would give the woman back her money. oman finally withdrew the warrant and Black was discharged.

-'The Crest of the Continent' was the title of a pleasing and telling lecture delivered at Payne's Memorial church last Tuesday night by Rev. S. R. Belk, pastor of the Rome Methodist church. Mr. Belk was for two years the pastor of this church. -Mr. F. B. Randall, business manager and joint owner of The Raleigh News and Observer, of Raleigh, N. C., is stopping at the Aragon. Mr. Randall is one of the most prominent citizens and democrats of North Carolina. He regards the outlook in

that state as being good for democracy. —Mr. E. L. Bergstrom, who swore out the warrant against Mr. Keely, says that the case did not come to trial in Judge Westmoreland's court, but was dismissed before reaching that tribunal, Mr. Keely

-R. T. Tearmoh, the colored member of the Massachusetts legislative committee, which spent two days in Atlanta, was the guest of H. R. Butler, 269 Auburn avenue. He was shown considerable attention by the colored people of Atlanta while here and was handsomely entertained. Many of them called to see him. -Mr. Carl Wellborn, of Blairsville, and

Mr. R. P. Jones, of Waynesboro, both of whom are graduates of the State univer-sity, are in the city. These young lawyers purpose locating in Atlanta for the pra-

The Exposition Officials Considering Albert Thomas Soon to Answer to a The Case Against "Kid" Peterson Will The Mercury Will Take a Sudden Plunge This Morning.

OVERCOATS WILL BE IN DEMAND

The Weather Man Ordered the Cold Wave Flag to Be Hoisted Yesterday Al-ternoon-Day's Indications.

A blizzard from the snowfields of the northwest will reach the city at an early hour this morning.

The weather man gave instructions to hoist the signals yesterday afternoon and all who were out on the streets were apprised of the fact that colder weather was on the way to Atlanta before dark set in. From the present indications ice water will be plentiful before night and a thick

crust of ice will glaze the surface of all

the washtubs. Overcoats will be in demand and the general appearance of things will e decidedly frigid. Everybody had an idea that the cold weather was over and that spring would be in the saddle from now on. This, how-ever, has turned out to be all a delusion. In the extreme northwest the mercury stood below zero yesterday. At Kansas City

was 10 above. It will likely be as low as freezing in Atlanta today. Local Report for March 13, 1895

inches. The Weather Bulletin. Observations taken at 7 o'clock p. m.

STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER.

Augusta, Ga., Cear. 29, 90, 50, 88, 85
Jacksonville, Fla., clear. 30, 00, 72, 6, 00, 82
Knoxville, Tenn., clear. 29, 96, 56 L. 54, 56
Mobile, Ala., foggy 29, 92, 64, 8, 20, 76
Montgomery, Ala., cloudy 29, 38, 74 L. 16, 80
Pensacola, Fla., cloudy 29, 94, 66 L. 7, 72
Savannah, Ga., clear. 29, 96, 62, 12, 36, 72
Tampa, Fla., clear. 30, 06, 72, 8, 60, 80
Wilmington, N. C., cloudy 29, 88, 82, 14, 22, 62
SOUTHEAST—
Abilene, Tex., clear. 29, 80, 62, 10, 10, 70
Fort Smith, Ark., cloudy 29, 49, 66, 67, 78, 60
Galveston, Tex., foggy 29, 86, 22, 12, 60, 70
Memphis, Tenn., clear. 30, 60, 52, 16, 40
Meridian, Miss., clear. 32, 88, 72, 11, 60, 80
Palestine, Tex., raining 29, 88, 88, 81, 78
San Antonio, Tex., clear. 26, 72, 76, 10, 60, 80

GRANT'S PLAN TO SEIZE DANA.

Sun Editor Wanted in Washington for Libeling the Editor.

From The Chicago Herald.
This isn't the first time the Washington courts have been after Mr Dana. He was "wanted" in Washington as far back as 1873. Then the victim of the editor's pen was President Grant, For weeks The Sun bristled with attacks on the president. Civil maladministration of the national government was boldly charged. The editor did not mince his words. Dana never loes that. Convinced there was corruption in the con-duct of the nation's affairs, he called Grant to account. He cared nothing that the man his country and the idol of the people, He had uncovered rottenness and he wanted the scamps turned out. So caustic did his

comments become that Grant's advisers declared he must be suppressed.

And so in July, 1873, a plan was laid to seize Dana in New York city, take him to Washington and try him for libel in a police court without a jury. Application was made to the United States district court for a warrant of removal, but Judge Blatchford, later a justice of the United States supreme bench, rendered an opinion declaring the proposed form of trial to be unconstitutional and refused the warrant. Grant was not the only president to feel the sting of the editor's lash and even the

democratic leaders have not escaped. Piestdent Cleveland is on The S'ns list, and no longer ago than last January Mr. Dana Je-voted a five-column editorial to a vitupera-tive attack on the present administration. Mr. Dana's attacks on other editors lave Mr. Dana's attacks on other actors fore often been very bitter. In 1892 The Sun dis-charged a broadside in the shape of a page article accusing The New York World of manufacturing and printing bogus cable-grams, One of them purported to be an in-terview with Prince Bismarck, another was an interview with Schianaralli, the Italia nomer, and another an alleged fraud astronomer, and another an aneged trade in which the lord mayor of London was im-plicated. The Sun claimed none of the arti-cles were actually cabled to The World, and

flaunted an immense bulletia in the street repeating its charges in the vigorous lap guage characteristic of Dana.

The veteran editor is fond of stirring up
his contemporaries, Following is an editorial paragraph from The Sun of June 17,

A New World

opens to the man who finds quick relief from wearing pain. That is the testimony of multitudes who have used

Allcock's **Porous Plaster** for all sorts of aches and

pains, lameness, stiffness of the muscles and joints of the back, limbs or side. Make Sure and get the genuine. Never put pp with imitations "Just as good as ALLCOCK's."

Allcock's Corn Shields, Allcock's Bunion Shields, Have no equal as a relief and cure for corne Brandreth's Pills

relieve rheumatism and any dise

arising from impurity of the blood.

1890, illustrative of this penchant and char-

1890, illustrative of this penchant and characteristic in style:

"We have no reason to believe that Carroll E, Smith, of Syracuse, is a liar and a scoundrel, but he is distinctly identified as such by The New York Times in its issue of last Sunday, However, it should be borne in mind that the incurably dishonest-minded person who runs The Times always needs corroboration of the strongest kind. In this case it is he or Smith."

T. C. Crawford once wrote of Mr. Dana:

In this case it is he or Smith."

T. C. Crawford once wrote of Mr. Dana:
"His ferocity is purely literary." As a matter of fact, the editor is by no means a man-eater. He is even tempered, of genial disposition and has the manners and the mind of a philosopher. Ordinary worries and dispositions to the better him. and disappointments do not bother him. He knows too much, thinks too clearly and lives too well to let little crosses cross him. Mr. Dana is a great traveler and wherever he goes he speaks the language of the land. French and German are as familiar to him as English. He is a master of Greek and Latin. He also writes, reads and speaks Spanish, Portuguese, Italian, Danish, Swed-ish and Norwegian, With the literature of the world he is familiar, Mr. Dana is an authority on horticulture, floriculture and landscape gardening, but because he cannot play Slosson at billfards on equal terms his heart is sad. And so he continues to dip his

When this disease gets hold of you

with all its accompanying tortures, you require a remedy about which

here is no uncertainty—something that will quickly drive out the cold restore the blood to a normal condi-

tion, leave you free from aches and

pains, and prevent any distressing

No other remedy so effective, none

so certain of results. Teaspoonful doses in hot milk or water, every

2 hours, will break it up in a sir

gle day if taken when first attacked

PERRY DAVIS & SON Providence, R. I.

LUMBER!

MANUFACTURERS OF

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS

dec30-sun-tu th-6mo

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, January 9, 1895.—W. M. Middlebrooks, administrator of W. B. Wilson, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. jan10-3m-thur

Physicians prescribe

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, January 9, 1895.—Henry A. Cassin, administrator of Annie Miller, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, ianio-3m-thur jan10-3m-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY .- Ordi-GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, January 9, 1895.—Frances Zurline, administratrix of Frank A. Zurline, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN. Ordinary.

jani0-3m-thur W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, January 9, 1895.—C. D. Nessmith and Albert George Horton, executors of Eliza Ann Horton, represent that they have fully discharged the duties of their said trust, and pray for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next why said executors should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, jan10-3m-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, March 6, 1895—The appraisers appointed upon application of Mary E. Smith, widow of George W. Smith, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next April term of this court, why said application should not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. mrch-7-14-21-28-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordina ry's Office, February 6, 1895.—Della McDer ry's Office, February 6, 1895.—Delia McDermott, administratrix of Timothy McDermott, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in May, next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust. administratrix saddininistratrix from said trust,
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

and every class of house building material, in hardwood or pine; stair building, store fronts and office fixtures.

Dealers in window, plate and fancy glass. Wholesale and retail dealers in lumber and bridge timbers. Get your estimates from us before placing your orders. Office-No. 1 North Forsyth street. Factory-Nos. 44 to 68 Elliott street.

Telephones-Office 389; Factory 1020. feb 7-3m. thu WILLINGHAM & CO., ATLANTA, GA. GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, January 9, 1895.—Sarah A. Owen, administratrix of Robert S. Owen, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

Jan10-3m-thur

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT PER ALE DRIVE OF PERLITATED GROUPS IN PROPERTY OF PERLITATED AND STATEMENT OF PERLITATED AND PERLITATED AND

GEORGIA, FULTON, COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1895-W. H. H. Kiser, Gordon P. Kiser and Charles D. Montgomery, executors of Marion C. Kiser, deceased, have applied for leave to sell part of the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will then be granted said applicants, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, mrch-7-14-21-28-thur

SANDEN ELECTRIC CO., \$16 Broadway, New York

GEORGIA, FULTON, COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1895—Elizabeth A. Fleck, administratrix of Henry P. Fleck, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

mrch-7-14-21-28-thur GEORGIA. FULTON. COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, March \$, 1895—Josie E. Zimmen has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Isaac Wilson Middlebrooks and Carrie Middlebrooks and Carrie Middlebrooks. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard and letters granted therein on the first Monday in April next,

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. mrch-7-14-21-28-thur

GEORGIA MILTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1895—John G. Kenady, guardian of Bertle G. and Andrew J. West, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if cny they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

mrch-7-14-21-28-thur

GEORGIA. FULITON, COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1895—Harry W. McArthur has applied for letters of administration, cum testamento annexo, on the estate of Thomas W. McArthur, Sr., deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in April next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. mrch-7-14-21-28-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON, COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1897—Floyd H, Crumbly has applied for letters of administration on the estate of John Lawrence, deceased This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in April next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON, COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1896—G. F. Crumbly has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Samira McCulley, decased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in April next.

mrch-7-14-21-25-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON, COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1895—Jerry Bruce, Jr., has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Jerry Bruce, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in April next. mrch-7-14-21-28-thur Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and \$1.

For Twenty Years

whole world. There is no secret about its ingredients.

Scott's Emulsion

because they know what great nourishing and curative prop-

erties it contains. They know it is what it is represented to be; namely, a perfect emulsion of the best Norway Cod-

For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consump-

tion, Scrofula, Ansemia, Weak Babies, Thin Children, Rickets, Mar-

asmus, Loss of Flesh, General Debility, and all conditions of Wasting.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

The only genuine Scott's Emulsion is put in salmon-

liver Oil with the hypophosphites of lime and soda.

colored wrapper. Refuse inferior substitutes!

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILBOAD. From Nashville. 7 00 am \$10 Nashville. 8 05 am From Marietta. 8 30 am \$10 Chattanoga. 2 00 pm From Kome. 10 60 am To Kome. 4 00 pm \$From Chatthiga 12 25 pm To Marietta. 5 30 pm \$From Nashville. 2 50 pm \$50 Nashville. 8 30 pm

ATLANTA AN WEST POINT RAILROAD.

No.

11 Frm Cincinnati 11 35 pm (32 To Cincinnati... 4 22 am 32 Frm Jacks Ville. 4 13 am 31 To Jacksonvile 11 145 pm 37 Frm Cinatian'ga 1 50 pm 38 To Chatanogra 2 30 pm 38 Fro Chatanogra 2 30 pm 38 From Jackson... 8 50 pm 38 To Chatanogra 2 30 am 38 From Jackson... 8 50 pm 35 To Macon ... 4 5 am 38 From Jacksile 11 45 am 37 To Jacksile ... 4 10 pm 21 Frm Bruswick 4 12 am 31 To Bruswick 4 12 am 31 To Bruswick 4 11 5 pm 51 Fr Bruswick 4 12 am 31 To Bruswick 4 10 pm 51 Fr Bruswick 4 12 am 31 To Bruswick 4 10 pm 51 Fr Bruswick 4 12 am 31 To Bruswick 4 10 pm 51 Fr Bruswick 4 10 pm 51 Fr Bruswick 4 10 pm 52 To Bruswick 4 10 pm 52 Fr Bruswick 4 10 pm 52 To Bruswick 4 10 pm 52 To Bruswick 4 10 pm 52 To Bruswick 50 pm 50 pm 50 To Grinvie. Mos 4 10 pm 51 Fr Brushin'hm 50 pm 52 To Brushin'hm 60 am 50 pm 52 To Brushin'hm 60 am 50 pm

(GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION.

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD. From Ft. Valley...11 v0 am | To Fort Valley.....2 30 pm

NINE WEEKS' TOUR TO EUROPE.

SUMMER 1895.

An independent excursion through Europe is being organized to leave the latter part of June and visit England, Holland, Germany, the Austrian Tyrol, Italy, Switzerland, the Rhine. Belgium and France.

The party will be composed of a limited number of gentlemen and personally conducted by Professor W. R. Cathcart, Ph. D., (Heldelberg), of the College of Charleston. Parties wishing to join should apply for further particulars to CHARLES O. DUE, Security Savings Bank, Charleston, S. C. mar 7-6t

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—Francis F, Appling, administrator of George T. Appling, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in May, next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. feb 7-3m. thur. GEORGIA, FULTON, COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1895—Theodore A, Hammond, Jr., guardian of Percy Putnam, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. mrch-7-14-21-28-thur Seaboard Air-Line

GEORGIA, FULITON, COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, March 5, 1895—Thomas L, Thrower, guardian of Nolan O, Thrower, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, mrch-7-14-21-28-thur mrch-7-14-21-28-thur

GEORGIA, FULITON, COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1895—Theodore A, Hammond, Jr., administrator of Israel Putnam, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause if any they can, on or before the first Monday in June next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

mrch-7-14-21-28-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1895—Minnie W. Anthony, administratrix of Cora Nutting Wynn, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therafore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULITON, COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1895—W. H. Nutting, administrator of Mary Winship Cook, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

Mrch-7-14-21-28-thur

GEORGIA, FULITON, COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1896—Charlotte I. Peck, administratrix of William' F. Peck, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULITON. COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1895—P. J. McNamara administrator of Michael Lynch, deceased, has applied for leave to sell part of the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in April next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

mrch-7-14-21-23-thur

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of A Trains from This City-Central Time.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA From Hapeville 6 45 am To Hapeville 6 50 am From Hapeville 7 45 am From Hapeville 9 45 am From Hapeville 9 45 am From Hapeville 9 45 am To Hapeville 30 am From Hapeville 200 pm To Hapeville 215 pm To Hapeville 215 pm To Hapeville 200 pm To Hapeville 215 pm To Hapevi

From Montg'm'y 6 40am 8TO Montgomery 6 55 am From Newman... 8 20 am To Manchester... 8 35 am From Manchester... 8 35 am From Manchester... 15 55 am From Manchester... 15 55 am From Prom Manchester... 15 55 am From Prom Manchester... 3 15 pm From Montgomery 1 50 pm 170 Manchester... 3 15 pm From Montg'm'y 6 15 pm To Newman.... 6 45 pm Following Train Sunday only:

GEORGIA RAILROAD. MIDDLE GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC (VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD TO

SEABOARD ATR-LINE.

GEORGIA MIDLAND AND GULP. (VIA CENTRAL RAILROAD TO GRIPPIN) rom Columbus... 11 39 am To Columbus...... 7 39 am rom Columbus... 8 66 pm To Columbus....... 4 25 pm

S. A. L.

Schedule in Effect January 23d, 1895. "The Atlanta Special."

Charged. Double Daily Service Between Atlanta and New York.

Solid Vestibuled Train-No Extra Fare

No. 402—"Atlanta Special," leaves Atlanta daily at 12 noon, for Athens, Eliberton, Abbeville, Greenwood, Chester, Charlotte, Wilmington, Southern Pines, Rajeigh, Norfolk, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Stops only at important stations on S. A. L.

No. 38—S. A. L. "Northern Express," leaves Atlanta daily at 8:15 p. m., for all points as shown under "Atlanta Special." Making all local stops north of Athens.

No. 34—"Charleston Express," leaves Atlanta daily at 7:15 a. m. for Athens, Eliberton, Abbeville, Greenwood, Clinton, Columbia and Charleston, making all intermediate stops. "Athens Flyer." leaves Atlanta daily at 7:15 a. m. for Athens, Eliberton, Abbeville, Greenwood, Clinton, Columbia and Charleston, making all intermediate stops. "Athens Flyer." leaves Atlanta No. 35—"Athens Flyer," leaves Atlanta daily except Sunday, at 3:45 p. m. for Athens and intermediate points.
No. 402—Solid Pullman vestibule train.
No. 28—Solid train for the north. Pull-

No extra lare.

No. 38-Solid train for the north. Pullman sleepers.

No. 34-Through coach to Columbia and Charleston.

Connections made at Norfolk with all steamer lines diverging.

Tickets on sale at union depot and at the company's office, 6 Kimball house.

E. St. JOHN.

Vice President.

T. J. ANDERSON.

General Passenger Agent.

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Traveling Passenger Agent.

JNO. H. WINDER.

General Manager.

B. A. NEWLAND.

General Agent Passenger Dep'i

E. J. WALKER.

City Ticket & Passenger Agent.



EN REGLE

One should keep up with the newest shades envelopes. We make a specialty of high grade papers, such as appeal to the most refined taste and are used by the elite of are just received and offered at popular prices. If you need fine correspondence paper do not buy until you see our stock or send for our samples.

J. P. Stevens & Bro., Jewelers and Engravers, 47 Whitehall street.

club

whisky-there are, also, all sorts of whiskies, the best is canadian club-It is being imitated-that's naturalall good things are imitated-trade on other people's brains as it were-don't be deceived by something "just as good"-examine the label careful-

bluthenthal & bickart.

Potts-Thompson

LIQUOR COMPANY,

WHOLESALERS

9-11-13 DECATUR ST.

Our best and oldest Ryes Q-Club, Monogram, Vernon, Imperial Cabinet, Pennsylvania Rye, Old Centennial, and ten-year-old Bourbons are Old Rippey, Jas. E. Pepper, McBrayer, Old Crow and others. Corn Whisky—"Stone Mountain"—our own brand and

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JACOB'S PHARMACY ATLANTA, GA.

'The Best'' Baking Powder Our Own Manufacture.

more of this brand than all other brands combined is proof of its

H. H. JERSEY BUTTER

40 cents per pound.

A Little higher in price than many other brands, BUT-it is perfect.

THE C. J. KAMPER GROCERY CO 390 and 392 Peachtree St. 'Phone 628.

Unequaled

Fabrics.

Absolutely the most superb line of English and Imported Fabrics south of Baltimore.

Up-to-Date Fashions. . . .

For knobby fits in suits you must give me a trial, and it goes without saying that I'll convince

Call in and examine my stock. It will not fail to please you.

Elston, the Tailor,

3 E. Alabama St.

A Peculiar Character, Who Has Stirred Up the Prisoners in the Jail.

HE SAW THE END OF THE WORLD

The Darkeys Are Greatly Excited, and Firmly Believe in the Doctrines of the Queer Negro.

The colored prisoners of Fulton county jail are in a state of wild religious excitement. They spend their days singing, prayof a small darky, who preaches in a shrill, et divinely inspired and commissioned to tell the people of his race of the future happiness awaiting them.

The negro criminals are in an intense state of spiritual fervor. Most of them devoutly believe that the world is coming to an end the 1st of June, and they are making ample preparation. "Gates, the prophet," was placed in jail early in December last. He was in the act of giving his wife a good drubbing one morning when Patrolman Petry interfered. As the policeman entered the house Gates seized an ax and drew back to chop down on the cranium of the intruder. Before the ax could fall Petry had drawn his pistol and could fall Petty had drawn his pistol and put a ball through the arm that swung

over him.

When Gates recovered he was taken to jail. After several weeks' confinement he gave evident signs of insanity. He was carried before the ordinary and adjudged insane. The mania of Gates took a peculiar

sane. The mania of Gates took a peculiar turn. He declared himself a prophet and proceeded to prophesy, telling strange tales of future happenings and various events that will come to pass.

Before Joe Dean was hanged the weird power of the prophet came forth in a startling way. He would advise daily with the murderer and hold prayer meeting, in which the other colored prisoners of the jail would take part. The malady of Gates has sharpened his mental faculties. He is natsharpened his mental faculties. He is naturally superior intellectually to many of his race, and upon every other subject ex-cept that of religion is apparently rational. His daily talks to the darkies concern-ang their spiritual welfare have had a peculiar effect. He has gradually increased in importance until his word carries undisput-able weight.

cial place of future abode reserved for the colored race, and that they are rapidly hearing that heaven of happiness. This doctrine is firmly planted in the belief of his followers. The prisoners—that part of them who have faith in the raving of Gates—were gathered at one end of the jail corridor yesterday afternoon. The prophet was in their midst, and while they shouted and sang he lifted his voice in loud harangue,

"What I say, my brothers, is de truf. I'se got it right here in my soul. De Lord, colored race, and that they are rapidly near-

"What I say, my brothers, is de truf. I'se got it right here in my soul. De Lord, he tole it to me, and he tole me to tell it to you, and dat's why I say dar's gwine to be a mighty bustin' up of things dis year. I'se done seen it wid dese eyes. I seen de famine an' de pestilence, an' I seed de po' pople a-dyin' an' a-cryin' ev'rywhar, an' I heard de trumpet toot an' all de graves flew open, same lac' somebody done lifted de lids, an' de white folks dey went one way an' de black folks went de udder way. Dem black folks what wuz good wen' right up in de sky, jes' lac one uy de udder way. Dem black folks what wuz good wen' right up in de sky, jes' lac one uv dese here balloons, an' dey go right straight on till dey gits to de garden of Paradise, what's done been saved for 'em. Den day hab e'rything what dey wants to eat an' drink, an' all dey got to do is to reach outen dey hands an' git it. "De en' am ercomin', an' you'd better drap down on yer knees right here an' give up dem sins what's bin stickin' to yer so long."

While the prophet was preaching the darkies swayed and shouted under the ex-

of enthusiasm, and they are all looking forward eagerly to the fulfillment of his

IN UNCLE SAM'S DOMAIN.

More than a dozen moonshiners were tried in the United States court yesterday morning and ten of them were found guilty. The custom house was crowded with mountaineers and the place scarcely looked like itself, so quiet and peaceful has it been during the recess of the court. Quite a large number of female witnesses have been in attendance since court opened ast Monday, A characteristic of the moun-aineer woman is a decidedly red tinge due

The grand jury has buckled down to busi ness and every day a large number of true bills are returned. The jury meets at 10 o'clock in the morning and adjourns at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, It is made up of good business men who understand the methods of procedure and who lose no time

in framing criminal prosecutions against the offenders of the law.

Colonel George L. Bell represented the district attorney before the grand jury yester-day and twenty-five true bills were returned against moonshiners. The jury will meet again this morning and also on Friday morning. The district attorney has a lot of business to bring before the body and it will take several weeks to dispose of it. For the next ten days the federal cour

will be occupied with the trial of moonshine cases, This will relieve the pressure on the jail and will reserve the more important cases for the last. The first of these that cases for the last. The first of these that will be taken up by Judge Newman will be the célebrated Worley case. More than a dozen well known citizens of north Georgia are jointly indicted by the federal grand jury for the commission of this crime. The trial of the case will be of unusual interest. trial of the case will be of unusual interest, not only on account of the prominence of the defendants, but on account of the pecu-liar features of the killing. Two brothers of the dead man are implicated in the mur-der and circumstances also point to the

guilt of the mother. Judge Newman has expressed himself in no uncertain terms concerning the viola-tions of the federal law by the north Geor-gia whitecaps, He has no alternative but to enforce the law and he intends to do so rigidly. The whitecaps will be given a fair trial and they will have the benefit of the best legal counsel in the state.

The March term of the court, from the present outlook, will be crowded with business and the officers will have but very little rest until the court adjourns for the summer.

Hood's Sarsaparilla gives great nerve, mental, bodily and digestive atrength. Do not experiment with unheard of and untried medicines, but be sure to get Hood's Sar-saparilla. Try it now.

ANY PRICE

Will Buy a New Upright Coope Piono Fully Gunranteed. Pinno Fully Gunranteed.

Think of having a good upright piano fully guaranteed for five years by a responsible firm for your own price. You make your offer and the Freyer & Bradley Music Company will consider it before letting you go. The Miles & Stiff Co. stock must be sold, and if you want a piano for the wife or daughter, now is the opportunity of getting one at less than the cost of the material.

If the Baby Is Cutting Teeth Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

GATES, THE PROPHET A Prominent Business Man

RESCUED AFTER FIFTEEN YEARS' CONSTANT SUFFERING.

Dr. Evans, who has his headquarters at the Kimball house, has his rooms crowded with people seeking for quick and perfect restoration to health by the aid of his wondrous magnetic touch. Cases of blindness, deafness, dyspepsia, nervous debility, loss of voice, neuralgia, rheumatism, liver complaint, catarrh, dropsy, consumption, skin diseases, diseases of the throat, blood, nerves and bones, are daily restored to health simply by applying his hands to the afflicted parts. Dr. Evans is a thoroughly educated physician, a graduate of three different schools of medicine, which enables him to tell when and when not to give medicines in connection with his magnetic treatments, which gives him an advantage over all other magnetic healers living. If you are sick, you should consult him, for, if there is a cure for you, he can certainly cure you. His charges are reasonable and his consultation is free.

He has cured scores of people during the past two weeks, whom he can refer to by calling at his parlors at the Kimball house. Do not be diffident about calling for names and references of persons cured by him, and be convinced of his wonderful magnetic power over diseases and cases that medicines have failed to cure. Where medicines have failed to cure wou, his magnetic treatment will invariably succeed, and that quickly; some are cured by a single treatment, others require several treatment.

Dr. Evans refers to such gentlemen as George C. Hall cashier Phoney Lingspan.

treatments, and some have to take a little medicine in connection with the magnetic treatment.

Dr. Evans refers to such genilemen as George C. Hall, cashier Phoenix Insurance Company, office room 61 Equitable building, cured of neuralgia of fifteen years' standing; Mr. S. Booth, address Clara postoffice, whose wife Dr. Evans cured of womb disease after being bedridden for three years, by a few treatments; Mr. A. H. Thompson, of asthma in its worst form; Miss M. L. Jackson, residence Capitol hill, of asthma, four years ago; Sheriff J. J. Barnes, of chronic rheumatism, etc.

Dr. Evans publicly heals the sick in De-Give's opera house every Monday and Friday mornings, from 10 to 11 o'clock, for the benefit of the afflicted poor. Don't fail to attend and witness the strangest power ever given to man. Every Monday and Friday mornings.

Arguments were heard yesterday in the following cases:
Chapman A. Bowen v. Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern Railroad Company, from Hall. Hall.
A. D. Candler v. Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, from Hall.
Mary P. Griggs et al. v. L. Willbanks, from Habersham.
John F. Bigby v. W. J. T. Hutcheson, from Lumpkin.
J. S. Hamilton v. John England, from Union. Union.
W. A. Wright, comptroller general, v. M.
G. Boyd, from Lumpkin.
H. A. Erwin et al. v. C. M. Smith, from

Union.
Oglesby & Meador et al. v. J. G. Hynds
Manufacturing Company, from Lumpkin.
Model Mill Company et al. v. J. M. Mc
Ever et al., from Hall.
The case of Ezekiel Fight v. A. R. Smith,
administrator, was passed to the heel of
the docket. R. E. Park et al. v. B. T.
Simmons et al. was withdrawn.
The Blue Ridge and Cherokee circuits will
be called for argument on Thursday, the
21st instant.

Angostura Bitters are used by mothers to stop colic and looseness of the bowels in children. Dr. J. G. B. Slegert & Sons, manufacturers. Ask your druggist.

THE GREAT SALE.

Pwenty-five Fine Cooper Pianos to Many callers have been looking at the stock of planos purchased by the Freyer & Bradley Music Company, of the Miles & Stiff Company, in the Grand. These instruments have got to be sold, and no offer will be turned down without consideration. Every instrument will be guaranteed. The stock is not an old and worn one, but is new and fresh. Be Sold for What They Will Bring.

Your ice chest should never be without three or four bottles of the St. Louis A. B. C. Bohemian bottled beer, brewed by the American Brewing Company. Balley & Carroll, wholesale dealers.

Galilee."

May be obtained only through The Consti-tution. Bring or send 10 cents and read-ing certificate to business office of The Constitution and get this great art work. Reader's Certificate.

Header's Certificate.
This certifies that the holder of this is a reader of The Constitution, and as such is entitled to participate in the distribution of the new religo-educational fine art series, "Earthly Footsteps of the Man of Gaillilee," upon the nominal terms specially arranged for our readers and subscribers as follows: arranged not our teaches and subscribers as follows:

Bring or send this certificate with incents to cover cost of postage, wrapping handling, mailing, etc., to The Constitution and any part issued will be delivered or mailed.

or mailed, the price of these portfolios is 25 cents per copy. dec 27-20w thur sun tue NEW MAP OF ATLANTA.

Printed in Colors and Perfected to Embracing the Cotton States and International exposition grounds, the new seventh ward (West End). Inman Park, routes of all the raliroads and electric street car lines, ward boundaries, limit lines and other necessary information.

Especially prepared and copyrighted by Mr. E. B. Latham, civil engineer, for John M. Miller, publishing agent.

The map is folded in convenient pocket size and enclosed in neat covers.

Price 25 cents. For sale at the John M. Miller book store, 39 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

PURE HAVANAS.

The Big Bonanza is Headquarters for Cuesta, Ballard & Co.'s Unequaled Cigars.

The Big Bonanza cigar store, 17 Peachtree street, makes a specialty of "La Corona," 10-cent, and "Key West Superiors," 5-cent cigars. These goods are unexcelled for their respective prices, and the goods contained in them is absolutely pure Havana. Genuine Cuesta, Ballard & Co.'s cigars have their name marked in the lid and in the back of the box. A complete outfit of pipe, chewing and smoking tobacco worth your attention. A. G. Ballard, manager.

febl7 sun tu thur

For Rent or Sale.

One of the best pieces of residence property in Atlanta, fronting 107 feet on Peeples street, West End, and having a depth of 425 feet. Is within three doors of the Gordon street electric car line. Property is improved with a four-room residence.

Will sell at reasonable terms or will rent for six months or more at a bergin of for six months or more at a bargain, as party owning it will be out of the

Apply to George J. Dallas, real estate agent, Broad street, near Alabama, for urther information. mch 6 1-w PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shader rurniture and room moulding. 49 Marietts street. Send for samples.

The Florida limited by Central railroad and Plant system, leaving Atlanta at 6:55 o'clock p. m. is the only train connecting with Plant steamships for Havana. Ship trains for Port Tampa leave Tampa May

LADD'S LIME.

LADD'S LIME.

I hereby announce that Plane & Field, whose office and warehouse is located on the Central railroad, opposite West Alabama street, this city, have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Ladd's lime in Atlanta. Their telephone is 354.

A. L. KONTZ, Receiver.

Atlanta, Ga., February 26, 1895. feb26 im

Problematic. Dick-Billy, have you had the grip? Billy-No, but all my creditors have got



Dunlap's Spring Hats.

Latest blocks, of course. All well-dressed men will want to see the new weights, widths, heights, curls, curves and tilts of brim and crown. Dunlap was never before so far ahead of the procession. Other Derbies may claim points, but none can approach Dunlap's for style, gracefulness and becomingness. . . WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR ATLANTA



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S. MAIER & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Jew elers, 8 Marietta Street.

Established 1885.

B. Maier, Executor.

CHEAP! CHEAPER! CHEAPEST! Trunks, Valises and Satchels, ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY,

92 and 94 Whitehall Street. RELIABLE PRICES! RELIABLE GOODS! A 28-inch Canvas Trunk.....\$3.50 A 36-inch Canvas Trunk.....\$4.50 A 36-inch Zinc Trunk.....\$3.00 A 36-inch Zinc Trunk, full tray.....\$3.50









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Other goods in proportion. L. LIEBERMAN. Cut..

The aristocracy of crystal; flawless, elegant. Every luxury you dream of with a quarter or such a matter clipped off the price. Cut Glass is high beyond its real or artistic value because of limited selling. It'll never grow meanly cheap, but we believe you'll help us to great selling in consideration of the price-help we bring. Today's offering is in the beautiful Chrysanthemum, Diamond, Bernhardt, Strawberry and Greek cuttings-very deep and absolutely flawless. There

Flower Vases,
Oil Bottles,
Ice Cream Saucers,
Olive Dishes,
Tumblers,
Jugs,
Water Bottles,
Celery Trays,
Fruit Dishes,
Cake Dishes,

Dobbs, Wey & Co.,

61 Peachtree St.

SCIPLE SONS NO. 8 LOYD ST. 'PHONE 203.

Does more to improve the appearance of a man than any other

one thing. Years of experience with a new and up-to-date stock

Next to tailoring, a stylish hat adds to your appearance. This

year the styles are new and pretty and our stock largerth an ever

while our price on them, as on all kinds of Gents' Furnishings,

are right at the bottom. Will be glad to have you call in and let

us make you a Suit or sell you a Hat or anything we carry in stock

HIRSCH BROS.,44 Whitehall Street

of goods places us in the lead in doing this kind of work.



Tailoring

Hats.

Wrought Iron Pipe FITTINGS BRASSGOODS

Of every description for Cotton and Woolen Mills, Oil Mills, Saw and Planing Mills, Railroads, Quarries, Machine Shops, etc. Send for list of new and sec ond-hand Machinery.

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Edgewood Avenue and Ivy Street, ATLANTA, GA.

THE ATLANTA TRUST AND BANKING 60

Corner Alabama and Broad Streets, Atlanta, Ga.

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J. CAR ROL PAYNE,
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STATE SAVINGS BANK,

CAPITAL, \$100.000.

Accounts of individuals, firms, corporatio as, and banks received on favorable terms, correspondence solicited.

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Printing ELECTROTYPING The Franklin Printing and Publishing Company. GEO. W. HARRISON, Manager, (State Printer.) ATLANTA, GA. Consult them before placing your orders. The



Will pay for a perfect fitting, well made Suit of Clothes cut to your measure. We show too distinct styles of suitings to select from at this price. We carry a complete line of the best Imported Fabrics that we make up to your order from 25 per cent to 50 per cent cheaper than any other first-class tailoring house. Every garment guaranteed to fit perfectly. All spring goods now ready for inspection. See us before placing your order. Samples and easy rules for self-measurement mailed free on application to any part of the



Leaders in Tailoring, 8 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga,

VOL. XXI

TROOPS ON

Soldlers Establish a

MEGROES SHOW NO

\$5.00 PERTON WHITE SCREWMEN

New Orleans, March 14

and when the military works for the rioters affair, were being all men and bullets.

At first immense crearound, but by persis soon entirely clear ceeded to clear the be called by the s d. Some of the wi

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